Serial 128 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Bill 2015 Mr Elferink

A Bill for an Act to amend provisions relating to directors' liability in legislation of the Territory

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

STATUTE LAW AMENDMENT (DIRECTORS' LIABILITY) ACT 2015

Act No. [] of 2015

Table of provisions

Part 1		Preliminary matters	
1 2		le ncement	
Part 2		Amendment of legislation	
Division	1	Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Control of Use) Act	
3 4	Section	ended 111 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	.2
5	Part 14 Part 14	inserted Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	3
	133	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	2	Annual Leave Act	
6 7 8	Section	ended 19 amended 19AA amended	4
Division	3	Commercial and Private Agents Licensing Act	
9 10		ended 46 repealed	
Division	4	Consumer Affairs and Fair Trading Act	
11 12		ended 330 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	
13	Schedu	le 3 amended	.6

Division	5	Criminal Code	
14 15 16	Section	125D replaced Division 11 inserted 11 Statute La Act 2015	7 7 9 w Amendment (Directors' Liability)
	454	Offences – before and a	ifter commencement
Division	6	Electoral Act	
17 18			9 9
Division	7	Electricity Reform	n Act
19 20		105 replaced	9
21 22 23	Part 9 h Part 11	eading replaced eading inserted nserted	
	Part 11		al matters for Statute Law Amendment Liability) Act 2015
	117	Offences – before and a	fter commencement
Division	8	Energy Pipelines	Act
24 25		58G replaced	
26			
	Part VIII		al matters for Statute Law Amendment Liability) Act 2015
	72	Offences – before and a	after commencement
Division	9	Energy Pipelines	Regulations
27 28	Regulat Part 6, I Division 51A	vivision 3 inserted	
Division	10	Fire and Emerge	ncy Act
29 30			

31	49 Part 8 ir	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	17
	Part 8	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	55	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	11	Firearms Act	
32 33		ended 107 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence	
34 35 36	Part 13	114 amended and Part 13, Division 1 headings inserted Division 2 inserted	21
	114	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	12	Flag and Emblem Act	
37 38		ended 10 repealed	
Division	13	Food Act	
39 40	-	ended	22 22

40		n 114 replaced	
	114 114A	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence	
41	Part 14 inserted		. 25
	Part 14	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	

146 Offences – before and after commencement

Division 14 Gaming Control Act

27
27
27
27

- 4	72	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	~~
51			29
	Division	4 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	92	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	15	Gaming Machine Act	
52 53		ended 180 replaced	
	180 180A	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence	
54	Part 12	inserted	33
	Part 12	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	204	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	16	Health Practitioners Act	
55 56		ended 127 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	
57		inserted	35
01	Part 14	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	00
	159	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	17	Higher Education Act	
58 59		ended 55 repealed	36 36
Division	18	Kava Management Act	
60 61	Section	ended 26 replaced	
<u></u>	26	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	20
62	Part 13 Part 13	inserted Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	38
	100	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	19	Liquor Act	
	. .	-	~~
63 64		ended 25 amended	

65	Section 123B	Criminal liab	rted3 ility of executive officer of body corporate – urden of proof on defence	9
66	Part XX Part XXI	l inserted .	4 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	1
	164	Offences		
Division	20	Livestoc	k Act	
67 68				
	134		ility of executive officer of body corporate – Irden of proof on defence	
69	Part 11	inserted	4	3
	Part 11		Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	147	Offences – I	before and after commencement	
Division	21	Long Se	rvice Leave Act	
70 71				
Division	22	Major Cr	icket Events Act	
72 73				
Division	23	Medicine Act	es, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods	
74 75 76	Section	215 amen	4 ded4 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	4
	295	Offences – I	pefore and after commencement	
Division	24	Medicine Regulatio	es, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods	
77	-		ded4	
78	•		serted	6
	81A	Declared pro	DVISIONS	

Division 25 Misuse of Drugs Act

79 80		ended	
81 82	Part IV a	and Part IV, Division 1 headings inserted Division 2 inserted	
	47	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	26	Ombudsman Act	
83 84		ended 131 repealed	
Division	27	Plant Health Act	
85 86		ended 67 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence	
87	Part 6 ir	iserted	53
	Part 6	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	82	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	28	Poppy Regulation Act	
88 89	Section 42	ended 42 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	54
90	Part 6 ir Part 6	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	55
	50	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	29	Price Exploitation Prevention Act	

