

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT (ELECTORAL) REGULATIONS

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NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Regulations 1986, No. 39*

Regulations under the *Local Government Act*

I, ERIC EUGENE JOHNSTON, the Administrator of the Northern Territory of Australia, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulations under the *Local Government Act*.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1986.

E. E. JOHNSTON

Administrator

By His Honour's Command

D. F. DALE

Minister for Community Development

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (ELECTORAL) REGULATIONS

PART I - PRELIMINARY

1. SHORT TITLE

These Regulations may be cited as the Local Government (Electoral) Regulations.

2. INTERPRETATION

(1) In these Regulations, unless the contrary intention appears -

"assistant officer" means a person appointed as an assistant officer under regulation 29(3)(b) or appointed under regulation 29(5) to act as an assistant officer ;

* Notified in the *Northern Territory Government Gazette* on 11 OCT 1986.

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"assistant returning officer" means a person appointed as an assistant returning officer under regulation 4(1);

"authorized witness" means a person who is enrolled, or is entitled to be enrolled, as a Commonwealth, Territory or State elector and, in relation to -

(a) an application for a postal ballot-paper signed; or

(b) a vote on a postal ballot-paper recorded, outside the Commonwealth, also includes a person who is -

(c) an officer of the naval, military or air forces of the Commonwealth or a member of an Australian Embassy or a Trade Commissioner or Assistant Trade Commissioner within the meaning of the *Trade Commissioners Act 1933* of the Commonwealth; or

(d) a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner for Oaths, Commissioner for Affidavits, Commissioner for Declarations, or Notary Public, appointed under a law of the Commonwealth or a State or another Territory of the Commonwealth;

"ballot-box" means a ballot box constructed and fitted as prescribed in regulation 25 of the Electoral Regulations;

"ballot-paper" includes a postal ballot-paper;

"candidate's representative" means -

(a) for the purposes of Part VI - a person appointed under regulation 34(1); and

(b) for the purposes of Part VII - a person appointed under regulation 56(1);

"certified list of voters" means a list referred to in regulation 29(4);

"elector" means a person whose name is on a roll;

"enrolled", in relation to a person, means that the person's name is on a roll;

"hours of polling" means from 8 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day;

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"nomination", in relation to an election, means nomination in accordance with section 52 of the Act;

"nominee" means a person who has been nominated in accordance with Part IV;

"officer" means a returning officer, assistant returning officer, presiding officer or an assistant officer;

"polling day" means the day as determined under the Act for the holding of an election;

"polling place" means a place appointed as a polling place under regulation 29(1) and includes the area adjacent to a polling place designated by a notice erected by the presiding officer, during the period that the notice is displayed;

"presiding officer" means a person appointed as a presiding officer of a polling place under regulation 29(3)(a);

"prisoner" means a person who has been convicted of and is presently under sentence for an offence other than an offence against section 24, 24AA, 24AB, 24C, 24D, 26 or 27 of the *Crimes Act 1914* of the Commonwealth;

"roll" means a roll of electors kept under section 49 of the Act.

(2) A ballot-paper is informal for the purposes of these Regulations if it -

(a) is not initialled by an officer and is not a ballot-paper printed by the Government Printer for the purposes of these Regulations;

(b) has no vote indicated on it or it does not indicate the elector's first preference for one candidate and his other preferences for all the remaining candidates except -

(i) where the voter has indicated his first preference for one candidate and his other preferences for all the remaining candidates except one and the square opposite the name of that candidate has been left blank, it shall be deemed that the voter's preference for that candidate is his last and that accordingly he has indicated the order of his preference for all the candidates; or

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- (ii) where there are 2 candidates only and the voter has indicated his vote by placing the figure "1" in the square opposite the name of one candidate and has left the other square blank, the voter shall be deemed to have indicated the order of his preference for both the candidates; or
- (c) has on it any mark or writing by which, in the opinion of the returning officer, the voter can be identified.

3. FORMS

In these Regulations, a reference to a form by number is a reference to a form so numbered in Schedule 1.

PART II - ADMINISTRATION

4. ASSISTANT RETURNING OFFICER

(1) A returning officer may appoint a person to be an assistant returning officer for a municipality or ward or a portion of a municipality or ward.

(2) An assistant returning officer may, subject to the directions of the returning officer, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the returning officer in relation to the municipality or ward, or portion of a municipality or ward, for which the assistant returning officer is appointed.

5. OFFICER BECOMING CANDIDATE

(1) An officer vacates his office if he becomes a candidate.

(2) No candidate or spouse (including a de facto spouse) of a candidate shall be appointed an officer.

(3) No infant shall be appointed an officer.

PART III - ROLLS

6. FORM OF ROLLS

For the purposes of section 49 of the Act, the prescribed manner and form is that specified in section 21 of the *Electoral Act*.

7. PREPARATION OF ROLLS

The Chief Electoral Officer shall prepare a new roll for a municipality or a ward whenever necessary in order to allow the conduct of an election.

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8. PRINTING OF ROLLS

The Chief Electoral Officer shall arrange for the roll for a municipality or a ward to be printed -

- (a) immediately after the close of business on the last Friday in March in each leap year; or
- (b) whenever necessary in order to allow the conduct of a by-election.

9. AVAILABILITY OF ROLLS

Copies of a roll prepared under regulation 7 -

- (a) shall be open for public inspection, without fee, at the office of the returning officer; and
- (b) may be obtained from that office and such other place in the municipality as the returning officer may appoint, on payment of a fee as determined by the council or the returning officer.

10. CLOSING OF ROLLS

The Chief Electoral Officer shall, for the purposes of an election, close the roll at 6 o'clock in the afternoon of -

- (a) in the case of an election under section 44 of the Act - the day the Minister, in pursuance of section 44(1) of the Act, appoints a person as returning officer for that municipality;
- (b) in the case of an election under section 45 of the Act - the last Friday in March during each leap year; and
- (c) in the case of a by-election - the day on which the returning officer publishes a notice, or the first of such notices, under regulation 11.

PART IV - NOMINATIONS

11. PUBLIC NOTICE OF NOMINATIONS

(1) A returning officer shall invite nominations for an election by giving public notice and shall, in respect of a by-election, invite nominations by publishing a notice in a newspaper circulating in the municipality not earlier than 7 days following the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of a member and not later than 21 days after the occurrence of that vacancy.

(2) A returning officer shall, in respect of a notice published under subregulation (1), specify in the notice, or where more than one notice is published, in the

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last notice so published, that the notice is, for the purposes of section 51(b), the last publication of the notice inviting nominations for the election.

12. MODE OF NOMINATION

(1) Nominations shall be called for the position of -

(a) mayor to be elected from the whole of a municipality; and

(b) alderman for -

(i) each ward, where a municipality is divided into wards; and

(ii) the whole of a municipality, where the municipality is not divided into wards.

(2) A nomination shall -

(a) be in accordance with Form 1;

(b) set out the name and the place of residence of the nominee;

(c) be signed by not less than 3 persons, other than the nominee, entitled to vote at the election for which the nominee is nominating;

(d) contain a statement that the nominee consents to act as a member for the municipality if elected;

(e) contain a declaration that the nominee is qualified, in accordance with section 15 of the Act, to hold office as a member for the municipality;

(f) be accompanied by a photograph of the nominee which shall -

(i) be a black and white, full faced, vertical portrait photograph of the nominee's head and shoulders;

(ii) subject to subregulation (3), be not less than 12.75 centimetres in length by 8.75 centimetres in width;

(iii) have been taken within 6 months before the date of the lodging of his nomination; and

(iv) have endorsed on its reverse side the full name of the nominee and a statement signed by him certifying that the photograph was taken within the period referred to in subparagraph (iii);

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(g) be accompanied by the amount of \$100 or a banker's cheque for that amount; and

(h) be signed by the nominee.

(3) For the purposes of subregulation (2)(f), a returning officer may, in his discretion, accept a photograph of a nominee which does not comply with the requirements set out in that subregulation.

(4) Where a municipality is divided into wards and a person is nominated for the office of alderman in more than one ward, all his nominations for the office of alderman are invalid unless he lodges with the returning officer before 12 noon on nomination day a written withdrawal of his consent to all his nominations for the office of alderman except one.

13. DEPOSIT TO BE RETURNED IN CERTAIN CASES

(1) After an election for the office of mayor, and subject to these Regulations, the amount of \$100 referred to in regulation 12(2)(g) shall be returned to a candidate or to some person authorized by him in writing to receive it, where -

(a) the candidate is returned as elected; or

(b) the total number of votes polled in the candidate's favour as first preference votes is more than one-fifth of the total number of the first preference votes polled by the candidate returned as elected to the office of mayor,

otherwise it shall be forfeited to the council.

(2) After an election for the office of alderman, and subject to these Regulations, the amount of \$100 referred to in regulation 12(2)(g) shall be returned to a candidate or to some person authorized by him in writing to receive it, where -

(a) the candidate is returned as elected; or

(b) the total number of votes polled in the candidate's favour as first preference votes is more than one-fifth of the total number of the first preference votes polled by the candidate returned as elected first in the election,

otherwise it shall be forfeited to the council.

14. WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT

(1) A nominee may withdraw his consent referred to in regulation 12(2)(d) by lodging a notice of withdrawal of consent in accordance with Form 2 with the returning officer before 12 noon on nomination day.

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(2) The amount of \$100 referred to in regulation 12(2)(g) shall be returned to a nominee who withdraws his consent under subregulation (1).

15. DECLARATION OF NOMINATION

The returning officer shall, at his office, at 12 noon on nomination day, publicly produce all nomination forms lodged with him, other than the form of a nominee who has withdrawn his consent in accordance with regulation 14(1), and declare the names and addresses of all candidates nominated.

