NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

PERSONAL VIOLENCE RESTRAINING ORDERS ACT 2016

Act No. 10 of 2016

Table of provisions

Part 1	Preliminary matters	
1	Short title	1
2	Commencement	1
3	Definitions	
4	Personal violence offence	
5	Intimidation	
6	Stalking	
7	Economic abuse	
8	Application of Criminal Code	
9	Object of, and achievement of, Act	4
Part 2	Applying for and making orders	
10	Application for order	5
11	Parties to order	
12	How application is made	5
13	Notice of hearing of application	5
14	Referral to mediation	5
15	Deciding application	6
16	Matters to be considered by Court	
17	Content of orders	
18	Notice of order	
19	Interim personal violence restraining order	
20	Prohibition on publication of personal details	
21	Defendant's identity or whereabouts unknown	8
Part 3	Miscellaneous matters	
22	Variation or revocation of order	9
23	Contravention of personal violence restraining order or interim	
	personal violence restraining	9
24	Publication of personal details	

Part 4		Consequential amendments	
Division	1	Cross-border Justice Act	
25 26	Act amendedSection 7 amended		
Division	2	Cross-border Justice Regulations	
27 28 29	Regulati Part 3, I Division 37 38	ions amended	11
Division	3	Firearms Act	
30 31 32	Section	ended	12
Division	4	Local Court (Criminal Procedure) Act	
33 34 35 36 37	Section Part IVA Section	anded	13 13 13
	213	Continuation of existing documents	
Division	5	Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016	
38 39 40 41	Act amended Part 2, Division 7 heading amended Section 27 amended Section 29 amended		
Division	6	Weapons Control Act	
42 43		ended 15 amended	

Division	7 Expiry of Part
44	Expiry of Part17



NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

Act No. 10 of 2016

An Act to provide for the protection of persons from personal violence, and for related purposes

[Assented to 29 April 2016] [Second reading 3 December 2015]

The Legislative Assembly of the Northern Territory enacts as follows:

Part 1 Preliminary matters

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Personal Violence Restraining Orders Act 2016*.

2 Commencement

- (1) Part 4, Division 5 commences on the day on which the Administrator's assent to this Act is declared.
- (2) The remaining provisions of this Act commence immediately after the commencement of the Local Court (Repeals and Related Amendments) Act 2016.

3 Definitions

In this Act:

child means a person under the age of 18 years.

Court means the Local Court.

defendant, for a personal violence restraining order, means the person against whom the order is in force.

economic abuse, see section 3D.

interim personal violence restraining order, see section 14A.

intimidation, see section 3B.

personal violence offence, see section 3A.

personal violence restraining order, see section 10.

protected person, for a personal violence restraining order, means the person for whose protection the order is in force.

registrar, see section 3 of the Local Court Act.

stalking, see section 3C.

Note for section 3

The Interpretation Act contains definitions and other provisions that may be relevant to this Act.

4 Personal violence offence

A **personal violence offence** is:

- (a) an offence against any of the following provisions of the Criminal Code:
 - (i) Part V, Division 2;
 - (ii) Part VI, Divisions 3 to 6A;
 - (iii) section 211 or 212;
 - (iv) another provision prescribed by regulation; and
- (b) any of the following conduct committed by a person against another person:
 - (i) conduct causing harm;
 - (ii) damaging property, including the injury to or death of an animal:
 - (iii) intimidation;
 - (iv) stalking;

- (v) economic abuse;
- (vi) attempting or threatening to commit conduct mentioned in subparagraphs (i) to (v).

5 Intimidation

- (1) *Intimidation* of a person is:
 - (a) harassment of the person; or
 - (b) any conduct that causes a reasonable apprehension of:
 - (i) violence to the person; or
 - (ii) damage to the property of the person, including the injury to or death of an animal that is the person's property; or
 - (c) any conduct that has the effect of unreasonably controlling the person or causes the person mental harm.
- (2) For deciding whether a person's conduct amounts to intimidation, consideration may be given to a pattern of conduct in the person's behaviour.

Examples of harassment for subsection (1)(a)

- 1 Regular and unwanted contacting of the person, including by mail, phone, text messages, fax, the internet or another form of electronic communication.
- 2 Giving or sending offensive material to the person.

Example of conduct for subsection (1)(b)(i)

Sexually coercive behaviour.

