

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

TERRITORY PARKS AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BY-LAWS

As in force at 15 October 2008

Table of provisions

Part I	Preliminary	
1	Citation	1
2	Repeal	1
3	Definitions	1
4	Application of By-laws	3
Part II	Access to parks and reserves	
5	Hours of opening	3
6	Access to parks and reserves	4
7	Prohibition of swimming in certain areas	5
8	Camping	5
9	Use of powered vessels	6
10	Fees and charges	7
Part III	Control of activities	
11	Fires – general	8
11A	Fires – total fire ban	9
12	Deposit of waste matter	9
13	Trade and commerce	9
13A	Public events	10
14	Weapons, explosives and traps	11
15	Metal detectors	12
16	Chemical substances	13
16A	Use of certain substances and things prohibited	13
17	Wildlife	14
18	Disturbance of natural features	14
19	Water	15
20	Introduction of plants	16
21	Fishing	16
22	Introduction of animals	17
23	Interference with Commission property	17
24	Public behaviour	17
24A	Use of portable generators	18
25	Public meetings	18
26	Movement of objects	18
27	Protection of paintings, &c.	18

Part IV Use of vehicles, vessels and aircraft

28	Driving and riding of vehicles.....	19
29	Parking of vehicles	20
30	Speeding	20
31	Use of waterborne vessels	21
32	Operation of aircraft.....	21
35	Obedience to directions of conservation officer.....	22

Part IVA Manton Dam Recreation Area

35A	Application	22
35B	Definitions.....	22
35C	Obligations of driver of vessel.....	23
35D	Obligation to yield	23
35E	Driving power driven vessel underage.....	23
35F	Towing water-skier without ski observer	23
35G	Direction of water-skiing	24
35H	Wearing of flotation device	24
35I	Time of water-skiing	24
35J	Role of ski observer.....	24

Part IVB Channel Point Coastal Reserve

35K	Definition.....	25
35L	Vehicles.....	25
35M	Limit on number of permits	25

Part V Impounding of vehicles

36	Establishment of vehicle pound.....	25
37	Impounding of vehicle or boat.....	25
38	Notice of impounding.....	26
39	Vehicle or boat may be sold or disposed of.....	26
40	Sale to be by auction	27
41	Auction sales to be for cash.....	27
42	Removal of vehicles or boats after auction.....	27
43	Procedure where no bid received	28
44	Disposal of proceeds of auction.....	28
45	Claim against owner	28
46	No action or proceedings in respect of acts or omissions.....	28

Part VA Infringement notices

46A	Definitions.....	29
46B	When infringement notice for infringement offence may be served.....	29
46C	Contents of infringement notice	29
46D	Payment by cheque.....	30

46E	Withdrawal of infringement notice.....	31
46F	Liability of owner of motor vehicle.....	31
46G	Evidentiary certificates.....	32
46H	Application of Part	32

Part VAA Appeals

46J	Who may appeal.....	33
46K	Hearing procedure.....	33
46L	Operation and implementation of decision	33
46M	Decision on appeal	34

Part VI Miscellaneous

47	Compliance with directions	34
48	Removal of offenders	34
49	Seizure and destruction of animals.....	35
50	Obligation to give name on request	35
51	Erection of signs	35
52	Permits	36
52B	Conservation officer may require information	37

Schedule 1 Repealed By-laws

Schedule 2 Hours of opening

Schedule 3 Fees

Schedule 4 Infringement offences and prescribed amounts

ENDNOTES

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

As in force at 15 October 2008

TERRITORY PARKS AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BY-LAWS

By-laws under the *Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Act*

Part I Preliminary

1 Citation

These By-laws may be cited as the *Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws*.

2 Repeal

The By-laws specified in Schedule 1 are repealed.