16. DECLARATION OF CANDIDATES

Where, under regulation 15, the number of candidates nominated is not greater than the number of offices required to be filled, the returning officer shall declare those candidates duly elected to the offices for which they respectively nominated, with effect on and from that date.

17. FAILURE OF ELECTION

(1) An election shall fail where -

- (a) no nomination is declared under regulation 15;
- (b) a candidate in the election dies before polling day; or
- (c) no candidate in the election is returned as elected.

(2) Where an election fails, the amount of \$100 referred to in regulation 12(2)(g) lodged by a candidate shall be returned -

- (a) to the candidate or to some person authorized by him in writing to receive it; or
- (b) in the case of a candidate who died before polling day - his personal representative.

18. NEW DATE FOR FAILED ELECTION

(1) Where, in accordance with regulation 17, an election fails, a new election shall be held and the provisions of the Act and these Regulations relating to by-elections shall apply accordingly and for the purposes of regulation 11 the date on which the failed election was to be held shall be deemed to be the date on which the vacancy of the member occurred.

(2) For the purposes of an election held under subregulation (1), the roll shall be the roll prepared for the election which failed.

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PART V - VOTING BY POST

19. APPLICATION FOR POSTAL BALLOT-PAPER

- (1) An elector who -
 - (a) will not, throughout the hours of polling, be within the municipality or within 20 kilometres of a polling place;
 - (b) will, throughout the hours of polling, be travelling under such conditions as will preclude him from voting at a polling place;
 - (c) will, by reason of illness, infirmity or approaching maternity, be precluded from attending at a polling place;
 - (d) is, by reason of membership of a religious order or his religious beliefs, precluded from attending -
 - (i) at a polling place; or
 - (ii) a polling place throughout the hours of polling or throughout the greater part of those hours; or
 - (e) will not, by reason of being a prisoner, be able to attend at a polling place,

may apply for a postal ballot-paper.

- (2) An application for a postal ballot-paper shall -
 - (a) be in accordance with Form 3;
 - (b) contain a declaration by the applicant setting out the grounds on which he applies for a postal ballot-paper;
 - (c) be signed by the applicant in the presence of an authorized witness; and
 - (d) be lodged with a returning officer.

(3) No person shall sign as applicant an application for a postal ballot-paper which contains a false statement.

Penalty: \$1,000.

(4) No person shall unlawfully induce or persuade an elector to make an application for a postal ballot-paper.

Penalty: \$1,000.

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(5) No person to whom an envelope containing or purporting to contain an application for a postal ballot-paper is entrusted by an elector for the purpose of posting or delivery to a returning officer shall fail to post or deliver the envelope forthwith.

Penalty: \$1,000.

20. DUTY OF WITNESSES

A person shall not witness an application by an elector for a postal ballot-paper unless he -

- (a) has satisfied himself as to the identity of the applicant;
- (b) has seen the applicant sign the application; and
- (c) is satisfied that the statements contained in the application are true.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

21. ISSUE OF POSTAL BALLOT-PAPERS

(1) Where a returning officer who receives a completed application for a postal ballot-paper made in accordance with this Part is satisfied that the application is properly signed by the applicant and is properly witnessed, he shall deliver or post to the elector making the application -

- (a) a postal vote certificate in accordance with Form 4 printed on an envelope addressed to the returning officer for the municipality for which the applicant declares that he is enrolled; and
- (b) postal ballot-papers in accordance with Form 5.

(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to an application for a postal ballot-paper received by a returning officer after 6 o'clock in the evening on the day before polling day.

(3) Where an elector's place of residence, as it appears on the roll for the municipality or ward for which he is enrolled, is not within 20 kilometres, by the shortest practicable route, of a polling place for that municipality or ward, the elector may make an application in writing to the returning officer to be registered as a postal voter.

(4) Subject to subregulation (5), where a returning officer receives an application under subregulation (3), he shall, as soon as practicable after nomination day in respect of an election in the municipality or ward, deliver or post, or cause to be delivered or posted, to the applicant -

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- (a) one postal vote certificate in accordance with Form 4 printed on an envelope addressed to the returning officer; and
- (b) one postal ballot-paper in accordance with Form 5.

(5) Where, after the receipt under subregulation (4) of an application under subregulation (3), but before the returning officer has complied with the requirements of that first-mentioned subregulation in respect of the application, a place is specified under regulation 29(1) for the purposes of an election and such place is -

- (a) in the municipality or ward for which the applicant making that application is enrolled; and
- (b) not further than 20 kilometres, by the shortest practicable route, from the place of residence of the applicant, as it appears on the roll,

the returning officer shall not, in respect of that application, comply with the requirements of subregulation (4), but shall deliver or post, or cause to be delivered or posted, to that applicant a notice -

- (c) setting out such details as the returning officer thinks fit in respect of the place so specified; and
- (d) informing that applicant that, for the purposes of the election to which the place so specified relates, he is not entitled under this regulation to vote by post.

22. POSSESSION OF APPLICATIONS

(1) All applications for postal ballot-papers received by a returning officer shall be endorsed by him with the date of the issue of the postal vote certificate and postal ballot-paper and shall -

- (a) where they relate to the municipality for which he is the returning officer - be kept by him; or
- (b) where they relate to another municipality - be sent by him, as soon as is practicable, to the returning officer for that other municipality.

(2) A returning officer shall make available for public inspection at his office, at all convenient times during office hours, all applications for postal ballot-papers relating to the municipality for which he is the returning officer, for 14 days from and including the third day after polling day.

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23. NUMBERING OF APPLICATIONS

A returning officer shall -

- (a) number in consecutive order all applications for postal ballot-papers received by him;
- (b) number each postal vote certificate issued by him with the number corresponding to the number on the application for the postal ballot-paper accompanying the certificate; and
- (c) place his initials on the back of all postal ballot-papers issued by him in a position which allows the initials to be easily seen when the ballot-paper is folded so as to conceal any vote on that paper.

24. RETURNING OFFICER TO NOTIFY ISSUE OF POSTAL BALLOT-PAPERS

The returning officer for the municipality in respect of which a postal vote certificate and postal ballot-paper have been issued shall -

- (a) mark a certified list of voters to that effect; and
- (b) if practicable, advise all presiding officers in the municipality or ward for which he is the returning officer to whom a certified list of voters has been furnished that a postal vote certificate and a postal ballot-paper have been issued to the elector.

25. DIRECTIONS FOR POSTAL VOTING

(1) Postal voting shall be carried out substantially in accordance with this regulation.

(2) A postal vote may be cast at any time before 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day.

(3) A postal ballot-paper shall be excluded from the determination of the results of a poll where it is -

- (a) not posted or delivered to a returning officer or delivered to a presiding officer before 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day; or
- (b) received by the returning officer after 6 o'clock in the evening of the Friday next following polling day.

(4) A postal ballot-paper on which a vote was marked after 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day shall be excluded from the determination of the results of a poll.

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(5) In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the time and date appearing in the postal vote certificate of an elector shall be taken as the time and date on which the elector's vote was marked.

(6) An elector shall show his postal ballot-paper (unmarked) and postal vote certificate to an authorized witness.

(7) An elector shall, in the presence of an authorized witness, sign his name on the postal vote certificate.

(8) An authorized witness shall sign his name on the postal vote certificate and shall add the title under which he acts as an authorized witness and the date and time.

(9) Subject to this regulation, an elector shall, in the presence of an authorized witness but so that the authorized witness cannot see the vote -

- (a) mark his vote on the postal ballot-paper in accordance with these Regulations; and
- (b) fold the postal ballot-paper and place it in the envelope which bears the postal vote certificate and seal that envelope.

(10) Where an elector is so physically incapacitated that he is unable to mark his vote on the postal ballot-paper without assistance or is illiterate, an authorized witness shall -

- (a) mark the elector's postal ballot-paper in accordance with the instructions of the elector; and
- (b) fold the postal ballot-paper and place it in the envelope which bears the postal vote certificate and seal that envelope.

(11) Regulation 45(2) to (5) inclusive, with such alterations as the circumstances may require, apply to and in relation to an elector to whom subregulation (10) applies as if a reference in that regulation to an officer or presiding officer were a reference to the authorized witness referred to in subregulation (10) and a reference in that regulation to a ballot-paper were a reference to a postal ballot-paper.

(12) An elector shall, as soon as practicable after complying with subregulation (9) or (10), and before the close of polling, cause the envelope referred to in that regulation to be posted or delivered to a returning officer or to be delivered to a presiding officer and the returning officer or the presiding officer shall deal with the envelope in accordance with these Regulations.

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(13) A person to whom an envelope containing or purporting to contain a postal ballot-paper is entrusted by an elector for the purpose of posting or delivering it to a returning officer or delivery to a presiding officer shall not fail to post or deliver the envelope forthwith.

Penalty: \$1,000.

(14) A returning officer who receives an envelope which bears a postal vote certificate for a municipality other than the municipality for which he is appointed, shall -

- (a) note on it the time of the receipt of the envelope;
- (b) immediately notify the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the postal ballot-paper was issued of the receipt of that envelope; and
- (c) as soon as practicable, send that envelope to the returning officer referred to in paragraph (b).

(15) A presiding officer who receives an envelope which bears a postal vote certificate shall, immediately on receiving it, write his name, the location of the polling place to which he is appointed and the date and time of its receipt on the envelope and -

- (a) make and sign a record of the name of the elector and the name of the municipality appearing on the postal vote certificate;
- (b) deposit the envelope in a ballot-box in the polling place to which he is appointed; and
- (c) forward the record referred to in paragraph (a) to the returning officer for the municipality in which the polling place to which the presiding officer is appointed is situated.