91	Act ame	ended	56
92	Section	59 replaced	56
	59	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	
93	Section	66 inserted	57
	66	Transitional matters for <i>Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015</i>	

Division 30	Printers and Newspapers	Act

94 95 96	Section	10 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	58 58 60
	Part IV	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	13	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	31	Prostitution Regulation Act	
97 98			60 60
Division	32	Public and Environmental Health Act	

99	Act amended		60	
100	Section 119 arr	ended	61	
101	Part 11, Divisio	Part 11, Division 3 inserted		
	Division 3	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendmer (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	nt	
	4.40 0#****	hefere and offer commencement		

140 Offences – before and after commencement

Division 33 Public Holidays Act

102	Act amended	62
103	Section 16 amended	62
104	Section 16A amended	63

Division 34 Residential Tenancies Act

105	Act amended	63
106	Section 11 repealed	63

Division 35 Sexual Offences (Evidence and Procedure) Act

107	Act a	amended	63
108	Sect	ion 13 replaced	63
	13	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	
	14	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	

Division 36 Surveillance Devices Act

109	Act amended65
110	Section 72 replaced

	72	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence	
111	Part 11,	Division 1 heading inserted	67
112	Section	79 amended	67
113		Division 2 inserted	68
	Division	2 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	84	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	37	Taxation Administration Act	
114		ended	
115		137 replaced	69
110	137	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	
116		inserted	70
	Part 17	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	167	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	38	Totalisator Licensing and Regulation Act	
117		ended	
118		106 replaced	71
	106	Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate or club	
119		inserted	73
	Part 13	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	142	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	39	Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (National Uniform Legislation) Act	
120	Act ame	ended	73
121	Section	126 amended	74
122	Part 9 ir	nserted	75
	Part 9	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	153	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	40	Utilities Commission Act	
123		ended	
124		39 repealed	
Division	41	Waste Management and Pollution Control Act	
125	Act ame	ended	76

126	Section	•	76
127			78
	Part 15	Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015	
	124	Offences – before and after commencement	
Division	42	Water Supply and Sewerage Services Act	
128 129		ended 112 replaced Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate	78 79
130 131	Part 7 a	and Part 7, Division 1 headings inserted Division 2 inserted 2 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability)	
	121	Act 2015 Offences – before and after commencement	
Part 3		Expiry of Act	
132	Expiry c	of Act	81



NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Act No. [] of 2015

An Act to amend provisions relating to directors' liability in legislation of the Territory

> [Assented to [] 2015] [Second reading [] 2015]

The Legislative Assembly of the Northern Territory enacts as follows:

Part 1 Preliminary matters

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015.*

2 Commencement

This Act commences on the day fixed by the Administrator by *Gazette* notice.

Part 2 Amendment of legislation

Division 1 Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Control of Use) Act

3 Act amended

This Division amends the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Control of Use) Act.

4 Section 111 replaced

Section 111

repeal, insert

111 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;

- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 13, 14(2), 20(1), 22(1), 26(1), 36(1), 38(1) or (3), 39(1), 53(4), 54(2), 55(5), 79(3) or 87(2); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

5 Part 14 inserted

After section 132

insert

Part 14 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

133 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 111, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 1 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.

- (2) Section 111, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 2 Annual Leave Act

6 Act amended

This Division amends the Annual Leave Act.

7 Section 19 amended

Section 19(3)

omit

8 Section 19AA amended

Section 19AA

omit

sections 15 and 19(3)

insert

section 15

Division 3 Commercial and Private Agents Licensing Act

9 Act amended

This Division amends the *Commercial and Private Agents Licensing Act.*

10 Section 46 repealed

Section 46

repeal

Division 4 Consumer Affairs and Fair Trading Act

11 Act amended

This Division amends the Consumer Affairs and Fair Trading Act.

12 Section 330 replaced

Section 330

repeal, insert

330 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;

- (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 47(1), 124A(1) or (2) or 176(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

13 Schedule 3 amended

Schedule 3, at the end

insert

Part 3 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

1 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 330, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 4 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.

