NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY LAW REFORM REGULATIONS 2017

As in force at 16 December 2021

Table of provisions

Part 1	Preliminary matters	
1 2	Citation Commencement	
Part 3	Standards and guidelines	
5 6 7	Standards	2
Part 4	Reporting requirements	
Division	1 Reports to CHO	
8 9 10	Prescribed information Prescribed time for providing information Medical practitioner to provide information to CHO	4
Division	2 Other reporting requirements	
11 12	Approved forms	
ENDNOTES	3	

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

As in force at 16 December 2021

TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY LAW REFORM REGULATIONS 2017

Regulations under the Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Act 2017

Part 1 Preliminary matters

1 Citation

These Regulations may be cited as the *Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Regulations 2017.*

2 Commencement

These Regulations commence on the commencement of the *Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Act 2017.*

Part 3 Standards and guidelines

5 Standards

- (1) The CHO may, by *Gazette* notice, declare that a document applies as a standard in the Territory, or a specified part of the Territory, relating to the performance of terminations.
- (2) The declaration of the standard must:
 - (a) specify if the standard applies to the whole of the Territory or part of the Territory; and
 - (b) describe the subject matter of the standard; and
 - (c) specify the date on which the standard applies in the Territory or part of the Territory (which may not be earlier than the date of the notice); and
 - (d) specify the place where, and the times when, a person may inspect or purchase a copy of the standard.

6 Guidelines

- (1) The CHO may set guidelines relating to the policies, procedures and requirements involved in the performance of terminations.
- (2) The CHO must, by *Gazette* notice, give notice of making the guidelines.
- (3) The notice must:
 - (a) describe the subject matter of the guidelines; and
 - (b) specify the date on which the guidelines take effect (which may not be earlier than the date of the notice); and
 - (c) specify the place where, and the times when, a person may inspect or purchase a copy of the guidelines.

7 Inspection and purchase of copies of standards and guidelines

The CHO:

- (a) must make available copies of standards under the Act for inspection or purchase by members of the public; and
- (b) must make available copies of guidelines under the Act for inspection or purchase by members of the public.

Part 4 Reporting requirements

Division 1 Reports to CHO

8 Prescribed information

- (1) For section 17 of the Act, the following information is prescribed:
 - (a) the date of birth of the woman who received the termination;
 - (b) whether the woman who received the termination is an Aboriginal person;
 - (c) the region of the usual place of residence of the woman who received the termination;
 - (d) whether a follow up appointment in relation to the termination was arranged;
 - (e) the date the termination was performed or initiated;

- (f) whether the termination was performed or initiated in an emergency situation under section 10 of the Act;
- (g) the method of termination;
- (h) the number of gestational weeks at which the termination was performed or initiated;
- (i) the full name and provider number of:
 - (i) the medical practitioner who performed or initiated the termination or directed the performance or initiation of the termination; and
 - (ii) for a termination performed at more than 24 gestational weeks – any other medical practitioner who was consulted and who assessed the woman prior to the termination;
- (j) the location where the termination was performed or initiated;
- (k) for a termination by surgical procedure, or by a combination of both a surgical procedure and use of a termination drug – the name of the premises where the surgical procedure was performed;
- (I) for a termination by use of a termination drug whether the woman who received the termination drug was informed of the requirement to remain within 2 hours driving distance of a hospital.
- (2) In this regulation:

gestational weeks means the number of weeks of a woman's pregnancy as determined by a medical practitioner.

initiated means the point in relation to performing a termination, at which a termination drug is first administered to the woman.

location means a town or a suburb of a city.

method of termination means any of the following:

- (a) termination by surgical procedure;
- (b) termination by use of a termination drug;
- (c) termination by a combination of both means mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b);

(d) termination by a means other than a means mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).

region means one of the following regions in the Territory:

- (a) Alice Springs;
- (b) Barkly;
- (c) Belyuen;
- (d) Central Desert;
- (e) Coomalie;
- (f) Darwin;
- (g) East Arnhem;
- (h) Katherine;
- (i) Litchfield;
- (i) MacDonnell;
- (k) Palmerston;
- (I) Roper Gulf;
- (m) Tiwi Islands;
- (n) Victoria Daly;
- (o) Wagait;
- (p) West Arnhem;
- (q) West Daly.