26. VOTING ON POSTAL BALLOT-PAPERS

- (1) No person other than -
 - (a) an elector to whom a postal ballot-paper has been issued; or
 - (b) a person acting in pursuance of regulation 25(10),

shall mark a vote on a postal ballot-paper.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

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(2) No person, other than the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which a postal ballot-paper has been issued, shall open an envelope in which a postal ballot-paper has been placed pursuant to regulation 25(9) or (10).

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(3) No person shall receive or take possession of a postal ballot-paper otherwise than in accordance with these Regulations.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

27. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

An authorized witness shall not disclose to a person anything relating to the vote of an elector voting by post.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

28. POSTAL BALLOT-BOX

Subject to regulation 59, a returning officer shall keep a locked and sealed ballot-box with the words "Postal Ballot-box" marked thereon and shall place and keep therein, until the determination of the results of the poll, all envelopes containing postal ballot-papers relating to his municipality received by him up to the time prescribed in regulation 25 for the receipt of those ballot-papers.

PART VI - POLLING

29. RETURNING OFFICER TO APPOINT POLLING PLACES, &c.

(1) A returning officer may, by notice in writing, appoint such places as he thinks fit to be polling places for a municipality or ward.

(2) A returning officer shall take such steps as he considers necessary or convenient to give public notice of the location of polling places appointed under sub-regulation(1).

(3) A returning officer shall for the municipality for which he is appointed make all necessary arrangements for the conduct of an election and, in particular, shall appoint -

- (a) a presiding officer to preside at each polling place; and
- (b) such assistant officers as he thinks fit for a polling place.

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(4) A returning officer shall supply a list of electors enrolled in a municipality or ward, certified under his hand, to all presiding officers appointed for polling places in the municipality or ward.

(5) A presiding officer may appoint a person to act as an assistant officer on polling day where it is necessary, in his opinion, for the conduct of polling at the polling place for which the presiding officer is appointed.

(6) A presiding officer may appoint a substitute to perform his duties during his temporary absence and such substitute may, while so acting, exercise all the powers of the presiding officer and shall, in the exercise of those powers, be deemed to be the presiding officer.

(7) An assistant officer may, subject to the direction of the presiding officer, exercise all or any of the powers of the presiding officer and shall, in respect of the exercise of those powers, be deemed to be the presiding officer.

30. LICENSED PREMISES NOT TO BE USED

No part of premises licensed within the meaning of the *Liquor Act* shall be used for the purposes of a polling place.

31. SEPARATE VOTING COMPARTMENTS

(1) A polling place shall have separate polling booths constructed so as to screen a voter from observation while he marks his ballot-paper.

(2) No person, other than an officer, shall exhibit in a polling booth a card or paper having on it any directions or instructions with respect to voting.

Penalty: \$1,000.

32. BALLOT-BOXES

A polling place shall be provided with such ballot-boxes as the returning officer thinks fit.

33. BALLOT-PAPERS

Ballot-papers -

(a) other than postal ballot-papers, shall be in accordance with Form 6;

(b) shall show the names of the candidates for the municipality or ward for which the ballot-paper is to be used -

(i) in alphabetical order according to their surnames;

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- (ii) where there are 2 or more candidates of the same surname - in alphabetical order according to the given names of those candidates;
 - (iii) where there are 2 or more candidates with the same surname and given names - in alphabetical order according to the places of residence of those candidates which shall be so arranged and stated on the ballot-paper; and
 - (iv) where the names of 2 or more candidates are, in the opinion of the returning officer, so similar that confusion may be caused - with such description or addition to the names of the candidates as will distinguish one from the other; and
- (c) other than in respect of a ballot-paper referred to in regulation 46(3), have a photograph of each candidate opposite his name on the ballot-paper.

34. CANDIDATE'S REPRESENTATIVES AT POLLING

(1) A candidate may appoint such persons as he thinks fit to be his representatives at each polling place in the municipality or ward for which he is a candidate.

(2) During the hours of polling, not more than one candidate's representative per candidate shall enter or remain in a polling place at any one time.

(3) An appointment under subregulation (1) shall be made by notice in writing or by telegram -

- (a) addressed to the returning officer for the municipality for which the election is to be held or the presiding officer of the polling place for which the candidate's representative is appointed;
- (b) signed by the candidate or bearing his name; and
- (c) stating the name and address of the candidate's representative.

35. PERSONS PRESENT AT POLLING

No person other than -

- (a) an officer;
- (b) subject to regulation 34(2), a candidate's representative; or
- (c) an elector voting or about to vote,

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shall enter or remain in a polling place except by permission of the presiding officer of that polling place.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

36. POLLING

(1) Subject to these Regulations, polling at a polling place shall be conducted in such manner as the returning officer may determine.

(2) The presiding officer of a polling place shall -

(a) before any vote is taken, exhibit the ballot-box empty and shall then securely fasten its cover; and

(b) subject to subregulation (3), at the close of polling, in the presence of any candidates' representatives who may be in attendance, publicly close, fasten, seal and take charge of the ballot-box, and with the least possible delay forward it for the purposes of the determination of the results of the poll,

and the ballot-box shall on no account be opened except in accordance with these Regulations.

(3) Where the determination of the results of a poll is proceeded with immediately after the close of polling at the polling place at which the votes are taken, it shall not be necessary for the presiding officer to publicly close, fasten or seal the ballot-box as required by subregulation (2)(b).

37. PERSON MAY VOTE ONLY ONCE

Subject to these Regulations, a person shall not vote more than once at an election.

Penalty: \$1,000.

38. NAME TO BE ON ROLL

Subject to this Part, an officer shall not issue a ballot-paper to a person unless the person's name appears on the roll for the municipality or ward for which that person wishes to vote.

39. PERSONS CLAIMING TO VOTE TO GIVE NAMES AND OTHER PARTICULARS

(1) Subject to this Part, an officer shall issue a ballot-paper to a person where the person -

(a) states his full name and such other particulars as may be necessary to identify the person as a person whose name appears on a roll; and

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(b) has answered the following questions in the absolute affirmative:

- (i) "Is this the first time you have voted either here or elsewhere in this election?"; and
- (ii) "Was your real place of living at any time within the last 3 months within the municipality or ward of (here state the name of the municipality or ward in which the elector claims to be enrolled)?".

(2) An officer may, and at the request of a candidate's representative shall, put all or any of the following questions, in addition to the questions referred to in subregulation (1), to a person who claims to vote under regulation 46(1) before issuing a ballot-paper to that person:

- (a) "Are you of the age of 18 years or more?";
- (b) "Are you an Australian citizen?"; and
- (c) "Are you qualified to vote?",

and, where the person answers the question specified in paragraph (b) in the negative -

- (d) "Were you a British subject who was enrolled as a Commonwealth, Territory or State elector on (here state the date immediately before the prescribed date)?".

(3) No person shall fail to truthfully answer all questions put to him under this Part.

Penalty: \$500.

(4) Subject to this regulation, a ballot-paper shall be issued under this Part only -

- (a) between the hours of 8 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day; or
- (b) to an elector who is in a polling place at 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day and is desiring to vote.

40. WITHHOLDING BALLOT-PAPER

A presiding officer shall refuse to issue a ballot-paper to a person required to answer a question put to him under regulation 39 who refuses to answer the question or fails to answer it (other than one put under regulation 39(2)(b)) in the affirmative.

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41. RECORD OF OBJECTIONS

A presiding officer shall keep a record of an objection by a candidate's representative to the issue of a ballot-paper to a person.

42. BALLOT-PAPERS TO BE INITIALLED

(1) An officer shall not issue a ballot-paper to a person unless he has first placed his initials on the back of the ballot-paper in such a position as to be capable of being easily seen when the ballot-paper is folded so as to conceal the names of the candidates printed on it.

(2) An officer shall keep a record of the number of initialled ballot-papers issued by him.

(3) An officer shall, immediately on issuing a ballot-paper to a person whose name is on a certified list of voters, place a mark against that person's name on that list.

43. VOTE TO BE MARKED IN PRIVATE

Subject to regulation 45, a person who has been issued with a ballot-paper shall, without delay -

- (a) retire alone to an unoccupied polling booth and there mark his vote on the ballot-paper in accordance with these Regulations;
- (b) having complied with paragraph (a), fold the ballot-paper so as to conceal his vote and clearly show the initials of an officer referred to in regulation 42(1);
- (c) exhibit the ballot-paper folded in accordance with paragraph (b) to an officer; and
- (d) openly, and without unfolding the ballot-paper, deposit it in a ballot-box.

44. INCORRECT DETAILS IN ROLL

(1) A claim to vote at a polling place shall not be rejected by reason only of the omission from the roll or a certified list of voters of the given name of a person or the entry of a wrong given name, address, occupation or spelling of a surname where, in the opinion of the presiding officer, the voter is sufficiently identified.

(2) No female voter shall be disqualified from voting under the name appearing on the roll by reason only of her surname having changed by marriage.

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45. ASSISTANCE OF CERTAIN PERSONS

(1) Where a voter satisfies a presiding officer that he is so physically incapacitated that he is unable to vote without assistance or is illiterate, the presiding officer shall, or shall direct an officer to -

- (a) enter an unoccupied polling booth with the voter;
- (b) mark the voter's ballot-paper in accordance with the instructions of the voter; and
- (c) fold the voter's ballot-paper and deposit it in a ballot-box.

(2) Where a presiding officer is satisfied that the physical incapacity or illiteracy of a voter is such as will not enable the voter to -

- (a) communicate his instructions for marking his ballot-paper to the presiding officer or an officer under subregulation (1); or
- (b) verify that his ballot-paper will be marked in accordance with his instructions,

the presiding officer may permit a person appointed by the voter to -

- (c) assist the voter in accomplishing the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b); and
- (d) be present while the ballot-paper of the voter is marked, folded and deposited in accordance with subregulation (1).