- (2) Section 330, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subparagraph (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 5 Criminal Code

14 Criminal Code amended

This Division amends the Criminal Code.

15 Section 125D replaced

Section 125D

repeal, insert

125D Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening section 125B(1), 125C(1) or 125E (a *relevant offence*).

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant proves that the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.

Note for subsection (3)

A matter mentioned in subsection (3) must be proved on the balance of probabilities – see section 440.

- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

16 Part XI, Division 11 inserted

After section 453

insert

Division 11 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

454 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 125D, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 5 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 125D, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 6 Electoral Act

17 Act amended

This Division amends the Electoral Act.

18 Section 299 repealed

Section 299

repeal

Division 7 Electricity Reform Act

19 Act amended

This Division amends the *Electricity Reform Act*.

20 Section 105 replaced

Section 105

repeal, insert

105 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 14(1), 31(1), 42(6) or (7), 67(1), 68(1), 69, 70(4), 71(1), 78(3), 79(3), 80(4), 81(3), 89(1), 90(1), 96(1), 97(1) or (2), 98(1) or 99(1) or (3); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

21 Part 9 heading replaced

Part 9 heading

omit, insert

- Part 10 Transitional matters for National Electricity (Northern Territory) (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2015
- 22 Part 9 heading inserted

After section 111

insert

Part 9 Repeals and transitional matters for Electricity Reform Act 2000

23 Part 11 inserted

After section 116

insert

Part 11 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

117 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 105, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 7 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 105, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 8 Energy Pipelines Act

24 Act amended

This Division amends the Energy Pipelines Act.

25 Section 58G replaced

Section 58G

repeal, insert

58G Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 12(1) or (2), 15A(6), 26(2), 28(4), 37(1), 37A(1) or (3), 38(3), 39, 40(3), 42(6), 65 or 66(1), (2), (3) or (5); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

26 Part VIII inserted

After section 71

insert

Part VIII Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

72 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 58G, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 8 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 58G, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 9 Energy Pipelines Regulations

27 Regulations amended

This Division amends the Energy Pipelines Regulations.

28 Part 6, Division 3 inserted

After regulation 51, in Part 6

insert

Division 3 Offences

51A Declared provisions

For section 58G(7) of the Act, definition *declared provision*, paragraph (b), regulations 10, 14, 16, 20(1), 21, 22(1) and (2), 43(1) and 49 are prescribed.

Division 10 Fire and Emergency Act

29 Act amended

This Division amends the Fire and Emergency Act.

30 Section 49 replaced

Section 49

repeal, insert

49 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or

- (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 25(4), 27A(3) or 30(6); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

31 Part 8 inserted

After section 54

insert

Part 8 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

55 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 49, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 10 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 49, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a corporation before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 11 Firearms Act

32 Act amended

This Division amends the Firearms Act.

33 Section 107 replaced

Section 107

repeal, insert

106B Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 16A(4) or 19; or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

107 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.

- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 26(2), 46(1), 58(1) or (6), 61(1) or (2), 61A(2), 62(1) or
 (2), 63(1) or (2) or 63A(1), (2) or (3); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

34 Section 114 amended

Section 114

renumber as section 112

35 Part 13 and Part 13, Division 1 headings inserted

Before section 113

insert

Part 13 Transitional matters

Division 1 Firearms Amendment Act 2003

36 Part 13, Division 2 inserted

After section 113

insert

Division 2 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

114 Offences – before and after commencement

- Sections 106B and 107, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new sections) apply in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 11 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 107, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new sections do not apply.

Division 12 Flag and Emblem Act

37 Act amended

This Division amends the Flag and Emblem Act.

38 Section 10 repealed

Section 10

repeal

Division 13 Food Act

39 Act amended

This Division amends the Food Act.

40 Section 114 replaced

Section 114

repeal, insert

114 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 32(4); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

114A Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 12, 13, 15(1) or (2), 16(1) or (2), 17(1), (2) or (3), 18(1), 19(1), (2) or (3), 20(1) or (2), 52(1), 73(3), 75(5), 79(7), 102, 107 or 129(3); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

41 Part 14 inserted

After section 145

insert

Part 14 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

146 Offences – before and after commencement

- Sections 114 and 114A, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new sections) apply in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 13 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 114, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and

(b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new sections do not apply.

