

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

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Regulations 1985, No. 13\*

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Regulations under the *Supreme Court Act*

I, ERIC EUGENE JOHNSTON, the Administrator of the Northern Territory of Australia, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulations under the *Supreme Court Act*.

Dated this *24<sup>th</sup>* day of *May*, 1985.

E. E. JOHNSTON

Administrator

By His Honour's Command

M. B. PERRON  
Attorney-General

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SUPREME COURT REGULATIONS

1. CITATION

These Regulations may be cited as the Supreme Court Regulations.

2. DEFINITIONS

In these Regulations, unless the contrary intention appears -

"allocatur" includes an interim allocatur;

"certificate of taxation" includes an interim certificate of taxation;

"taxing officer" has the same meaning as in the Rules.

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\* Notified in the *Northern Territory Government Gazette* on *3* JUL *1985*.



Supreme Court

3. PRESCRIBED FEE FOR TAXATION OF BILL OF COSTS BY THE TAXING OFFICER

(1) The prescribed fee for the taxing of a bill of costs by the taxing officer is 7.5% of the amount allowed in relation to the bill, whether or not by consent of the parties.

(2) The taxing officer shall, immediately after he has allowed the amount in the bill of costs, specify the fee under sub-regulation (1) and add that fee to the amount allowed in the bill of costs.

(3) Subject to sub-regulation (4), the fee under sub-regulation (1) shall become due and payable by the party whose costs have been allowed, where -

(a) a certificate of taxation or allocatur is submitted to the taxing officer for his signature - immediately after the taxing officer has signed the certificate of taxation or allocatur; or

(b) no certificate of taxation or allocatur is submitted to the taxing officer for his signature - immediately after the expiration of 28 days after the taxing officer has allowed the amount in the bill of costs.

(4) Where, under the Rules, a party in relation to a taxing of a bill of costs -

(a) applies to the taxing officer for a review of the amount allowed by the taxing officer in the bill of costs; or

(b) applies to a Court or a Judge at Chambers for an order to review the amount allowed by the taxing officer in the bill of costs,

the fee under sub-regulation (1) shall not be due and payable until the expiration of 14 days after the determination of the application.

(5) A party referred to in sub-regulation (3) who has paid the fee under sub-regulation (1) may recover the fee from the party liable for the payment of the bill of costs and that fee shall become due and payable by the party so liable immediately after the fee under sub-regulation (1) has been paid.