NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

PAY-ROLL TAX AMENDMENT ACT 1999

No. 29 of 1999

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No. 29 of 1999

ANACT

to amend the Pay-roll Tax Act

[Assented to 18 June 1999] [Second reading 29 April 1999]

The Legislative Assembly of the Northern Territory enacts as follows:

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the Pay-roll Tax Amendment Act 1999.

2. Commencement

This Act comes into operation on the date fixed by the Administrator by notice in the *Gazette*.

3. Principal Act

The Pay-roll Tax Act is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

4. Interpretation

Section 3 of the Principal Act is amended –

- (a) by omitting from subsection (1) the definition of "employer" and substituting the following:
 - "'employer' means a person who pays or is liable to pay wages and includes the following:

'provided' has a meaning that corresponds with the meaning of 'provide' as given in section 136 of the FBTA Act and, without limiting the generality of paragraph (a) of the definition of 'provide' as given in that section, includes the meaning given in section 154 of that Act.".

6. Secrecy

Section 5 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (2) "\$500 or imprisonment for 12 months" and substituting "imprisonment for 2 years".

7. Pay-roll tax

Section 6 of the Principal Act is amended –

- (a) by omitting from subsection (1) all the words after paragraph (b) and substituting "tax at the rate of 6.75% of the total wages paid or payable in a return period of one month"; and
- (b) by omitting subsection (5).

8. General exemption

Section 8 of the Principal Act is amended -

- (a) by omitting from subsection (1) the definition of "prescribed amount" and substituting the following:
 - " 'prescribed amount' means -
 - (a) if the return is for a return period of one month -\$50,000; and
 - (b) if the return is for a return period of 2 or more months the product ascertained by multiplying \$50,000 by the number of months in that return period;";
- (b) by omitting from subsection (2) ", reduced by \$2 for each \$3 (disregarding any remainder) by which the amount of those taxable wages (in whole dollars) exceeds the prescribed amount"; and
- (c) by omitting from subsection (3) ", reduced by \$2 for each \$3 (disregarding any remainder) by which the amount of those taxable wages (in whole dollars) exceeds the same proportion of the prescribed amount".

9. Exemption from tax

Section 9 of the Principal Act is amended –

- (a) by omitting from paragraph (g)(ii) "dominions; or" and substituting "dominions;";
- (b) by omitting from paragraph (h) "Foundation." and substituting "Foundation; or"; and
- (c) by adding at the end the following:
 - "(j) by an employer
 - (i) to a class of employees;
 - (ii) for services; or
 - (iii) in circumstances,

that are prescribed by the Regulations.".

10. Annual adjustments

Section 10A of the Principal Act is amended –

(a) by omitting the formula set out in the definition of "prescribed amount" in subsection (1) and substituting the following:

$$\frac{TW}{TW + IW} \left[\frac{600,000C}{D} \right]$$

"; and

- (b) by inserting before subsection (2)(a) the following:
 - "(aa) the Commissioner may, where the amount of tax paid or payable by the employer when the employer made the returns relating to the financial year is greater than the annual amount of tax in relation to that employer for that financial year, refund or rebate to the employer an amount equal to the difference, reduced by any amount refunded to the employer under section 20;".

"; and

(b) by inserting after subsection (4) the following:

"(4A) Where the actual amount of tax paid or payable in respect of a financial year by the members of a group is greater than the annual amount of tax in relation to those members for that financial year, the Commissioner may refund or rebate to the person who was the designated group employer in respect of that group on 30 June in that financial year an amount equal to the difference, reduced by the total of any amounts refunded to any member of the group under section 20 in respect of the tax paid or payable by any such member when returns relating to that year were made or required to be made under this Act by that member."

16. Adjustment when members of group cease to pay taxable wages or interstate wages

Section 17L of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (5) "Section 17K(5) and (6)" and substituting "Section 17K(4A), (5) and (6)".

17. Liquidator to give notice

Section 26 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (4) "\$100" and substituting "50 penalty units".

18. Offences

Section 37 of the Principal Act is amended –

- (a) by omitting subsection (1) and substituting the following:
- "(1) A person who fails or neglects duly to furnish a return or information, or to comply with a requirement of the Commissioner, as and when required by or under this Act or the Regulations is guilty of an offence punishable, on being found guilty, by a fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.
- "(1A) A person who, without just cause shown by the person, refuses or neglects
 - (a) to attend and give evidence when required by the Commissioner or an officer duly authorised by the Commissioner;
 - (b) to answer truly and fully any questions put to the person by the Commissioner or any such officer; or
 - (c) to produce a book, document or paper required of the person by the Commissioner or any such officer,

is guilty of an offence punishable, on being found guilty, by a fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.

- "(1B) A person who –
- (a) furnishes a return that is false in a material particular; or
- (b) makes a false answer, whether orally or in writing, to a question put to the person by the Commissioner or an officer authorised by the Commissioner,

is guilty of an offence punishable, on being found guilty, by a fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.";

- (b) by omitting from subsection (2) "subsection (1)(c)" and substituting "subsection (1B)"; and
- (c) by inserting after subsection (2) the following:
- "(2A) A person who contravenes a provision of this Act for the contravention of which no penalty is expressly provided is guilty of an offence punishable, on being found guilty, by a fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.".