Division 14 Gaming Control Act

42	Act amended
	This Division amends the Gaming Control Act.
43	Section 17 amended
	Section 17(4)(c)
	omit
	corporation
	insert
	body corporate
44	Section 20 amended
	Section 20(5)
	omit (all references)
	corporation
	insert
	body corporate
45	Section 40 amended
	Section 40(4A)(c)
	omit
	corporation
	insert
	body corporate

46 Section 46C amended

Section 46C(4)(ba)

omit

corporation

insert

body corporate

47 Section 46F amended

Section 46F(5)

omit (all references)

corporation

insert

body corporate

48 Section 47C amended

Section 47C(4)(ba)

omit

corporation

insert

body corporate

49 Section 47F amended

- Section 47F(5)
- omit (all references)

corporation

insert

body corporate

50 Section 72 replaced

Section 72

repeal, insert

72 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;

- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 27(6), 49(1) or 55; or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

51 Part 7, Division 4 inserted

After section 91

insert

Division 4 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

92 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 72, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 14 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 72, as in force before the commencement:

- (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a corporation before the commencement; and
- (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 15 Gaming Machine Act

52 Act amended

This Division amends the Gaming Machine Act.

53 Section 180 replaced

Section 180

repeal, insert

180 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;

- (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
- (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
- (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 140(1) or (3); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

180A Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – deemed liability if body corporate commits offence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or

- (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
- (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 47(1A); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

54 Part 12 inserted

After section 203

insert

Part 12 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

204 Offences – before and after commencement

- Sections 180 and 180A, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new sections) apply in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 15 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 180, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new sections do not apply.

Division 16 Health Practitioners Act

55 Act amended

This Division amends the Health Practitioners Act.

56 Section 127 replaced

Section 127

repeal, insert

127 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;

- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) Schedule 7, clause 2(1), 3, 4(1) or (2), 5(1) or (2), 7(1), (2) or
 (3) or 8(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

57 Part 14 inserted

After section 158

insert

Part 14 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

159 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 127, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 16 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.

- (2) Section 127, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 17 Higher Education Act

58 Act amended

This Division amends the Higher Education Act.

59 Section 55 repealed

Section 55

repeal

Division 18 Kava Management Act

60 Act amended

This Division amends the Kava Management Act.

61 Section 26 replaced

Section 26

repeal, insert

26 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or

- (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
- (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 12(1) or (2), 13 or 14; or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

62 Part 13 inserted

After section 99

insert

Part 13 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

100 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 26, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 18 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 26, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 19 Liquor Act

63 Act amended

This Division amends the Liquor Act.

64 Section 25 amended

(1) Section 25(3)

omit

(2) Section 25(5)

omit, insert

- (5) If a licence is granted to a body corporate that has nominated a manager under subsection (2):
 - (a) the name of the manager must, in addition to the name of the body corporate, be endorsed on the licence; and
 - (b) the written approval of the Director-General is necessary before any change of the manager will be recognised for this Act; and
 - (c) for this Act, the manager is taken to be a joint licensee with the body corporate of the licensed premises.
- (3) Section 25(6) and (7)

omit

65 Section 123B inserted

After section 123A

insert

123B Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of absolute liability.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.

- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 31A(6), 33I, 113A(1) or 115; or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

66 Part XXI inserted

After section 163

insert

Part XXI Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

164 Offences

Section 123B applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of that section (the *commencement*) only if:

- (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
- (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against that section occurred after the commencement.

Division 20 Livestock Act

67 Act amended

This Division amends the *Livestock Act*.

68 Section 134 replaced

Section 134

repeal, insert

134 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of absolute liability.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.

(9) In this section:

declared provision means:

- (a) section 41, 45, 48(3), 53(4), 56(3) or (4), 59(3), 64, 67 or 68(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

69 Part 11 inserted

After section 146

insert

Part 11 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

147 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 134, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 20 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 134, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 21 Long Service Leave Act

70 Act amended

This Division amends the Long Service Leave Act.

71 Section 18 amended

Section 18(3)

omit

Division 22 Major Cricket Events Act

72 Act amended

This Division amends the Major Cricket Events Act.