6 Stalking

Stalking, a person, includes engaging in any of the following conduct on at least 2 separate occasions with the intention of causing harm to the person or causing the person to fear harm to the person:

- (a) intentionally following the person;
- (b) intentionally watching or loitering in the vicinity of, or intentionally approaching, the place where the person lives, works or regularly goes for a social or leisure activity.

7 Economic abuse

Economic abuse, of a person, includes any of the following conduct (or any combination of them):

- (a) coercing the person to relinquish control over assets or income;
- (b) unreasonably disposing of property (whether owned by the person or owned jointly with the person or someone else) without consent;
- unreasonably preventing the person from taking part in decisions over household expenditure or the disposition of joint property;
- (d) withholding money reasonably necessary for the maintenance of the person or a child of the person.

Example of coercion for paragraph (a)

Using stand-over tactics to obtain the person's credit card.

8 Application of Criminal Code

Part IIAA of the Criminal Code applies to an offence against this Act.

Note for section 4

Part IIAA of the Criminal Code states the general principles of criminal responsibility, establishes general defences, and deals with burden of proof. It also defines, or elaborates on, certain concepts commonly used in the creation of offences.

9 Object of, and achievement of, Act

- (1) The object of this Act is to ensure the safety and protection of persons who experience personal violence outside a domestic relationship as defined in the *Domestic and Family Violence Act*.
- (2) The object of this Act is to be achieved by providing for:
 - (a) the making of personal violence restraining orders to protect persons from certain violence; and
 - (b) the enforcement of the orders.

Part 2 Applying for and making orders

10 Application for order

Any of the following persons may apply for an order (a **personal violence restraining order**) for the protection of a person against another person:

- (a) the person whose protection is sought under the order;
- (b) an adult acting for the person whose protection is sought under the order;
- (c) a police officer.

11 Parties to order

- (1) Only one person may be named as the protected person and only one person may be named as the defendant in a personal violence restraining order.
- (2) The defendant named in a personal violence restraining order cannot be a child under the age of 15 years.

12 How application is made

An application for a personal violence restraining order must be made to the Court in accordance with the rules of the Court.

13 Notice of hearing of application

As soon as practicable after the application is filed, a registrar must give written notice to the person whose protection is sought and defendant of the time and place for the hearing of the application.

14 Referral to mediation

- (1) Before hearing an application for a personal violence restraining order, the Court must refer the person whose protection is sought and defendant for mediation under the *Community Justice Centre Act*.
- (2) However, the Court must not make a referral and must proceed to hear the application if it is satisfied that a referral is not appropriate in the circumstances, including, for example, because:
 - there is a history of violence committed against the person by the defendant; and

- (b) there has been a previous attempt at mediation between the person and defendant in relation to the application and the attempt was not successful.
- (3) A referral stays the proceedings until a report is given to the Court under subsection (6).
- (4) The referral is taken to be an application under section 13 of the *Community Justice Centre Act* for the provision of mediation services for a dispute between the person and defendant.
- (5) The Director of the Community Justice Centre must accept the referral.
- (6) The Director must give the Court a written report on the outcome of the mediation or attempted mediation.
- (7) The Court may refer the matter back to the Director with directions about the mediation.
- (8) In deciding the application for the personal violence restraining order, the Court must take a report of the Director into account.

15 Deciding application

- (1) The Court may decide to make a personal violence restraining order if it is satisfied on the balance of probabilities a personal violence offence has been committed, or is likely to be committed, by the defendant against the person whose protection is sought.
- (2) Otherwise, the Court must dismiss the application.
- (3) The Court may decide the application even if the defendant does not appear at the hearing.

16 Matters to be considered by Court

- (1) In deciding whether to make a personal violence restraining order, the Court must consider the safety and protection of the person whose protection is sought and any affected child to be of paramount importance.
- (2) In addition, the Court must consider the following:
 - (a) the defendant's criminal record as defined in the *Criminal Records (Spent Convictions) Act*;
 - (b) the defendant's previous conduct whether in relation to the person, affected child or someone else;

(c) other matters the Court considers relevant.

(3) In this section:

affected child, in relation to an application for a personal violence restraining order, means a child whose wellbeing is affected or likely to be affected by a personal violence offence committed or likely to be committed by the defendant against the person.

