

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

No. 53 of 1989

AN ACT

to amend the Justices Act

[Assented to 20 September 1989]

B E it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Northern Territory of Australia, with the assent as provided by the Northern Territory (Self-Government) Act 1978 of the Commonwealth, as follows:

1. SHORT TITLE

This Act may be cited as the Justices Amendment Act (No. 2) 1989.

2. OFFENCES THAT MAY BE DEALT WITH SUMMARILY WITH CONSENT OF ACCUSED

Section 121A of the Justices Act is amended -

- (a) by omitting from subsection (1) paragraphs (f),(g) and (h) and substituting the following:
- "(f) in the case of an offence relating to property, not being an offence of unlawful use of a motor vehicle under section 218(1) of the Criminal Code in circumstances referred to in subsection (2)(c) of that section or an offence to which paragraph (h) of this subsection applies - the value of the property does not, in the opinion of the Court, exceed \$40,000 or, where another amount is prescribed, that prescribed amount;

- (g) in the case of an offence of unlawful use of a motor vehicle under section 218(1) of the Criminal Code in circumstances referred to in subsection (2)(c) of that section - in the opinion of the Court, the cost of repairing, or compensating for the loss or destruction of, the vehicle does not exceed \$20,000 (or, where another amount is prescribed, that prescribed amount) or its value as the result of the unlawful use of the vehicle by the offender is reduced by an amount not exceeding \$20,000 or that prescribed amount; and
- (h) in the case of an offence of unlawful use of a motor vehicle under section 218(1) of the Criminal Code in which the vehicle is neither destroyed nor damaged - irrespective of the value of the vehicle,"; and
- (b) by omitting from subsection (3) the definition of "property".

3. AMENDMENT OF CONVICTIONS, WARRANTS, &c.

Section 185 of the *Justices Act* is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a Court of Summary Jurisdiction may at any time correct a clerical mistake in any of the terms of a judgment, conviction or order, or an error arising in any such terms from an accidental slip or omission.".