73 Section 9 repealed

Section 9

repeal

Division 23 Medicines, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Act

74 Act amended

This Division amends the *Medicines, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Act.*

75 Section 215 amended

(1) Section 215(1)

omit, insert

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared EO liability provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer was reckless about whether the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer recklessly failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (1A) Strict liability applies to subsection (1)(b).
- (2) Section 215(2)(a)(i) and (iii)

omit

declared provision

insert

declared EO liability provision

(3) Section 215(5)

omit

convicted

insert

found guilty

(4) After section 215(6)

insert

(7) In this section:

declared EO liability provision means:

- (a) section 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43(1) or (2), 44(2), 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52(1), 53, 54(1), 110(1), (2) or (3), 111(1), (2) or (3), 112, 113(1) or (2) or 115(4); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

76 Part 9.3 inserted

After section 294

insert

Part 9.3 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

295 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 215, as amended by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 23 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 215, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement: and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 24 Medicines, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulations

77 Regulations amended

This Division amends the *Medicines, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulations*.

78 Regulation 81A inserted

After regulation 81, in Part 6

insert

81A Declared provisions

For section 215(7) of the Act, definition *declared EO liability provision*, paragraph (b), regulation 31 is prescribed.

Division 25 Misuse of Drugs Act

79 Act amended

This Division amends the Misuse of Drugs Act.

80 Section 39 replaced

Section 39

repeal, insert

39 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);

- (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 5(1), 6(1) or (2), 7(1), 8(1) or 8A(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

81 Part IV and Part IV, Division 1 headings inserted

After section 43

insert

- Part IV Transitional matters
- Division 1 Acts commencing before 2015

82 Part IV, Division 2 inserted

After section 46

insert

Division 2 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

47 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 39, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 25 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 39, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a corporation before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 26 Ombudsman Act

83 Act amended

This Division amends the Ombudsman Act.

84 Section 131 repealed

Section 131

repeal

Division 27 Plant Health Act

85 Act amended

This Division amends the Plant Health Act.

86 Section 67 replaced

Section 67

repeal, insert

67 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer was reckless about whether the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer recklessly failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) Strict liability applies to subsection (1)(b).
- (3) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (4) Subsection (3) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (5) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (6) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (7) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (8) In this section:

- (a) section 13(1), 14(1), 22(4), 25(3), 28(3), 35(3), 37(6), 60(1) or
 (2), 61(1) or 62(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

67A Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of absolute liability.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.

- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 15(1), 16(1), 17(6), 18(4), 19(6) or 20(4); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

87 Part 6 inserted

After section 81

insert

Part 6 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

82 Offences – before and after commencement

- Sections 67 and 67A, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new sections) apply in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 27 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 67, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new sections do not apply.

Division 28 Poppy Regulation Act

88 Act amended

This Division amends the Poppy Regulation Act.

89 Section 42 replaced

Section 42

repeal, insert

42 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer was reckless about whether the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer recklessly failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

- (2) Strict liability applies to subsection (1)(b).
- (3) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (4) Subsection (3) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (5) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (6) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (7) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (8) In this section:

- (a) section 32, 33, 34(1) or 36(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

90 Part 6 inserted

After section 49

insert

Part 6 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

50 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 42, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 28 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 42, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 29 Price Exploitation Prevention Act

91 Act amended

This Division amends the Price Exploitation Prevention Act.

92 Section 59 replaced

Section 59

repeal, insert

59 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);

- (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 15(1), (2) or (3), 23(2), 25(2), 26(1), (3) or (5A), 27(1) or (4A), 28(1), 29, 30(1), 31(1) or 43(1); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

93 Section 66 inserted

After section 65

insert

66 Transitional matters for *Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015*

- Section 59, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 29 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.

- (2) Section 59, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 30 Printers and Newspapers Act

94 Act amended

This Division amends the Printers and Newspapers Act.

95 Section 10 replaced

Section 10

repeal, insert

10 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):

- (i) the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
- (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
- (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 4(1) or (2); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

96 Part IV inserted

After section 12

insert

Part IV Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

13 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 10, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 30 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 10, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 31 Prostitution Regulation Act

97 Act amended

This Division amends the Prostitution Regulation Act.

98 Section 48 repealed

Section 48

repeal

Division 32 Public and Environmental Health Act

99 Act amended

This Division amends the Public and Environmental Health Act.