3 Definitions

In these By-laws:

authorised officer, for Part VA, see by-law 46A.

authorized receptacle means a receptacle for the disposal of rubbish provided on a park or reserve.

camp includes:

- (a) stay overnight in a vehicle, vessel, tent or other temporary shelter; and
- (b) stay overnight in the open air; and
- (c) prepare a temporary shelter or park or moor a vehicle or vessel for the purpose of staying overnight.

camping area means a part of a park or reserve designated under by-law 8(1) as a camping area.

category A means a camping area with a high degree of site maintenance and facilities provided by the Commission which includes showers and septic, chemical or sewerage toilets, and may include lawned areas, receptacles, picnic tables, cooking facilities or serviced barbecues, tap water and individual camp sites.

category B means a camping area with a basic to moderate degree of site maintenance and facilities provided by the Commission which may include toilet facilities, picnic tables, tap water and barbecues.

category C means a camping area classified by the Commission as a youth camping area or outdoor education camping area, and that the degree of site maintenance and facilities varies between camping areas.

category D means a camping area that is managed commercially under a permit issued by the Commission under by-law 13, and that the degree of site maintenance and facilities varies between camping areas.

designated under by-law 51, for an area, means designated under a sign or notice erected, placed or displayed in a park or reserve under by-law 51.

driver, for a vehicle or vessel, means a person in control of the vehicle or vessel.

fire means a fire consuming a gaseous, liquid or solid fuel.

firearm means a firearm within the meaning of the *Firearms Act*.

information notice means a written notice to a person about a decision stating:

- (a) the decision; and
- (b) the reasons for the decision; and
- (c) that the person may appeal to the Local Court against the decision within 28 days after receipt of the notice.

infringement notice, see by-law 46B.

infringement offence, means an offence against a provision of these By-laws specified in Schedule 4, column 1.

licence means a licence granted under the *Motor Vehicles Act* to drive a motor vehicle.

motor vehicle has the same meaning as in the *Traffic Act*.

owner, for Part VA, see by-law 46A.

park or reserve includes land committed under a law of the Territory to the care, control and management of the Commission or which, under section 76(1) of the *Crown Lands Act*, may be managed, regulated or controlled by the Commission.

possession, for an item, includes having control of the item.

prescribed amount, for an infringement offence, means the amount specified opposite the offence provision in Schedule 4, column 2.

provided means provided by the Commission.

relevant law, for Part VA, see by-law 46A.

trap means a device that is made, adapted or used for capturing or constraining an animal.

vehicle has the same meaning as in the *Traffic Act*.

vehicle pound means a yard or other place declared under by-law 36 to be a vehicle pound.

weapon means an instrument capable of inflicting harm to a person or wildlife, and includes a device that is capable of discharging a projectile.

4 Application of By-laws

These By-laws apply to and in relation to all parks and reserves (including all land committed under a law of the Territory to the care, control and management of the Commission or which, under section 76(1) of the *Crown Lands Act*, may be managed, regulated or controlled by the Commission) except to the extent that they are inconsistent with by-laws made under section 71 of the Act in respect of a particular park or reserve or, in the case of land reserved under section 78 of the *Crown Lands Act*, the purpose for which it is reserved.

Part II Access to parks and reserves

5 Hours of opening

- (1) Subject to by-law 6, unless otherwise provided in its plan of management, a park or reserve shall be open to the public:
 - (a) where the park or reserve is specified in Schedule 2 – during the times specified therein in respect of that park or reserve;
or

(b) where the park or reserve is not specified in Schedule 2 – at all times.

- (2) A person shall not, without reasonable excuse, enter or remain on a park or reserve other than at a time during which the park or reserve is open to the public.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

6 Access to parks and reserves

- (1) The Commission may prohibit access to a park or reserve or part of a park or reserve if it is of the opinion that:

- (a) public safety may be endangered;
- (b) the protection and preservation of the park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve may be interfered with; or
- (c) disadvantage to the good order and management of the park or reserve may be caused,

by access to the park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve.

- (2) The Commission may prohibit access to a park or reserve or part of a park or reserve by a person or persons included in a class of persons where it is of the opinion that:

- (a) public safety may be endangered; or
- (b) the protection and preservation of the park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve may be interfered with,

by access to the park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve by that person or persons included in that class of persons.