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, it shall be a sufficient indication of a voter's instructions where the voter or the person appointed by the voter under subregulation (2) presents to an officer referred to in subregulation (1) a piece of paper or card, whether or not a recognizable how-to-vote card, containing a list of names of all candidates and indicating an order of preference for them, and that officer is satisfied that the piece of paper or card reflects the wishes of the voter.

(4) An officer who -

- (a) pursuant to this regulation is required to mark the ballot-paper of a voter; and
- (b) marks the ballot-paper of the voter otherwise than in accordance with instructions given by the voter or, in a case where subregulation (2) applies, by a person appointed by the voter,

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is be guilty of an offence.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(5) A person, appointed under subregulation (2) by a voter, who causes the ballot-paper of the voter to be marked by an officer, otherwise than in accordance with the instructions of the voter, is guilty of an offence.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(6) A candidate's representative, or a person appointed under subregulation (2) by a voter, shall not disclose to any person anything relating to the vote of a person voting under this regulation.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(7) Nothing in these Regulations shall prevent a candidate's representative from being present, if he so desires, while the ballot-paper of a voter is marked, folded and deposited in accordance with this regulation.

46. VOTE OF UNLISTED PERSONS

(1) A presiding officer may, subject to these Regulations, issue a ballot-paper to a person whose name is not on the certified list of voters for a municipality or ward for which the polling place is appointed, where the person makes a declaration in accordance with Form 7 that -

- (a) he has complied with Part V of the *Electoral Act* or Part VI of the *Northern Territory Electoral Regulations* from time to time in force under the *Northern Territory Representation Act 1922* of the Commonwealth and the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* of the Commonwealth and, in accordance with section 47 of the Act, he is entitled to be enrolled for, and to vote at, the election in the municipality or ward;
- (b) to the best of his knowledge, no objection has been upheld in relation to the inclusion of his name on a roll;
- (c) he is not qualified for enrolment in a municipality or ward other than the municipality or ward for which he claims to vote; and
- (d) he has complied with section 27 of the *Electoral Act* prior to the close of the roll for the election for which he claims to vote.

(2) A presiding officer may, subject to these Regulations, issue a ballot-paper to a person whose name appears on a certified list of voters marked in accordance

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with regulation 42(3) or who has been issued with a postal ballot-paper where the person makes a declaration in accordance with Form 8 that he has not already voted and surrenders the postal ballot-paper where the person is in possession of a postal ballot-paper.

(3) A presiding officer may, subject to these Regulations, issue a ballot-paper to a person whose name is not on a certified list of voters for a municipality or ward in respect of which the polling place is appointed where that person makes a declaration in accordance with Form 9 that he is enrolled in another municipality or ward and that he has not already voted at the election for that other municipality or ward.

(4) A presiding officer who issues a ballot-paper under this regulation shall -

(a) make and sign a record of -

(i) the name of the person to whom it is issued; and

(ii) the municipality or ward for which the person declares under subregulation (3) he is enrolled; and

(b) forward the record to the returning officer for the municipality in which the polling place to which the presiding officer is appointed is situated.

47. RECORD OF WITHHOLDING BALLOT-PAPER

(1) Where a presiding officer refuses to issue a ballot-paper to a person referred to in regulation 46 who has made the relevant declaration under that regulation, he shall make a written note of the person's request to be issued with a ballot-paper and his reasons for refusing to issue it and sign the note in the presence of such candidate's representatives as are present at the polling place.

(2) A note referred to in subregulation (1) shall be forwarded to the returning officer for the municipality in which the polling place to which the presiding officer is appointed is situated at the close of polling.

48. METHOD OF VOTING

(1) Where a person is issued with a ballot-paper under regulation 46, he shall mark and fold his ballot-paper in the manner prescribed in regulation 43(a) and (b) and return it so folded to the presiding officer for the polling place.

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(2) A presiding officer who receives a ballot-paper in accordance with subregulation (1) shall, in the presence of the person who marked and folded the ballot-paper and of such candidate's representatives as are present, and without unfolding the ballot-paper, enclose it in an envelope bearing the declaration of the person referred to in regulation 46 (1), (2) or (3), as the case may be, and addressed to the returning officer for the municipality for which the person claims to be entitled to vote, and shall forthwith securely fasten the envelope and deposit it in a ballot-box.

(3) A person who is authorized to open a ballot-box shall, without opening the envelope referred to in subregulation (2), transmit it to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the person referred to in subregulation (1) claims that he is entitled to vote.

49. SPOILT BALLOT-PAPERS

(1) Where a person who has been issued with a ballot-paper satisfies the presiding officer of a polling place that the ballot-paper has been spoilt by mistake or accident, the presiding officer may, on receiving the spoilt ballot-paper, cancel the spoilt ballot-paper and issue to that person another ballot-paper.

(2) A presiding officer who cancels a spoilt ballot-paper under subregulation (1) shall write the word "spoilt" across the face of the paper, place it in an endorsed envelope and, after the close of polling, forward it to the returning officer.

50. ADJOURNMENT OF POLLING

(1) A presiding officer of a polling place may adjourn polling at that place from day to day where the polling is interrupted by -

- (a) riot or open violence; or
- (b) fire, storm, tempest, flood or a similar occurrence,

and shall take such steps as he considers necessary or convenient to give public notice of any such adjournment as soon as is practicable.

(2) A returning officer may adjourn polling at a polling place for a period not exceeding 21 days where, from any cause, the polling place is not open, and shall take such steps as he considers necessary or convenient to give public notice of that adjournment as soon as is practicable.

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(3) Where polling at an election is adjourned in accordance with subregulation (1) or (2), those persons only who, in accordance with the Act and these Regulations, are entitled to vote in that election and who have not already voted, shall be entitled to vote at the adjourned polling.

51. MARKING OF BALLOT-PAPERS

(1) A person issued with a ballot-paper shall -

- (a) place the figure "1" in the square on the ballot-paper opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes as his first preference; and
- (b) place consecutively increasing numbers in the squares opposite the names of the other candidates appearing on the ballot-paper in the order of his preference until a number is placed against the names of all candidates appearing on the ballot-paper.

(2) Subject to these Regulations, no person shall mark a vote on a ballot-paper other than a ballot-paper issued to that person.

Penalty: \$500.

52. OFFENCES WITH RESPECT TO ELECTIONS

(1) No person shall falsely impersonate a person to secure a ballot-paper to which the impersonator is not entitled.

Penalty: \$500.

(2) Subject to these Regulations, no person shall willfully destroy or deface a nomination paper or ballot-paper.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(3) No person shall fraudulently put a ballot-paper or other paper into a ballot-box.

Penalty: \$500.

(4) No person shall fraudulently take a ballot-paper out of a polling place or a place at which the results of a poll are being determined.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(5) Subject to these Regulations, no person shall willfully take a ballot-paper out of a polling place.

Penalty: \$200.

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(6) No person shall in a polling place misconduct himself or fail to obey the lawful directions of the presiding officer.

Penalty: \$200.

(7) No person shall supply ballot-papers without authority.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(8) No person shall unlawfully destroy, take or otherwise interfere with, a ballot-box or a ballot-paper contained in a ballot-box.

Penalty: Imprisonment for 6 months.

(9) Subject to these Regulations, no person shall wear or display an emblem, poster, representation or other identification of a candidate or a political party in a polling place.

Penalty: \$200.

(10) No person, other than an officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll, shall open a ballot-box.

Penalty: Imprisonment for 6 months.

53. EMPLOYEE WISHING TO VOTE

(1) Subject to subregulation (2), where an elector notifies his employer that he desires leave of absence to enable him to vote at an election, the employer shall, if the absence desired is necessary to enable the employee to vote at the election, allow him leave of absence without a penalty or disproportionate deduction of pay for such reasonable period, not exceeding 2 hours, as is necessary to enable the employee to vote at the election.

(2) No employee shall, under pretense that he intends to vote at an election, but without the bona fide intention of so doing, obtain leave of absence under this regulation.

Penalty: \$100.

(3) This regulation does not apply to an elector whose absence may cause danger or substantial loss in respect of the employment in which he is engaged.

PART VII - DETERMINATION OF RESULTS OF POLLING

54. DEFINITION

For the purposes of this Part, "officer" means a returning officer or an assistant returning officer.

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55. DETERMINATION

The results of a poll shall be ascertained in accordance with this Part.

56. CANDIDATE'S REPRESENTATIVE AT DETERMINATION

(1) A candidate may appoint such persons as he thinks fit to be his representatives at a place at which the results of the poll are determined.

(2) Where, at a place referred to in subregulation (1), tables are used for the purposes of counting the ballot-papers in respect of the poll to which the place relates, not more than one candidate's representative per candidate per table shall enter or remain in that place.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(3) An appointment under subregulation (1) shall be made by notice in writing or by telegram -

- (a) addressed to the officer conducting the determination of the results of the poll;
- (b) signed by the candidate or bearing his name; and
- (c) stating the name and address of the candidate's representative.

57. PROCEEDINGS AT DETERMINATION

(1) Candidates' representatives and such other persons who are approved by the officer conducting a determination may be present at the determination of the results of a poll.

(2) Proceedings at a determination of the results of a poll shall be open to inspection by candidates' representatives.

(3) An officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll may adjourn the determination from time to time.