19. False declarations

Section 39 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting "4 years" and substituting "2 years".

20. Avoiding tax

Section 40 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting "\$1,000" and substituting "100 penalty units".

21. Time for commencing prosecutions

Section 41 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (2) "section 37(1)(a) or (c)" and substituting "section 37(1) or (1B)".

22. Obstructing persons

Section 43 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting "\$100" and substituting "imprisonment for 2 years".

23. How instituted

Section 45 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting "\$1,000 or the excess is abandoned" and substituting "50 penalty units".

24. Defendant to have right to trial in Supreme Court

Section 47 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting "\$200 and the excess is not abandoned" and substituting "50 penalty units".

25. Repeal

Sections 55 and 56 of the Principal Act are repealed.

26. Public officer of company

Section 58 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (3) "\$10 for every day during which the failure continues" and substituting "50 penalty units and an additional penalty of 0.1 penalty units for each day that the failure continues after the first day on which the failure occurred".

27. Books, accounts etc. to be preserved

Section 61 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (1) "\$200" and substituting "100 penalty units".

28. Regulations

Section 64 of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (1) "\$100" and substituting "50 penalty units".

29. New schedule

The Principal Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SCHEDULE

PROVISIONS ABOUT SUPERANNUATION

Section 3A

1. What this schedule is about

For the purposes of section 3A, this schedule sets out –

- (a) certain amounts that are to be taken to be contributions paid or payable by an employer in respect of a person to a superannuation fund; and
- (b) certain contributions paid or payable by an employer in respect of a person to a superannuation fund that are not to be taken to be superannuation benefits.

2. Definitions

- (1) In this schedule –
- 'actuary' means a Fellow or Accredited Member of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia;
- 'Australian superannuation scheme' means a superannuation scheme that
 - (a) was established in Australia or has an asset that is situated in Australia; and
 - (b) has its central management and control in Australia;
- 'defined benefit' means a benefit under a superannuation scheme that is defined (wholly or in part) by reference to either or both of the following:
 - (a) the amount of a participant's salary
 - (i) at a particular date, being the date of the termination of the participant's employment, the date of the participant's retirement or an earlier date; or
 - (ii) averaged over a period ending on such a date;
 - (b) a stated amount;
- 'individual superannuation guarantee shortfall' has the meaning given in the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 of the Commonwealth;
- 'participant', in relation to a superannuation scheme, means a person in respect of whom the scheme provides benefits that are or are to be funded to any extent by an employer's contributions under the scheme;
- 'regulated superannuation fund' has the meaning given in the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 of the Commonwealth;
- 'superannuation guarantee charge' means a charge imposed by the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 of the Commonwealth but does not include an additional superannuation guarantee charge under Part 7 of the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 of the Commonwealth;

- 'unfunded public sector scheme' means a public sector superannuation scheme within the meaning of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 of the Commonwealth, other than such a scheme that is funded in advance in accordance with actuarial advice at a level that is reasonably expected by the actuary to be adequate to provide for present and prospective liabilities in respect of benefits under the scheme.
- (2) Setting aside money or anything worth money as or as part of a superannuation scheme is to be taken to be paying it as a contribution to the superannuation fund.
- (3) Making a contribution to a superannuation fund of anything that is worth money is to be taken to be paying a contribution of the amount of money that it is worth and, for the purpose of determining that worth, section 3(4) applies as if references in that provision to taxable wages were references to contributions.
- (4) If an amount by way of administration or other charges in respect of the carrying on of a superannuation fund is paid other than to the fund, the amount is to be taken to be paid as a contribution to the fund.
- (5) If in a return period a person becomes obliged but fails to do anything that, if it were done, would by virtue of subclause (2), (3) or (4) be taken to be paying a contribution to a superannuation fund, the contribution to the superannuation fund is to be taken to be payable in the return period.
- (6) A contribution to a superannuation fund paid or payable by a person acting for or in concert with or under an arrangement or undertaking, whether formal or informal and whether express or implied, with an employer is to be taken to be paid or payable by the employer.
- (7) Contributions to a superannuation fund that are to be taken by this schedule to be paid or payable by an employer are cumulative upon one another, and upon contributions that are actually paid or payable, unless it is otherwise provided.
- 3. Australian scheme: unregulated defined benefit scheme or unfunded public sector defined benefit scheme
- (1) This clause applies in relation to an Australian superannuation scheme
 - (a) that -
 - (i) is not a regulated superannuation fund; or