- (3) Notice of a prohibition under clause (1) or (2) shall be:

- (a) published in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the park or reserve is situated; and
- (b) prominently displayed at all entrances to the park or reserve or part of the park or reserve to which the prohibition relates.

- (4) A person who, or a person included in a class of persons which, is prohibited under clause (1) or (2) from entering a park or reserve or part of a park or reserve shall not enter the park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

- (5) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against clause (4) if the defendant proves that his presence in the park or reserve or the part of the park or reserve was:
- (a) due to the existence of an emergency; or
 - (b) unavoidable by the taking of reasonable care.

7 Prohibition of swimming in certain areas

- (1) The Commission may declare an area of water in a park or reserve to be a prohibited area if it is of the opinion that the entry of a person into that area of water would be likely to:
- (a) result in the exposure of the person to danger or to a health hazard; or
 - (b) give rise to circumstances constituting a hazard to the health or safety of other persons.
- (2) Where the Commission makes a declaration under clause (1), it shall cause to be erected, as close to the area of water as is reasonably practicable, a sign bearing:
- (a) the words "ENTRY TO WATER PROHIBITED"; and
 - (b) a description of the area of water.
- (3) A person shall not enter an area of water in respect of which a declaration is in force under clause (1).

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

8 Camping

- (1) The Commission may, by means of clearly marked signs, designate an area within a park or reserve as a camping area.
- (1A) The Commission shall classify a camping area as category A, category B, category C or category D.
- (2) A person must not camp in a park or reserve except:
- (a) in a camping area; or

(b) in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

Note for clause (2)

A person who contravenes a condition of a camping permit commits an offence under this clause.

(3) A person must not camp in a camping area for more than 14 days in a 28 day period.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

(4) If a conservation officer reasonably believes a person has contravened clause (2) or (3), the officer may direct the person to remove anything used for camping in contravention of clause (2) or (3) to a place specified by the officer.

(5) The person must comply with the direction.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

(6) An offence against clause (2), (3) or (5) is a regulatory offence.

9 Use of powered vessels

(1) The Commission may, if it is of the opinion that the use of vessels propelled by power, or vessels included in a class of vessels propelled by power, would be likely to damage a park or reserve or interfere with the management of wildlife or with the enjoyment or safety of other persons, determine that an area of water in a park or reserve is an area in which the use of vessels:

(a) propelled by power; or

(b) included in a class of vessels propelled by power,

is prohibited.

(2) The power of the Commission to specify a vessel or a class of vessels propelled by power includes a power to specify a class by reference to:

(a) the manner in which the vessel or the class of vessels is so propelled; and

(b) the type, size, capacity or power of the engine by which the vessel or class of vessels is so propelled.

- (3) Where the Commission makes a determination under clause (1), it shall cause to be erected, as close to the area of water as is reasonably practicable, a sign bearing:
- (a) the words "POWER BOATS PROHIBITED";
 - (b) where the determination relates to vessels included in a class of vessels propelled by power – a description of the class of vessels the use of which is prohibited; and
 - (c) a description of the area of water.
- (5) A person must not, except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission:
- (a) use a vessel propelled by power on an area of water in respect of which a determination under clause (1)(a) is in force; or
 - (b) where a determination in respect of a class of vessels propelled by power is in force, use a vessel included in that class of vessels on an area of water in respect of which the determination is in force.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (6) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against clause (5) if the defendant proves that the use of the vessel or, in the case of an offence against clause (5)(b), the use of a vessel included in a class of vessels in respect of which a determination is in force, was due to the existence of an emergency.

10 Fees and charges

- (1) The fees set out in Schedule 3 shall be payable in respect of the activities and services specified therein.
- (1A) Notwithstanding clause (1), the Commission may from time to time, as it thinks fit, determine that special rates may be applied in relation to a fee set out in Schedule 3 by way of a discount to or waiver of the fee in respect of a class or group of persons, such as educational, scientific or special interest groups, pensioners, students, families, tourist operators, residents of a locality or visitors returning to a park and the Commission shall publish the special rates in a notice at the entrance to a park or reserve or at or near a place where fees are payable in a park or reserve, and in such other manner as it thinks fit.