58. CONDUCT OF DETERMINATION

(1) An officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall -

- (a) open the ballot-boxes under his control;
- (b) notwithstanding paragraphs (c) to (f) inclusive, where he is not the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the vote on a ballot-paper contained in an envelope is cast - transmit, unopened, all envelopes containing such ballot-papers received by him to the

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returning officers for the municipality in respect of which the votes on such ballot-papers are cast;

- (c) place all informal ballot-papers in a parcel;
- (d) arrange all formal ballot-papers under the names of the candidates in respect of whom the first preference vote on the papers was cast;
- (e) count the first preference votes given for each candidate on formal ballot-papers;
- (f) make and sign a statement setting out the number of -
 - (i) votes cast as first preference votes for each candidate; and
 - (ii) informal votes;
- (g) where he is not the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the election is being held - transmit the information contained in the statement referred to in paragraph (f) to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the election is being held;
- (h) place all formal ballot-papers referred to in paragraph (d) in separate parcels according to the candidate in respect of whom the first preference vote was cast;
- (j) seal the parcels referred to in paragraphs (c) and (h) and endorse on each parcel a statement of the contents; and
- (k) where he is not the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the election is being held - transmit to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the election is being held, as soon as practicable, all the parcels and statements.

(2) A candidate's representative may sign -

- (a) a statement referred to in subregulation (1)(f); and
- (b) a parcel referred to in subregulation (1)(h).

(3) The returning officer for a municipality in respect of which votes on ballot-papers used for voting under regulation 46 are cast, shall, in accordance with regulation 60, examine, count and deal with those ballot-papers.

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59. CHECKING POSTAL VOTE CERTIFICATES

(1) The returning officer for a municipality in respect of which votes on postal ballot-papers are cast shall, at such times as he considers practicable after the receipt of a postal vote, in the presence of another officer or a person approved by him -

(a) compare the signature of the elector on his postal vote certificate with the signature of the same elector on his application for a postal ballot-paper;

(b) where satisfied that -

(i) the elector's signature on his postal vote certificate is that of the elector who signed the application referred to in paragraph (a);

(ii) the signature purports to be witnessed by an authorized witness; and

(iii) the vote marked on the postal ballot-paper contained in the envelope purports to have been cast before 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day,

he shall -

(iv) place a mark against the name of the elector on a certified list of voters to be used by him for the purposes of the determination of the results of the poll; and

(v) place the envelope unopened in the postal ballot-box referred to in regulation 28; and

(c) if not satisfied of the matters referred to in paragraph (b)(i), (ii), and (iii), mark the unopened envelope with the word "rejected" and place it in the postal ballot-box referred to in regulation 28.

(2) The returning officer for a municipality in respect of which votes on postal ballot-papers are cast shall, at such times as he considers practicable after the close of polling, but not earlier than the time specified in paragraph (a), in the presence of such candidates' representatives as choose to attend and other persons approved by him -

(a) produce unopened all envelopes containing postal ballot-papers received by him not later than 6 o'clock in the evening on the Friday next following polling day;

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- (b) allow candidates' representatives to inspect postal vote certificates marked with the word "rejected" and -
 - (i) exclude the postal ballot-papers contained in those unopened postal vote certificates from the determination of the results of the poll; and
 - (ii) place postal vote certificates, unopened, in a parcel;
- (c) withdraw from each envelope admitted to the determination of the results of the poll, the postal ballot-paper and, without inspecting or unfolding it or allowing any other person to do so, deposit the folded postal ballot-paper in a locked and sealed ballot-box;
- (d) place all envelopes from which postal ballot-papers were withdrawn in accordance with paragraph (c) in a parcel; and
- (e) seal the parcels referred to in paragraphs (b) and (d) and endorse on each parcel a statement of its contents.

60. EXAMINATION OF REGULATION 46 DECLARATIONS

(1) A returning officer for a municipality in respect of which votes on ballot-papers used for voting under regulation 46 are cast shall, after the close of the polling, in the presence of such candidates' representatives as choose to attend and other persons approved by the returning officer -

- (a) produce unopened all envelopes containing ballot-papers;
 - (b) examine each envelope and where satisfied that -
 - (i) the declaration on the envelope is properly signed and attested; and
 - (ii) the person who made the declaration is, in his opinion, entitled to vote in respect of, and, in the case of a person who made a declaration under regulation 46(2) or (3), enrolled for, the municipality in respect of which the returning officer is appointed,
- he shall -

- (iii) place a mark against the name of the person, other than a person who made a declaration under regulation 46(1), on a

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certified list of voters to be used by him for the purposes of the determination of the results of the poll;

- (iv) withdraw from the envelope the ballot-paper and, without inspecting it or unfolding the ballot-paper or allowing any other person to do so, deposit the folded ballot-paper in a locked and sealed ballot-box; and
- (v) place the envelope from which the ballot-paper has been withdrawn in a parcel together with all other envelopes from which ballot-papers have been withdrawn in accordance with subparagraph (iv);
- (c) if not satisfied of the matters referred to in paragraph (b)(i) and (ii), exclude the ballot-paper from the determination of the results of the poll, without opening the envelope in which it is contained;
- (d) place in a parcel the unopened envelopes bearing declarations made under regulation 46 of those persons whose ballot-papers he has excluded from the determination of the results of the poll; and
- (e) seal up the parcels referred to in paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) and endorse on each parcel a statement of its contents.

(2) The returning officer for a municipality in respect of which votes on ballot-papers used for voting under regulation 46 are cast shall not exclude such ballot-paper from the determination of the results of the poll by reason only of the fact that the presiding officer of the polling place where the vote was cast omitted to attest the declaration of the voter where the voter's name appears on the record made and signed by the presiding officer in accordance with regulation 46.

61. PART-COUNTING OF VOTES

It is not necessary for a returning officer, for the purposes of regulations 59 and 60, to await the receipt of all envelopes containing postal ballot-papers or ballot-papers issued under regulation 46 before he proceeds to deal with such postal ballot-papers or ballot-papers, as the case may be, in accordance with regulation 58(1), but sufficient uncounted postal ballot-papers or ballot-papers issued under regulation 46 shall be kept in the ballot-box referred to in regulation 59(2)(c) or 60(1)(b)(iv), as the case may be, to ensure that any postal ballot-papers or ballot-papers for an election which are taken from a ballot-box for the purpose of being counted are taken from a number sufficient to prevent the identity of the voters from being disclosed.

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62. OMISSIONS AND ERRORS IN BALLOT-PAPERS

- (1) Without derogating from these Regulations -
 - (a) a postal ballot-paper shall not be counted where it is received by a returning officer otherwise than in the envelope bearing the postal vote certificate; and
 - (b) a ballot-paper issued under regulation 46 shall not be counted where it is received by a returning officer otherwise than in the envelope bearing the declaration of the voter.
- (2) A postal ballot-paper or a ballot-paper issued under regulation 46 shall not be not counted by reason only of -
 - (a) the name of a wrong municipality or ward appearing on it;
 - (b) the omission of the name of the municipality or ward from the postal ballot-paper or ballot-paper in a case where the name of the municipality or ward for which the voter is enrolled appears on the postal vote certificate or the declaration signed by the elector, as the case may be;
 - (c) the surname only of a candidate being written on it in a case where no other candidate has the same surname; or
 - (d) a mistake in spelling of the name of a candidate in a case where, in the opinion of the returning officer, there is no doubt as to the identity of the candidate.

63. OBJECTIONS BY CANDIDATE'S REPRESENTATIVES

- (1) A candidate's representative may object to the officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll as to the admission or rejection of a ballot-paper as a formal ballot-paper.
- (2) The officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall determine an objection made under subregulation (1) by admitting or rejecting the ballot-paper which is the subject of the objection as a formal ballot-paper and shall mark the ballot-paper "admitted" or "rejected" according to his decision.
- (3) Nothing in this regulation shall prevent the officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll from rejecting any ballot-paper as being informal although no objection is made to it.

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(4) A reference in this regulation to the officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall be read as a reference to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the election is being held in the application of this regulation to a ballot-paper used for voting under regulation 46.

64. DETERMINATION OF FIRST PREFERENCE VOTES

A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall, from the statements made under regulation 58 and the result of the scrutiny of the votes counted by him, determine the number of first preference votes cast in respect of each candidate for the municipality or ward in respect of which he is returning officer.

65. DECLARATION OF ELECTION

Subject to these Regulations, the candidate who receives more than 50% of the first preference votes determined in accordance with regulation 64 shall be declared to be returned as elected by the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of the poll.

66. RECONDUCTING DETERMINATION

(1) Where no declaration can be made in accordance with regulation 65, the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of a poll shall -

- (a) open all parcels containing ballot-papers; and
- (b) continue the determination of the results of the poll in accordance with Schedule 2.

(2) Where a candidate for election as alderman has been elected as mayor, he shall be excluded from the election of alderman and each vote counted to him in the election as alderman shall be counted to the candidate for alderman next in order of the voter's preference.

(3) Where all preference votes have been counted and 2 candidates have equally the highest number of formal votes cast, the returning officer shall have and exercise a casting vote.

(4) The candidates ascertained in accordance with Schedule 2 or subregulation (2), if applicable, shall be declared by the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of a poll to be returned as elected.

(5) A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall, on completing a determination -

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- (a) place in separate parcels all informal votes and all formal votes;
- (b) seal the parcels referred to in paragraph (a) and endorse on each parcel a statement of the contents; and
- (c) allow any candidate's representatives present, if they desire, to sign each parcel.

(6) A returning officer shall, after complying with the requirements of this regulation, make and sign a statement setting out the determination of the results of the poll to that point and shall -

- (a) forward the statement to the clerk; and
- (b) retain a copy of the statement.

67. DISREGARDING CERTAIN VOTES

A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll may declare a candidate to be elected where he is satisfied that any ballot-papers which have not been -

- (a) received by him; or
- (b) dealt with in accordance with these Regulations,

cannot, due to the number of those ballot-papers, affect the outcome of a determination of the results of a poll.