- (ii) is an unfunded public sector scheme, whether or not it is a regulated superannuation scheme; and
- (b) that provides for an employer to contribute and for a defined benefit in respect of a person, whether or not it also provides for any benefit that is not a defined benefit.
- (2) A contribution is to be taken to be payable by the employer to the superannuation fund concerned in the return period in respect of each participant.
 - (3) The amount of the contribution in respect of a participant is –
 - (a) the amount that an actuary determines would be sufficient, together with earnings on the amount, to fully provide for the cost to the employer of the entitlement accruing under the scheme to benefits in respect of services performed or rendered by the participant in the return period; or
 - (b) if the Regulations prescribe how the amount of a contribution in respect of a class of participants of which the participant is a member is to be determined the amount so determined.
- (4) The Regulations may provide for how an actuary is to determine an amount under subclause (3).
- (5) If by virtue of subclause (2) a contribution by the employer under a scheme is to be taken to be payable to the superannuation fund concerned, no other contribution by the employer to the fund is to be taken to be a superannuation benefit unless—
 - (a) it is a contribution that the employer is to be taken to pay by virtue of clause 5; or
 - (b) the contribution is made for any reason other than to make provision for the cost referred to in subclause (3).

4. Unfunded credit to unregulated Australian scheme that gives no defined benefit

- (1) This clause applies in relation to an Australian superannuation scheme
 - (a) that -
 - (i) is not a regulated superannuation fund; and
 - (ii) does not provide for a defined benefit in respect of a person; and

- (b) under which an amount not excluded by subclause (3) is credited in a return period as an employer's contribution in respect of a person.
- (2) An amount that a person is obliged to but does not credit in a return period is to be taken to be credited in the return period and not at any other time.
 - (3) An amount -
 - (a) paid or payable as a contribution under the scheme; or
 - (b) that is to be taken (other than by virtue of subclause (4)) to be paid or payable as a contribution under the scheme,

is excluded from the amount referred to in subclause (1)(b).

- (4) A contribution of the amount mentioned in subclause (1)(b) is to be taken to be payable by the employer to the superannuation fund concerned in the return period in respect of each participant.
- (5) If by virtue of subclause (4) an amount credited as an employer's contribution under a scheme is to be taken to be payable to the fund concerned, to the extent that it is paid to meet (wholly or in part) an obligation arising from the credit, no contribution under the scheme is to be taken to be a superannuation benefit.

5. Superannuation guarantee charge

- (1) If a superannuation guarantee charge payable by an employee is imposed in a return period, a contribution of the amount of the charge is to be taken to be payable by the employer to a superannuation fund in the return period.
- (2) If the charge is imposed because of only one individual superannuation guarantee shortfall, the contribution is to be taken to be in respect of the person in respect of whom the employer has the shortfall.
- (3) If the charge is imposed because of an individual superannuation guarantee shortfall in respect of each of 2 or more persons, the contribution is to be taken to be in respect of each of them and to be apportioned according to the amount of the employer's individual superannuation guarantee shortfall in respect of each of them.
 - (4) If—
 - (a) a contribution that was payable but which the employer failed to pay in respect of a person is to be taken to be a superannuation benefit; and

(b) the charge is imposed wholly or in part because of an individual superannuation guarantee shortfall that results wholly or in part from the failure,

the amount of the contribution that is to be taken to be payable in respect of the person is reduced by the amount of the contribution referred to in paragraph (a).

(5) An amount cannot be reduced by virtue of subclause (4) to less than 0.

6. Treatment of certain contributions

- (1) A contribution in respect of services performed or rendered before 1 July 1999 is not to be taken to be a superannuation benefit.
- (2) If a contribution is partly in respect of services performed or rendered before 1 July 1999, the part that is in respect of services performed or rendered before that date is not to be taken to be a superannuation benefit.
- (3) For the purposes of this clause, a contribution is in respect of services performed or rendered before 1 July 1999 to the extent that the payment of the contribution is attributable to, or is to satisfy a benefit attributable to, a period of service before 1 July 1999.
 - (4) The Regulations may make provision in relation to –
 - (a) whether, or the extent to which, a contribution is paid or payable to a superannuation fund in respect of a particular person; or
 - (b) whether, or to the extent to which, the payment of a contribution to a superannuation fund is attributable, or is to satisfy a benefit attributable, to a period of service before 1 July 1999.".

30. Saving

Despite any provision in the Principal Act as amended by this Act and any regulations made under that Act, section 20A(5) of the Principal Act as in force before the commencement of this Act continues to apply in relation to a repayment of tax paid in respect of a financial year ending on or before 30 June 1999.

31. Contributions prepaid before commencement of this Act

(1) If the Commissioner considers that a thing done on or after 27 April 1999 but before 1 July 1999 amounts to the prepayment of a contribution referred to in section 3A of the amended Act, for the purposes of that Act, the Commissioner may determine that the thing is to be treated as if it had been done on 1 July 1999 and the amended Act applies accordingly.

- (2) A thing done on or after 27 April 1999 but before 1 July 1999 amounts to the prepayment of a contribution referred to in section 3A of the amended Act if, had it been done on 1 July 1999, the thing would have resulted in an amount being taken to be a superannuation benefit by virtue of section 3A of that Act (having regard to clause 6 of the Schedule to that Act).
- (3) In this section, "amended Act" means the Principal Act as amended by this Act.