- (2) A person shall not participate in or undertake an activity in respect of which a fee is fixed under Schedule 3 without having first paid that fee.

Maximum penalty: \$100.

- (3) A fee is not refundable where permission to participate in or undertake an activity in a park or reserve is revoked, or the person paying the fee does not take advantage of the facility or service for which he has paid.

- (4) For the purposes of this by-law and Schedule 3:

adult means a person who has attained the age of 16 years.

child means a person who has attained the age of 5 years but has not attained the age of 16 years.

family means not more than 2 adults and 4 children.

Part III Control of activities

11 Fires – general

- (1) A person must not light, maintain or use a fire in a park or reserve except in an area designated under by-law 51 as an area where fires are permitted (a **designated area**).

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

- (2) A person who has lit or used a fire in a designated area must not:

- (a) leave the fire unattended; or
- (b) fail to extinguish the fire before leaving the site of the fire.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (3) It is a defence to a charge of an offence against clause (2) if, before leaving the site of fire, the defendant arranged with a person apparently over the age of 18 years to remain at the place where the fire was and not leave until that person either:

- (a) extinguished the fire; or
- (b) made a similar arrangement with another person apparently over the age of 18 years.

11A Fires – total fire ban

- (1) The Commission may, by means of a sign or other notification, determine a period during which a total fire ban is in force in the whole or part of a park or reserve.
- (2) If a total fire ban is in force a person must not light, maintain or use a fire anywhere in the area to which the total fire ban applies.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

12 Deposit of waste matter

A person shall not in a park or reserve:

- (a) deposit rubbish or litter (not being rubble or household or industrial waste) elsewhere than in an authorized receptacle;
or
- (b) deposit or discharge:
 - (i) rubble or household or industrial waste; or
 - (ii) noxious, offensive or polluting substances or material,
elsewhere than in an area provided by means of a sign or other notification for the purpose.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

13 Trade and commerce

- (1) A person shall not in a park or reserve carry on trade or commerce except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

- (2) An application for a permit to carry on trade or commerce in a park or reserve shall be made in writing to the Commission and shall state:
 - (a) the name and business address of the applicant;
 - (b) the type of trade or commerce which the applicant proposes to carry on;
 - (c) the park or reserve or part of a park or reserve where the applicant proposes to carry on trade or commerce; and

- (d) such other matters as the Commission may require.
- (3) On consideration of the application, the Commission must:
 - (a) issue the permit; or
 - (b) refuse to issue the permit; or
 - (c) issue the permit subject to conditions.
- (3A) If the Commission decides to refuse to issue a permit, the Commission must give the applicant an information notice for the decision.
- (4) A permit issued under clause (3) shall be:
 - (a) valid for the period specified in the permit; and
 - (b) subject to such terms and conditions, if any, as the Commission thinks fit and specifies in the permit.
- (5) The Commission may determine the fee or royalty payable on the issue of a permit.
- (6) For the purposes of this by-law, **trade or commerce** includes selling, offering or exposing for sale any article, plying for hire any goods or services, photography for commercial purposes and the conduct of a tour, safari or excursion.

13A Public events

- (1) A person must not conduct a public event in a park or reserve except in accordance with a permit issued under this by-law.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.
- (2) An application for a permit is to be made in writing to the Commission and is to state:
 - (a) the name and address of the applicant;
 - (b) a description of the public event the applicant proposes to conduct;
 - (c) the park or reserve where the applicant proposes to conduct the public event;
 - (d) the part of the park or reserve to which access is to be restricted;