68. RE-COUNT

(1) A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll may at any time before a candidate is declared to be elected, on the written request of a candidate or of his own motion, re-count any ballot-papers placed in a parcel in accordance with this Part.

(2) A request under subregulation (1) shall contain a statement of the reasons for the request.

69. APPLICABLE PROVISIONS FOR RE-COUNT

The provisions of this Part shall apply to and in relation to a re-count of any ballot-papers under regulation 68 as if the re-count were the determination of the results of a poll, and any decision in relation to the determination as to the admission or rejection of a ballot-paper as a formal ballot-paper may be reversed.

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70. REFERRAL OF QUESTIONS

(1) A returning officer conducting a re-count under regulation 68 shall, where so required by a candidate's representative, refer any question relating to the formal or informal nature of a ballot-paper to the Tribunal.

(2) The Tribunal shall decide any question referred for its decision under subregulation (1).

71. PUBLIC DECLARATION OF RESULT

A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall, as soon as practicable after the results have been determined, publicly declare the results and the name of the candidate returned as elected.

72. DECLARATION OF POLL

A returning officer conducting a determination of the results of a poll shall, after declaring a candidate returned as elected under regulation 71 -

- (a) by writing under his hand, send a copy of the declaration to the Minister and to the clerk of the municipality in which the election was held; and
- (b) give public notice of the results of the poll.

PART VIII - OFFENCES

73. EXEMPTION OF PUBLIC POLICY STATEMENTS

Notwithstanding anything contained in these Regulations, no declaration of public policy or promise of public action shall be construed as an offence.

74. PRINTING OF ADVERTISEMENTS

No person shall -

- (a) print or publish a printed electoral advertisement, handbill or pamphlet, other than an advertisement in a newspaper, without the name and place of business of the printer being printed at the foot of the matter;
- (b) publish an electoral advertisement, handbill or pamphlet or issue an electoral notice, other than the announcement by advertisement in a newspaper of the holding of a meeting, without the name and address of the person authorizing the advertisement, handbill, pamphlet or electoral notice appearing at the end of the document;

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

- (c) print, publish or distribute an electoral advertisement, notice, handbill, pamphlet or card containing a representation of a ballot-paper or a representation apparently intended to represent a ballot-paper, having on it any directions intended to or likely to mislead or improperly interfere with an elector in or in relation to the casting of his vote;
- (d) print, publish or distribute an electoral advertisement, notice, handbill, pamphlet or card containing an untrue or incorrect statement intended to or likely to mislead or improperly interfere with an elector in or in relation to the casting of his vote; or
- (e) wilfully inform an elector that he is not enrolled, or that he is not enrolled for a particular municipality or ward where he is enrolled, or is enrolled for that municipality or ward, as the case may be.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

75. HEADING OF ADVERTISEMENTS

The proprietor of every newspaper published or distributed in the Territory shall cause the word "advertisement" to be printed as a headline in letters not smaller than 10 point to each article or paragraph in his newspaper containing -

- (a) matter intended or calculated to affect the result of an election; or
- (b) a report of a speech of a candidate,

the insertion of which is or is to be paid for or for which any reward or compensation or promise is or is to be made.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

76. ARTICLES TO BE SIGNED

(1) Subject to subregulation (3), on and after the close of a roll under regulation 10 and before the close of polling for an election, every article, report, letter or other matter commenting on a candidate, political party or the issues being submitted to the electors at the election, published in a newspaper, circular, pamphlet or handbill shall -

- (a) be signed by the author; or

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

- (b) state the true name and address of the author at the end of the article, report, letter or other matter, or that part of it which is published.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(2) Subject to subregulation (3), a newspaper editor or proprietor who permits, in a newspaper which he edits or owns, the contravention or failure to comply with subregulation (1) is guilty of an offense.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(3) This regulation does not apply to the publication in a newspaper of -

- (a) a leading article; or
- (b) an article which consists solely of a report of a meeting and does not contain any comment, other than comment made by a speaker at the meeting, on any candidate or political party or the issues being submitted to the electors.

77. UNTRUE STATEMENTS

No person shall make an untrue statement or supply false information -

- (a) to an officer for the purposes of or in connection with -
 - (i) the preparation, maintenance and revision of a roll; or
 - (ii) obtaining a ballot-paper; or
- (b) in any document required by or under these Regulations to be signed by the person.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 2 years.

78. SIGNATURE TO PAPERS

(1) Where a person who is required by these Regulations to sign a document is unable to sign his name in writing and instead makes his mark as his signature, the mark shall be deemed to be his personal signature where, subject to subregulation (2), it is made in the presence of a witness who signs the document as witness.

(2) Where a person of a description referred to in subregulation (1) makes an application for a postal ballot-paper or completes a postal vote certificate, a reference in subregulation (1) to a witness who signs the document as witness shall be read as a reference to 2 witnesses who sign the application or postal vote certificate, as the case may be, as witnesses.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

(3) No person shall make the signature of any other person on a document required by these Regulations to be signed by the other person.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

79. WITNESSES TO PAPERS

(1) No person shall -

- (a) sign his name as witness on a blank document which is required by these Regulations to be witnessed;
- (b) sign his name as witness on a document required by these Regulations to be witnessed which has been wholly or partly completed unless it has been signed by the person intended to sign it;
- (c) sign his name as witness on a document required by these Regulations to be witnessed unless he has seen the person, whose signature he purports to witness, sign it; or
- (d) write a name other than his own name as his own name on a document required by these Regulations.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(2) No nominee or candidate shall sign his name as witness on a document required by these Regulations to be witnessed.

Penalty: \$100.

80. PROHIBITION OF CANVASSING NEAR POLLING BOOTHS

Subject to these Regulations, no person shall, during polling hours on polling day or a day to which polling is adjourned, within 10 metres of the entrance of a polling place -

- (a) canvass for votes;
- (b) solicit the vote of an elector;
- (c) induce an elector not to vote for a particular candidate;
- (d) induce an elector not to vote at the election; or
- (e) exhibit a notice or sign relating to the election.

Penalty: \$1,000.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

81. MAKING UNAUTHORIZED MARKS

(1) No person shall, without lawful authority, proof of which authority lies on him -

- (a) make on or in a paper a mark required by these Regulations to be placed on or in the paper;
- (b) have in his possession any paper bearing a mark referred to in paragraph (a); or
- (c) make, use or have in his possession an instrument capable of making on or in a paper a mark referred to in paragraph (a) other than an instrument used for the purposes of voting.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(2) A person who, without lawful authority, proof of which authority lies on him, makes on or in a ballot-paper, or on or in a paper purporting to be a ballot-paper, a mark referred to in subregulation (1)(a), shall be deemed to have forged the ballot-paper.

(3) A paper bearing a mark referred to in subregulation (1)(a), and all instruments capable of making that mark on or in a paper made, used or in the possession of any person without lawful authority, proof of which authority lies on him, shall be forfeited to the Territory, and may without warrant be seized by any member of the Police Force and destroyed or dealt with in such manner as the Commissioner of Police thinks fit.

82. FORGED DOCUMENTS

No person shall forge or utter, knowing it to be forged, a document required by these Regulations.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

83. PUBLICATION OF MATTER REGARDING CANDIDATES

(1) No person shall announce or publish or cause to be announced or published on behalf of any body of persons, without the written authority of the candidate, proof of which authority lies on that person, that a candidate in an election is associated with, or supports the policy or activities of, that person or body of persons.

Penalty: \$1,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

(2) Where a matter, the announcement or publication of which by a person without the written authority of a candidate would be an offence against subregulation (1), is announced or published by or on behalf of or with the support of a body corporate or body of persons, every person who is an officer of the body at the time of the

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

announcement or publication shall be guilty of an offence against subregulation (1).

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, where a matter purports expressly or impliedly to be announced or published by or on behalf of or in the interests or with the support of a person or body of persons, the matter shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be deemed to be announced or published by or on behalf of or with the support of the person or body of persons.

(4) Nothing in this regulation shall apply to or in relation to an announcement or publication made or authorized by a bona fide political party or by a bona fide branch of such a party respecting a candidate who, by public announcement, has declared his candidature on behalf of or in the interests of that party.

84. FAILURE TO VOTE

(1) As soon as practicable after an election, the returning officer shall prepare a list of electors for his municipality who failed to vote at the election.

(2) The returning officer may, within 3 months after the declaration of the results of the poll, send a written notice by post to an elector whose name appears on the list referred to in subregulation (1) requiring the elector, within 21 days after receiving that notice, to give an explanation of his reasons for his failing to vote at the election.

(3) Where a person to whom a notice under subregulation (2) has been sent has not voted at the election to which the notice relates because of his religious beliefs, the person may, for the purposes of subregulation (3), give those religious beliefs as his explanation for not having voted at that election and, where such an explanation is given, that explanation shall be deemed, for the purposes of subregulation (3), to be a satisfactory explanation for not having voted at that election.

(4) A returning officer shall, for the municipality for which he is the returning officer, keep a register of the name and address of each person who has, in pursuance of subregulation (3), given his religious beliefs as an explanation for not having voted at an election.

(5) In any legal proceedings commenced against an elector for failing to vote at an election the returning officer shall send to the court before which the charge is to be heard the explanation under this regulation, if any, of the elector.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

(6) In any legal proceedings referred to in this regulation the court shall, whether or not the defendant is present, consider the contents of the written explanation of an elector as if it were given in evidence before the court.

(7) Where an elector attends the court and sets up a defence different in substance from the explanation contained in his written explanation under this regulation, the court shall, where it dismisses the complaint, do so without awarding the defendant the costs of his defence.