100 Section 119 amended

(1) Section 119(1)

omit, insert

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision other than section 88, 111, 112(1) or 113(1) or (2) (a *relevant offence*) and the officer was reckless about whether the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer recklessly failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (1A) Strict liability applies to subsection (1)(b).
- (2) Section 119(5)

omit

convicted

insert

found guilty

101 Part 11, Division 3 inserted

After section 139

insert

Division 3 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

140 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 119, as amended by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 32 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 119, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 33 Public Holidays Act

102 Act amended

This Division amends the Public Holidays Act.

103 Section 16 amended

Section 16(3)

omit

104 Section 16A amended

Section 16A

omit

Subject to section 16(3), an

insert

An

Division 34 Residential Tenancies Act

105 Act amended

This Division amends the Residential Tenancies Act.

106 Section 11 repealed

Section 11

repeal

Division 35 Sexual Offences (Evidence and Procedure) Act

107 Act amended

This Division amends the Sexual Offences (Evidence and Procedure) Act.

108 Section 13 replaced

Section 13

repeal, insert

13 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.

(9) In this section:

declared provision means:

- (a) section 11(1) or (2); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

14 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

- Section 13, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 35 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 13, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 36 Surveillance Devices Act

109 Act amended

This Division amends the Surveillance Devices Act.

110 Section 72 replaced

Section 72

repeal, insert

72 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate – evidential burden of proof on defence

(1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *declared offence*).

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the declared offence.

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of absolute liability.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.
- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;

- (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the declared offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the declared offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 11(1), 12(1), 15(1), 45(1) or 52(1) or (2); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

111 Part 11, Division 1 heading inserted

Before section 78, in Part 11

insert

Division 1 Repeals and transitional matters for Surveillance Devices Act 2007

112 Section 79 amended

Section 79

omit

Part:

insert

Division:

113 Part 11, Division 2 inserted

After section 83

insert

Division 2 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

84 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 72, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a declared offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 36 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the declared offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 72, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to declared offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 37 Taxation Administration Act

114 Act amended

This Division amends the Taxation Administration Act.

115 Section 137 replaced

Section 137

repeal, insert

137 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 24(1) or (3), 33(6), 52(1) or (2), 60(6), 74(1), 75(2), 76, 77(1), 78(1), 79(1), 80(1), 81(1), 82(1) or (2), 83, 84, 85, 91(6) or 97(1) or (2); or
- (b) section 24(2), 39(1), 56K(9), 56W(3), 57(1), 59(5) or 83B(5) of the Stamp Duty Act, or
- (c) a provision of regulations made under this Act or the *Stamp Duty Act* prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

116 Part 17 inserted

After section 166

insert

Part 17 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

167 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 137, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 37 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.

- (2) Section 137, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a company before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 38 Totalisator Licensing and Regulation Act

117 Act amended

This Division amends the Totalisator Licensing and Regulation Act.

118 Section 106 replaced

Section 106

repeal, insert

106 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate or club

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate or club commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate or club commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate or club in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.
 - Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate or club arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's or club's compliance with the declared provision;
 - the body corporate or club implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's or club's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate or club.
- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate or club is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate or club would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 35, 36, 110(1) or (2) or 115(4); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate or club, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate or club.

Part 2 Amendment of legislation Division 39 Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (National Uniform Legislation) Act

119 Part 13 inserted

After section 141

insert

Part 13 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

142 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 106, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate or club after the commencement of Part 2, Division 38 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 106, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed or allegedly committed by a club, company or other body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate or club after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 39 Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (National Uniform Legislation) Act

120 Act amended

This Division amends the *Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road* and Rail (National Uniform Legislation) Act.

121 Section 126 amended

(1) Section 126(1)

omit, insert

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared EO liability provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer was reckless about whether the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer recklessly failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (1A) Strict liability applies to subsection (1)(b).
- (2) Section 126(2)(a)(i) and (iii)

omit

declared provision

insert

declared EO liability provision

(3) Section 126(5)

omit

convicted

insert

found guilty

(4) Section 126(7)

insert (in alphabetical order)

declared EO liability provision means:

- (a) section 67(5) or (7), 68(3), 83(1), 84, 85(1), 87(1), 108, 110 or 138(2), (3) or (7); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

122 Part 9 inserted

After section 152

insert

Part 9 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

153 Offences – before and after commencement

- (1) Section 126, as amended by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 39 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 126, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 40 Utilities Commission Act

123 Act amended

This Division amends the Utilities Commission Act.