17 Content of orders

- (1) A personal violence restraining order may provide for any of the following:
 - (a) an order imposing the restraints on the defendant stated in the order as the Court considers are necessary or desirable to prevent the commission of a personal violence offence against the protected person;
 - (b) the other orders the Court considers are just or desirable to make in the circumstances of the particular case.
- (2) In this section:

restraint includes prohibition.

18 Notice of order

As soon as practicable after a personal violence restraining order or an interim personal violence restraining order is made, the Court must give a copy of it to:

- (a) the protected person and defendant; and
- (b) the Commissioner of Police.

19 Interim personal violence restraining order

- (1) At any time during proceedings for the hearing of an application for a personal violence restraining order, the Court may make an order (an *interim personal violence restraining order*) under this section.
- (2) The Court may make the interim personal violence restraining order:
 - (a) even if the defendant does not appear at the hearing; or
 - (b) if the defendant appears at the hearing:
 - (i) even though the defendant has not given evidence; or

- (ii) even if the defendant objects to the order being made.
- (3) The interim personal violence restraining order is in force until the earlier of the following:
 - (a) it is revoked by the Court;
 - (b) if a personal violence restraining order is made for the same parties and the defendant is before the Court:
 - on the making of the personal violence restraining order;
 or
 - (ii) on the later date ordered by the Court;
 - (c) if a personal violence restraining order is made for the same parties and the defendant is not before the Court:
 - (i) when the personal violence restraining order is given to the defendant; or
 - (ii) on the later date ordered by the Court.

20 Prohibition on publication of personal details

A personal violence restraining order and an interim personal violence restraining order may include an order prohibiting the publication of personal details of a protected person or witness in proceedings if the Court is satisfied the publication would expose the person to the risk of harm.

21 Defendant's identity or whereabouts unknown

- (1) This section applies if:
 - (a) the protected person, having made reasonable inquiries, is unable to ascertain the identity or whereabouts of the defendant for the purpose of making an application for a personal violence restraining order under Part 2; and
 - (b) another person may have information or a document or thing that will assist in ascertaining the identity or whereabouts of the defendant.
- (2) The Court may order the other person:
 - (a) to attend the Court to be examined as to the identity or whereabouts of the defendant; and

(b) to disclose the information or document or thing that relates to the identity or whereabouts of the defendant to the protected person.

Part 3 Miscellaneous matters

22 Variation or revocation of order

- (1) Any of the following persons may apply to the Court for an order varying (including extending the period the order is in force) or revoking a personal violence restraining order.
 - (a) the protected person;
 - (b) a police officer or adult acting for the protected person;
 - (c) the defendant;
 - (d) a person granted leave by the Court to make the application.
- (2) The defendant may apply for the order only with the leave of the Court.
- (3) The Court may grant leave to the defendant only if satisfied there has been a substantial change in the circumstances of the defendant or the protected person since the order was made or last varied.
- (4) Part 2 applies (with the necessary changes) to the application as if it were an application under that Part.

23 Contravention of personal violence restraining order or interim personal violence restraining

- (1) A person commits an offence if:
 - (a) a personal violence restraining order or an interim personal violence restraining order is in force against the person; and
 - (b) the person engages in conduct that results in a contravention of the order.

Maximum penalty: 400 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply unless:
 - (a) the person has been given a copy of the order; or

- (b) for a personal violence restraining order that has been varied:
 - (i) the person has been given a copy of the order as varied; or
 - (ii) the person's conduct also constitutes a contravention of the order last given to the person.
- (3) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of strict liability.

24 Publication of personal details

- (1) A person commits an offence if:
 - (a) a personal violence restraining order or an interim personal violence restraining order prohibits the publication of a person's personal details; and
 - (b) the person engages in conduct that results in a contravention of the order.

Maximum penalty: 200 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year.

(2) An offence against subsection (1) is an offence of strict liability.

Part 4 Consequential amendments

Division 1 Cross-border Justice Act

25 Act amended

This Division amends the Cross-border Justice Act.

26 Section 7 amended

(1) Section 7, definition *restraining order*, paragraph (a)(ii)

omit

as defined in section 4 of the Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

insert

under the Personal Violence Restraining Orders

(2) Section 7, definition *restraining orders laws*, paragraph (a)(ii)

omit

Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

insert

Personal Violence Restraining Orders

Division 2 Cross-border Justice Regulations

27 Regulations amended

This Division amends the Cross-border Justice Regulations.