9 Prescribed time for providing information

For section 17 of the Act, the following times are prescribed for providing the information prescribed by regulation 8:

- (a) for a termination by surgical procedure within 28 days after the performance of the termination;
- (b) for a termination by use of a termination drug within 28 days of the medical practitioner's last consultation with the woman in relation to the termination:

- (c) for termination by a combination of both a surgical procedure and by use of a termination drug within 28 days after the performance of the termination;
- (d) for termination by a means other than a surgical procedure or by use of a termination drug within 28 days of the medical practitioner's last consultation with the woman in relation to the termination.

10 Medical practitioner to provide information to CHO

(1) A medical practitioner who performs or directs the performance of a termination must provide to the CHO the information prescribed by regulation 8 in the approved form and within the time prescribed by regulation 9.

Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.

- (2) An offence against subregulation (1) is an offence of strict liability.
- (3) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subregulation (1) if the defendant has a reasonable excuse.

Division 2 Other reporting requirements

11 Approved forms

- (1) The CHO may approve forms for these Regulations.
- (2) The CHO must publish an approved form in a way decided by the CHO (for example, on the internet).

12 Disclosure of confidential information

- (1) A person commits an offence if:
 - (a) the person obtains confidential information through:
 - (i) acting or assisting in any way in connection with the performance of a termination; or
 - (ii) being present at a place where a confidential matter is evident or being discussed; or
 - (iii) the administration of the Act and these Regulations; and
 - (b) the person intentionally engages in conduct; and

(c) the conduct results in the disclosure of the confidential information and the person is reckless in relation to that result.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

- (2) Strict liability applies to subregulation (1)(a).
- (3) Subregulation (1) does not apply if:
 - (a) the person discloses the confidential information:
 - (i) with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or
 - (ii) for legal proceedings arising out of the operation of the Act; or
 - (iii) for public health information in a statistical form that does not identify:
 - (A) the woman to whom the information relates; or
 - (B) the medical practitioner who provided the information; or
 - (C) the premises for performing terminations to which the information relates; or
 - (b) the confidential information is otherwise available to the public.

Note for subregulation (3)

In addition to the circumstances mentioned in subregulation (3), a person who discloses confidential information will not be criminally responsible for an offence if the disclosure is justified or excused by or under a law (see section 43BE of the Criminal Code).

(4) In this regulation:

confidential information means any information that relates to a confidential matter.

confidential matter means a matter which includes any of the following:

- (a) details regarding a termination, including:
 - (i) any personal details of a woman receiving a termination; and
 - (ii) any circumstances (medical, psychological or social) relating to a termination; and

- (iii) any personal or professional details of a person involved in the performance of a termination;
- details of any advice provided to a woman in relation to (b) anything under the Act.

ENDNOTES

1 KEY

Key to abbreviations

amd = amended od = order
app = appendix om = omitted
bl = by-law pt = Part

ch = Chapter r = regulation/rule
cl = clause rem = remainder
div = Division renum = renumbered

exp = expires/expiredrep = repealedf = formss = sectionGaz = Gazettesch = Schedulehdg = headingsdiv = Subdivision

ins = inserted SL = Subordinate Legislation

It = long title sub = substituted

nc = not commenced

2 LIST OF LEGISLATION

Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Regulations (SL No. 20, 2017)

Notified 29 June 2017

Commenced 1 July 2017 (r 2, s 2 Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform

Act 2017 (Act No. 7, 2017) and Gaz S38, 28 June 2017)

Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Amendment Regulations 2018 (SL No. 17, 2018)

Notified 4 July 2018 Commenced 4 July 2018

Termination of Pregnancy Law Reform Legislation Amendment Act 2021 (Act No. 26, 2021)

2021)

Assent date 15 December 2021 Commenced 16 December 2021 (s 2)

3 GENERAL AMENDMENTS

General amendments of a formal nature (which are not referred to in the table of amendments to this reprint) are made by the *Interpretation Legislation Amendment Act 2018* (Act No. 22, 2018) to: rr 1 and 4.

4 LIST OF AMENDMENTS

pt 2 hdg	rep Act No. 26, 2021, s 9
r 3	rep Act No. 26, 2021, s 9
r 4	amd No. 17, 2018, r 4
	rep Act No. 26, 2021, s 9
r 8	amd Act No. 26, 2021, s 10