124 Section 39 repealed

Section 39

repeal

Division 41 Waste Management and Pollution Control Act

125 Act amended

This Division amends the Waste Management and Pollution Control Act.

126 Section 91 replaced

Section 91

repeal, insert

91 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

 An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*).

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) An offence against subsection (1) is a regulatory offence.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) if the defendant proves that the defendant:
 - (a) was not in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; or
 - (b) took reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; or
 - (c) did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that the contravention would happen.

Note for subsection (3)

A matter mentioned in subsection (3) must be proved on the balance of probabilities – see section 440 of the Criminal Code.

- (4) In deciding whether the defendant took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the defendant took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the defendant took when the defendant became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (6) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.
- (7) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (8) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (9) In this section:

- (a) section 14(1) or (2), 30(1), (2) or (3), 39(1) or (2), 43(1), 51(1), 52(1), (2), (3) or (4), 63(1) or (2), 80(1) or (2) or 83(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) or (7); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

127 Part 15 inserted

After section 123

insert

Part 15 Transitional matters for Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

124 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 91, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 41 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and
 - (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 91, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a body corporate before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Division 42 Water Supply and Sewerage Services Act

128 Act amended

This Division amends the *Water Supply and Sewerage Services Act.*

129 Section 112 replaced

Section 112

repeal, insert

112 Criminal liability of executive officer of body corporate

- (1) An executive officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
 - (a) the body corporate commits an offence by contravening a declared provision (a *relevant offence*) and the officer knew, or could reasonably have been expected to have known, that the contravention would happen; and
 - (b) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body corporate in relation to the contravention; and
 - (c) the officer failed to take reasonable steps to prevent the contravention.

Maximum penalty: The maximum penalty that may be imposed on an individual for the relevant offence.

- (2) In deciding whether the executive officer took (or failed to take) reasonable steps to prevent the contravention, a court must consider the following:
 - (a) any action the officer took directed towards ensuring the following (to the extent the action is relevant to the contravention):
 - the body corporate arranged regular professional assessments of the body corporate's compliance with the declared provision;
 - (ii) the body corporate implemented any appropriate recommendation arising from an assessment under subparagraph (i);
 - (iii) the body corporate's employees, agents and contractors had a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the requirement to comply with the declared provision;
 - (b) any action the officer took when the officer became aware that the contravention was, or could be, about to happen.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters the court may consider.
- (4) This section does not affect the liability of the body corporate.

- (5) This section applies whether or not the body corporate is prosecuted for, or found guilty of, the relevant offence.
- (6) This section does not apply if the body corporate would have a defence to a prosecution for the relevant offence.
- (7) In this section:

- (a) section 14(1), 33(6) or (7), 43(1), 46(2) or (3), 82(1), 88(1), 90(1), 95(1), 99(1) or (2) or 101(3); or
- (b) a provision of the Regulations prescribed by regulation.

executive officer, of a body corporate, means a director or other person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the body corporate.

130 Part 7 and Part 7, Division 1 headings inserted

After section 119

insert

Part 7 Transitional matters

Division 1 Water Supply and Sewerage Services Act 2000

131 Part 7, Division 2 inserted

After section 120

insert

Division 2 Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015

121 Offences – before and after commencement

- Section 112, as inserted by the Statute Law Amendment (Directors' Liability) Act 2015, (the new section) applies in relation to a relevant offence committed by a body corporate after the commencement of Part 2, Division 42 of that Act (the commencement) only if:
 - (a) all the conduct constituting the relevant offence occurred after the commencement; and

- (b) all the conduct of the executive officer constituting the offence against the new section occurred after the commencement.
- (2) Section 112, as in force before the commencement:
 - (a) continues to apply in relation to offences committed by a corporation before the commencement; and
 - (b) applies in relation to relevant offences committed by a body corporate after the commencement to which, as a result of subsection (1), the new section does not apply.

Part 3 Expiry of Act

132 Expiry of Act

This Act expires on the day after it commences.