85. COURT HEARING

(1) In any proceedings referred to in regulation 84, there shall be served on the defendant a notice that the defendant may attend the court and answer the charges in person or may, at any time not less than 7 days before the date fixed for the hearing, lodge with or send by post to the prosecuting officer a statutory declaration setting out any matter he desires to set out in answer to the charge.

(2) A notice referred to in subregulation (1) may be written on the summons or may be a separate document served with the summons.

(3) Where a statutory declaration is received by the prosecuting officer in pursuance of subregulation (1), he shall, as far as it is practicable for him so to do, inquire into the truth of its contents and shall, unless he withdraws the prosecution, bring the declaration to the notice of the court.

(4) The court shall, at the hearing of the case, consider the statutory declaration, whether the defendant is present or not, as if its contents were given in evidence before it, but where the defendant attends the court and sets up a defence different in substance from the statement contained in his declaration, the court shall, where it dismisses the prosecution, do so without awarding the defendant the costs of his defence.

(5) The court may, in its discretion, on the application of the prosecuting officer, adjourn the hearing for any period it thinks fit, to enable that officer to answer the declaration.

PART IX - MISCELLANEOUS

86. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

A person who is or has been an officer shall not, except for the purposes of these Regulations, disclose any document or information which he has received while acting in accordance with his duty as an officer.

Penalty: \$2,000 or imprisonment for 6 months.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

87. UNDERTAKING BY OFFICERS AND CANDIDATES' REPRESENTATIVES

(1) All officers conducting an election and candidates' representatives present at a polling place during an election or candidates' representatives present at a place at which the results of a poll are determined during that determination or any part of it, shall make and subscribe an undertaking in accordance with Form 10.

(2) An omission by an officer or a candidate's representative to make or subscribe an undertaking required by this regulation to be made or subscribed shall not be grounds for setting aside an election.

88. DESTRUCTION OF BALLOT-PAPERS

A returning officer shall preserve all -

- (a) ballot-papers;
- (b) certified lists of voters; and
- (c) declarations,

used at an election until 6 months after the date of the public declaration of the poll, at which time he shall arrange for their destruction.

89. REGULATORY OFFENCES

An offence against or a contravention or failure to comply with regulations 19(5), 25(13), 26, 27, 31(2), 35, 37, 45(4), (5) and (6), 51(2), 52(6), 75, 76(1) and (2), 78(3), 79, 80, 83(1) and 86 is a regulatory offence.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

SCHEDULE 1

FORM 1

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Regulation 12(2)

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

NOMINATION OF MAYOR OR ALDERMAN

To the returning officer for the municipality of (*insert name of municipality*)

WE, being electors of the municipality/ward of hereby nominate

	Given Names (<i>in full</i>)	Surname (<i>in block letters</i>)	Address
Here insert given name or names in full, surname and place of residence of person nominated			

as a candidate for the office of mayor/alderman of the municipality/ward of

Dated this day of 19...

To be completed by nominators:

A nomination must be signed by 3 persons entitled to vote at the election

Name of nominators (<i>In block letters</i>)	Signature of nominators	Address
---	-------------------------	---------

To be completed by nominee (*use block letters*)

I.....
(*given names*) (*surname*)

of

declare that I am a person entitled to hold, in accordance with section 15 of the *Local Government Act*, the office of mayor/alderman and hereby consent to be nominated for the office of mayor/alderman.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

Dated this day of 19....

.....
(Signature of nominee)

FORM 2

Regulation 14(1)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

WITHDRAWAL BY CANDIDATE OF CONSENT TO NOMINATION

To the returning officer for the municipality of
(insert name of municipality)

I (insert given names, surname and address) do
hereby withdraw my consent to my nomination as a candidate
for the office of mayor/alderman for the municipality/ward
of

Dated the day of 19

.....
(Signature of nominee)

FORM 3

Regulation 19(2)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

APPLICATION FOR POSTAL BALLOT-PAPER

To the returning officer for the municipality of
(insert name of municipality)

I (insert given names, surname and address as
appearing on the roll), hereby apply for a postal ballot-
paper to enable me to vote by post at the next forthcoming
election.

I declare -

- (1) that I am an elector enrolled on the roll for the
municipality/ward of (insert name of municipality/
ward);

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

- (2) that my real place of living is, or at some time within 3 months immediately preceding the polling day for the election to which this application relates was, in the above-named municipality;
- (3) that the ground on which I apply to vote by post is -
- (a) that I will not, throughout the hours of polling on polling day, be within the municipality or within 20 kilometres of a polling place;
 - (b) that I will, throughout the hours of polling on polling day, be travelling under such conditions as will preclude me from voting at a polling place within the municipality;
 - (c) that I will, by reason of illness, infirmity or approaching maternity, be precluded from attending at a polling place;
 - (d) that I will, by reason of my membership of a religious order, or my religious beliefs, be precluded -
 - (i) from attending at a polling place; or
 - (ii) from attending at a polling place throughout the hours of polling on polling day or throughout the greater part of those hours; or
 - (e) that I will not, by reason of being a prisoner, be able to attend at a polling place on polling day.

(strike out the grounds that are not applicable)

The address to which the postal ballot-paper may be posted to me is -

.....
.....

.....
(Signature of elector)

Signed by the elector in the presence of

Name:

Address:

Title under which witness acts as authorized witness, if witness is a person other than a person who is enrolled, or entitled to be enrolled, as a Commonwealth, Territory or State elector:

.....
(Signature of authorized witness)

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

Where an elector makes his mark as his signature, the mark must be made in the presence of, and witnessed by, another person, other than the authorized witness, who shall also sign the declaration.

Signed before me at

Dated this day of, 19...

.....
(Signature of witness)

Note

Authorized Witness - The following persons are authorized witnesses for the purpose of postal voting by electors:

A person who is enrolled, or is entitled to be enrolled, as a Commonwealth, Territory or State elector and, where an application is made outside the Commonwealth, also includes a person who is -

- (a) an officer of the naval, military or air forces of the Commonwealth, or a member of the Australian Embassy, or a Trade Commissioner or Assistant Trade Commissioner within the meaning of the *Trade Commissioners Act 1933* of the Commonwealth; or
 - (b) a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner for Oaths, Commissioner for Affidavits, Commissioner for Declarations, or Notary Public, appointed under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or another Territory of the Commonwealth.
-

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

FORM 4

Regulation 21(1)(a)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

POSTAL VOTE CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that
of is
entitled to vote by post in respect of the municipality/
ward of at the election to
be held on 19...

Returning Officer for
the municipality of
.....

I declare that I am the person referred to above and
am enrolled as

Surname	Given names (<i>in full</i>)	Place of residence (<i>as appearing on roll</i>)
---------	-----------------------------------	---

on the roll of electors for the above-named municipality/
ward.

That my real place of residence is in the above-named
municipality/ward, that I have not already voted in
connection with the election to which the above
certificate relates, and I promise and declare that if I
am permitted to vote I will not again vote in connection
with the said election.

.....
(*Signature of elector*)

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

Signed before me at the day
of 19.... at o'clock a.m./p.m.

.....
(Signature of authorized witness)

Name

Address

Title under which witness acts as authorized witness if
witness is a person other than a person who is enrolled,
or entitled to be enrolled, as a Commonwealth, Territory,
or State elector

Signed before me at

Dated this day of 19....
at o'clock a.m/p.m.

.....
(Signature of authorized witness)

Where a voter makes his mark as his signature, the mark
must be made in the presence of, and witnessed by,
another person, other than the authorized witness, who
shall also sign the declaration.

Signed before me at

Dated this day of 19....

.....
(Signature of witness)

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

FORM 5

Regulation 21(1)(b)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

POSTAL BALLOT-PAPER

ELECTION FOR MAYOR/ALDERMAN OF THE
MUNICIPALITY/WARD OF

DIRECTIONS: Mark your vote on this ballot-paper by placing the numbers (insert "1" and "2" where there are 2 candidates, "1", "2" and "3" where there are 3 candidates, "1", "2", "3" and "4" where there are 4 candidates, and so on as the case requires) in the squares respectively opposite the names and photographs of the candidates so as to indicate the order of your preference for them; fold the ballot-paper, place it in the envelope addressed to the returning officer and fasten the envelope.

CANDIDATES

[]
[]
[]
[]

Notes

1. The elector must not mark his vote hereon until after he has first shown the ballot-paper (unmarked) to the authorized witness.
 2. Unless the elector's vote is marked on the ballot-paper on or before 6 o'clock in the evening on polling day, namely the (*insert date of polling day*) and is received by the returning officer before 6 o'clock in the evening on the Friday next following polling day it will not be included in the determination of the results of the election.
-

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

FORM 6

Regulation 33

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

BALLOT-PAPER

ELECTION OF MAYOR/ALDERMEN FOR THE
MUNICIPALITY/WARD OF

DIRECTIONS: Mark your vote on this ballot-paper by placing the numbers (*insert "1 and 2" where there are 2 candidates, "1", "2" and "3" where there are 3 candidates, "1", "2", "3" and "4" where there are 4 candidates, and so on, as the case requires*) in the squares respectively opposite the names and photographs of the candidates so as to indicate the order of your preference for them.

CANDIDATES

[]
[]
[]
[]

FORM 7

Regulation 46(1)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

DECLARATION BY A PERSON CLAIMING TO VOTE
UNDER REGULATION 46(1)

I (*insert name, in full*) of (*insert address in full*),
declare that -

- (a) I have posted or delivered a duly completed claim for enrolment (or transfer of enrolment) to the divisional returning officer in compliance with Part V of the *Electoral Act* or to the Registrar in compliance with Part VI of the *Northern Territory Electoral Regulations* from time to time in force under the *Northern Territory Representation Act 1922* of the Commonwealth and the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* of the Commonwealth;

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

- (b) my claim for enrolment (or transfer of enrolment) was received by the divisional returning officer or Registrar before 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the day of , 19 (date of close of roll) that is before the close of the roll for the election being held this day;
- (c) to the best of my knowledge, no objection has been upheld in relation to the inclusion of my name on a roll;
- (d) I am not qualified for enrolment in a municipality/ward other than the municipality/ward of for which I claim to vote; and
- (e) I have complied with section 27 of the *Electoral Act* prior to the close of the roll for the election being held this day.