28 Regulation 25 repealed

Regulation 25

repeal

29 Part 3, Division 10A inserted

After regulation 36

insert

Division 10A Personal Violence Restraining Orders Act

37 Act modified

This Division prescribes modifications to the *Personal Violence* Restraining Orders Act.

38 New section 14A

After section 14

insert

14A Notice of order made in cross-border proceeding

- (1) This section applies in relation to a personal violence restraining order made by a prescribed court of the Territory if:
 - the order is made or varied in a cross-border proceeding for the purposes of which the defendant has a connection with a cross-border region; and

- (b) the protected person indicates at the time the order is made or varied that the person wants the order as made or varied to be registered under the restraining orders laws of another participating jurisdiction; and
- (c) the region is partly in the other jurisdiction.
- (2) A registrar must give a copy of the order as made or varied to:
 - (a) if the other jurisdiction is South Australia the Principal Registrar of the Magistrates Court of South Australia; or
 - (b) if the other jurisdiction is Western Australia the registrar of the Magistrates Court of Western Australia.

Division 3 Firearms Act

30 Act amended

This Division amends the Firearms Act.

31 Section 3 amended

(1) Section 3(1)

insert (in alphabetical order)

interim personal violence restraining order, see section 3 of the *Personal Violence Restraining Orders Act*.

(2) Section 3(1), definition *personal violence restraining order*, paragraph (a)

omit

Part IVA, Division 2 of the Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

insert

the Personal Violence Restraining Orders

32 Section 39 amended

Section 39(1), after "violence order"

insert

or interim personal violence restraining order

Division 4 Local Court (Criminal Procedure) Act

33 Act amended

This Division amends the Local Court (Criminal Procedure) Act.

34 Section 4 amended

(1) Section 4, definition *defendant*, paragraph (a)

omit

(2) Section 4, definition *personal violence offence*, *personal violence restraining order* and *protected person*

omit

35 Part IVA repealed

Part IVA

repeal

36 Section 141 amended

omit

the Court proper

insert

the Court thinks proper

37 Part VIII, Division 5 inserted

After section 209

insert

Division 5 Transitional matters for Personal Violence Restraining Orders Act 2016

210 Definitions

In this Division:

amendment Act means the Personal Violence Restraining Orders Act 2016.

commencement mean the commencement of the amendment Act.

existing order means a personal violence restraining order made under the repealed provisions and in force immediately before the commencement.

repealed provisions means Part IVA of this Act as in force immediately before its repeal by section 18 of the amendment Act.

211 Continuation of existing orders

On the commencement, an existing order becomes a personal violence restraining order under the amendment Act.

212 Continuation of existing proceedings

- (1) On the commencement, proceedings before the Court of Summary Jurisdiction under the repealed provisions become proceedings under the amendment Act.
- (2) Those proceedings continue uninterrupted and are not affected by the enactment of the amendment Act in place of the repealed provisions.

Note for section 212

Section 86 of the Local Court Act 2015 also applies in relation to the proceedings. That section provides that proceedings before the Court of Summary Jurisdiction continue as proceedings before the Local Court.

213 Continuation of existing documents

A summons, warrant or other document relating to an order made under the repealed provisions that, immediately before the commencement, had ongoing effect, continues with the same force and effect after the commencement.

Division 5 Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016

38 Act amended

This Division amends the Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016.

39 Part 2, Division 7 heading amended

Part 2, Division 7, heading

omit

Justices

Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016

insert

Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

40 Section 27 amended

Section 27

omit

Justices

insert

Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

41 Section 29 amended

(1) Section 29, heading

omit

Part IX, Division 5

insert

Part VIII, Division 6

(2) Section 29

omit

At the end of the Act

insert

After section 213

(3) Section 29

omit

Division 5 Transitional matters for Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016

207 Appeal already commenced

insert

Division 6 Transitional matters for Local Court (Related Amendments) Act 2016

214 Appeal already commenced

Division 6 Weapons Control Act

42 Act amended

This Division amends the Weapons Control Act.

43 Section 15 amended

Section 15(4), definition *personal violence restraining order*, paragraph (a)

omit

made under Part IVA, Division 2 of the Local Court (Criminal Procedure)

insert

under the Personal Violence Restraining Orders

Consequential amendments Expiry of Part Part 4

Division 7

Expiry of Part Division 7

44 **Expiry of Part**

This Part expires on the day after it commences.