.....
(Signature of voter)

Signed before me on the day of
19.... at polling place.

.....
(Signature of presiding officer)

DIRECTIONS

1. This form of declaration must, after being filled out, be signed by the voter with his personal signature in the presence of the presiding officer and then be completed and attested by the presiding officer.
2. The presiding officer shall then (subject to these Regulations) initial and hand to the voter a ballot-paper.
3. The voter shall then forthwith -
 - (a) retire along to an unoccupied polling booth and there mark his vote on the ballot-paper; and
 - (b) fold the ballot-paper so as to conceal his vote and clearly show the initials of the presiding officer and at once return it so folded to the presiding officer.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

4. The presiding officer shall see that he receives from the voter the ballot-paper duly folded, and, if necessary for purposes of identification, shall request the voter to again state his name and then without unfolding the ballot-paper, in the presence of the voter and of such candidates' representatives as are present, enclose the ballot-paper received from that voter in an envelope bearing the declaration of the voter and addressed to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the voter claims that he is entitled to vote, securely fasten the envelope and deposit it in the ballot-box.

FORM 8

Regulation 46(2)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

DECLARATION BY A PERSON CLAIMING TO VOTE UNDER
REGULATION 46(2)

I (*insert name, in full*) of (*insert address in full*),
declare that -

- (a) my name appears on the certified list of voters used at the undernamed polling place opposite no.....; and
- *(b) notwithstanding that a mark has been placed against my name as appearing on the certified list of voters indicating that a ballot-paper has been issued to me, I have not already voted in connection with the election being held this day; or
- *(c) notwithstanding that a postal ballot-paper for the purpose of voting in connection with the election being held this day has been issued to me, I have not already voted in connection with the said election.

.....
(*Signature of voter*)

(*Strike out paragraph (b) or (c), whichever
is not applicable)

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

Signed before me on the day of
19.... at polling place.

.....
(Signature of presiding officer)

DIRECTIONS

1. This declaration must, after being filled out, be signed by the voter in the presence of the presiding officer and then be completed and attested by the presiding officer.
 2. The voter must surrender his postal ballot-paper to the presiding officer if the voter is in possession of the postal ballot-paper.
 3. The presiding officer shall then, subject to these Regulations, initial and hand to the voter a ballot-paper.
 4. The voter shall then:
 - (a) go to an unoccupied polling booth and there mark his vote on the ballot-paper; and
 - (b) fold the ballot-paper so as to conceal his vote and clearly show the initials of the presiding officer and at once return it so folded to the presiding officer.
 5. The presiding officer shall ensure that he receives from the voter the ballot-paper duly folded, and, if necessary for purposes of identification, shall request the voter to again state his name and then, without unfolding the ballot-paper, in the presence of the voter and of such candidates' representatives as are present, enclose the ballot-paper received from that voter in an envelope bearing the declaration of the voter and addressed to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the voter claims that he is entitled to vote, securely fasten the envelope and deposit it in the ballot-box.
-

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

FORM 9

Regulation 46(3)

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

DECLARATION BY A PERSON CLAIMING TO VOTE
UNDER REGULATION 46(3)

I declare that I am the person enrolled as -

Surname (<i>in block</i> letters)	Given names in full (<i>in block</i> letters)	Place of residence (<i>as appearing on</i> <i>roll of electors</i>)
--	--	---

on the roll of electors for the municipality/ward of
(*insert name of municipality/ward*) and that I have not
voted at this or any other polling place, or by post, in
connection with the election being held this day; and I
promise and declare that if I am permitted to vote at this
polling place, I will not again vote in connection with
this election.

.....
(*Signature of voter*)

Signed before me on the day of
19.... at polling place.

.....
(*Signature of presiding officer*)

DIRECTIONS

1. This declaration must, after being filled out, be signed by the voter with his personal signature in the presence of the presiding officer and then be completed and attested by the presiding officer.
2. The presiding officer shall then, subject to these Regulations, initial and hand to the voter a ballot-paper.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

3. The voter shall then;
 - (a) go to an unoccupied polling booth, and there, mark his vote on the ballot-paper; and
 - (b) fold the ballot-paper so as to conceal his vote and clearly show the initials of the presiding officer and at once return it so folded to the presiding officer.
4. The presiding officer shall ensure that he receives from the voter the ballot-paper duly folded, and, if necessary for purposes of identification, shall request the voter to again state his name, and then, without unfolding the ballot-paper, in the presence of the voter and of such candidates' representatives as are present, enclose the ballot-paper received from that voter, in an envelope bearing the declaration of the voter and addressed to the returning officer for the municipality in respect of which the voter claims that he is entitled to vote, securely fasten the envelope and deposit it in the ballot-box.

FORM 10

Regulation 87

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

UNDERTAKING TO BE MADE BY OFFICERS
AND CANDIDATE'S REPRESENTATIVES

I,
(Given names) (Surname)

of.....Occupation.....

promise and undertake that I will faithfully perform the duties of an officer/candidate's representative* to the best of my understanding and ability, and that I will not directly or indirectly attempt to influence the vote of any elector or, except by recording my vote as allowed by law, the result of any election, and that I will not disclose any knowledge officially acquired by me touching the vote of any elector, except in reply to a question which I am legally bound to answer.

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

Dated this day of, 19...

.....
(Signature)

.....
(Signature of witness)

(*Strike out whichever is not applicable)

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 66

METHOD OF COUNTING VOTES AT CONTESTED ELECTIONS

(1) In this Schedule -

"absolute majority of votes" means a greater number than one-half of the whole number of ballot-papers other than informal ballot-papers;

"continuing candidate" means a candidate not already elected or excluded from the count;

"next preference" includes the first of the subsequent preferences marked on the ballot-paper which is not given to an elected or excluded candidate;

"unrejected ballot-papers" means all ballot-papers not rejected as informal.

(2) Where one candidate only is to be elected at an election, the votes shall be counted and the result of the election ascertained by the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of the poll or under his direction and supervision, in accordance with the following:

- (a) the unrejected ballot-papers shall be arranged under the names of the respective candidates by placing in a separate parcel all those on which a first preference is indicated for the same candidate;
- (b) the total number of first preferences given for each candidate on each ballot-paper shall then be counted;
- (c) the candidate who has received the largest number of first preference votes shall, where that number constitutes an absolute majority of votes, be elected;

Local Government (Electoral) Regulations

- (d) where no candidate has received an absolute majority of first preference votes, a second count shall be made;
 - (e) on the second count the candidate who has received the fewest first preference votes shall be excluded, and each ballot-paper counted to him shall be counted to the candidate next in the order of the voter's preference;
 - (f) where a candidate then has an absolute majority of votes, he shall be declared elected, but where no candidate then has an absolute majority of votes, the process of excluding the candidate who has the fewest votes and counting each of his ballot-papers to the continuing candidate next in the order of the voter's preference shall be repeated until one candidate has received an absolute majority of votes; and
 - (g) the candidate who receives an absolute majority of votes shall be declared elected.
- (3) Where 2 candidates are to be elected at an election, the votes shall be counted and the result of the election ascertained by the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of the poll or under his direction and supervision, in accordance with the following:
- (a) one of the candidates shall be elected in accordance with clause 2;
 - (b) all the unrejected ballot-papers shall be rearranged under the names of the respective candidates in accordance with the first preference indicated thereon, except that each ballot-paper on which a first preference for the elected candidate is indicated shall be placed in the parcel of the candidate next in the order of the voter's preference;
 - (c) the number of ballot-papers in the parcel of each candidate shall then be counted and the total number of votes so counted to each candidate shall be ascertained;
 - (d) where a candidate then has an absolute majority of votes he shall be elected, but where no candidate then has an absolute majority of votes, the count shall proceed as provided in clause (2)(d), (e) and (f) until one candidate has received an absolute majority of votes provided that in the application of clause (2)(d) and (e) any reference to first preference votes shall be read as a reference to all the votes counted to a candidate in pursuance of this clause; and

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- (e) the candidate who receives an absolute majority of votes shall be elected.
 - (4) Where 3 or more candidates are to be elected at an election -
 - (a) 2 of the candidates shall be elected in accordance with clauses 2 and 3; and
 - (b) the third and every subsequent candidate shall be elected in the manner provided for the election of the second candidate provided that a ballot-paper on which a first preference for any elected candidate is marked shall be placed in the parcel of the continuing candidate next in the order of the voter's preference.
 - (5) Where, on any count at which the candidate with the fewest number of votes has to be excluded, 2 or more candidates have an equal number of votes (that number being fewer than the number of votes that any other candidate has or those candidates being the only continuing candidates) -
 - (a) such one of those candidates as had the fewest number of votes at the last count at which they did not have an equal number of votes shall be excluded; or
 - (b) where they had an equal number of votes at all preceding counts, the candidate whose name is on a slip drawn in accordance with clause (6) shall be excluded.
 - (6) For the purposes of clause (5)(b), the returning officer conducting the determination of the results of the poll shall write the names of the candidates who have an equal number of votes on similar slips of paper, fold the slips so as to prevent the names being seen, mix them, and draw at random one of those slips.
 - (7) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Schedule, the process of counting each of the ballot-papers of an excluded candidate to the continuing candidate next in the order of the voter's preference shall not be repeated where there is only one continuing candidate, but that one continuing candidate shall be declared elected.
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