- (e) the class or classes of persons to whom access to that part of the park or reserve is to be restricted;
 - (f) the days on which, and the times during which, access to that part of the park or reserve is to be restricted; and
 - (g) such other matters as the Commission may require.
- (3) On consideration of the application, the Commission must:
- (a) issue the permit; or
 - (b) refuse to issue the permit; or
 - (c) issue the permit subject to conditions.
- (3A) If the Commission decides to refuse to issue a permit, the Commission must give the applicant an information notice for the decision.
- (4) A permit issued under clause (3):
- (a) is valid on the days, and during the times, specified in the permit; and
 - (b) is subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as the Commission thinks fit and specifies in the permit.
- (5) The Commission may determine a fee or royalty payable on the issue of a permit.
- (6) In this by-law:

public event, in relation to a park or reserve, means an event conducted in the park or reserve that members of the public may attend (whether on payment of a entry fee to the event or otherwise) and for the purposes of which event access to a part of the park or reserve is restricted to a class or classes of persons.

14 Weapons, explosives and traps

- (1) A person must not, except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission:
- (a) possess any of the following in a park or reserve:
 - (i) a firearm, speargun or other weapon;
 - (ii) ammunition, explosives or firework;
 - (iii) a net or other trap; or

(b) lay bait or poison.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

(2) Clause (1)(a) does not apply if the person reports possession of the item to the conservation officer in charge of the park or reserve on, or as soon as practicable after, entry to the park or reserve.

(3) A person mentioned in clause (2) must, on the request of a conservation officer, surrender the item.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

(4) The conservation officer must keep the item while the person remains in the park or reserve and return it, on request, when the person leaves the park or reserve.

(4A) A person must not discharge a firearm into a park or reserve from outside the park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

(5) A conservation officer may seize an item referred to in clause (1) which he has reason to suspect is or has been used in contravention of these By-laws or a permit referred to in that clause.

Note

Section 120 of the Act provides for the return or forfeiture of seized articles.

(6) An offence against clause (1), (3) or (4A) is a regulatory offence.

15 Metal detectors

(1) A person shall not use or carry a device manufactured for the purpose of detecting metals in a park or reserve except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

(2) A person who has in his possession a device referred to in clause (1) in respect of which he does not have a permit shall, at or as soon as practicable after, his entry to a park or reserve, report the possession to the conservation officer in charge of the park.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (3) A person referred to in clause (2) shall, on being requested by a conservation officer, surrender a device referred to in that clause to the conservation officer who shall retain it whilst the person remains in the park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (4) A conservation officer may seize a device referred to in clause (1) which he has reason to suspect is or has been used in contravention of these By-laws or a permit referred to in that clause.

16 Chemical substances

A person must not disperse or lay (whether from an aircraft or in another way) a chemical substance in a park or reserve except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$5 000.

16A Use of certain substances and things prohibited

- (1) The Commission may, if it is of the opinion that the use of a substance or thing may:

- (a) cause damage to or pollute a park or reserve or a part of a park or reserve;
- (b) cause damage to or pollute an area of water in a park or reserve; or
- (c) be harmful to wildlife in a park or reserve or in a part of, or in an area of water in, a park or reserve,

prohibit, by notice in the *Gazette*, the use of that substance or thing in the park or reserve or the part of, or the area of water in, the park or reserve, as the case may be, specified in the notice.

- (2) Where the Commission prohibits the use of a substance or thing under clause (1), it shall cause to be erected a sign specifying:

- (a) the substance or thing the use of which is prohibited; and
- (b) a description of the park or reserve or the part of, or the area of water in, the park or reserve, to which the prohibition applies,

where the prohibition is in respect of:

- (c) a park or reserve or a part of a park or reserve – at each entrance to that park or reserve or that part of the park or reserve; or
 - (d) an area of water in a park or reserve – as close to that area of water as is reasonably practicable.
- (3) A person shall not use a substance or thing the use of which is prohibited under clause (1) in a park or reserve or a part of, or an area of water in, a park or reserve specified in a notice under that clause.

Maximum penalty: \$5,000.

17 Wildlife

- (1) A person must not, except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission, damage, injure, destroy or otherwise interfere with wildlife that is an animal in a park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

- (2) A person must not, except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission, remove wildlife that is an animal from a park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

- (3) Clauses (1) and (2) do not apply to a person who damages, injures, destroys, interferes with or removes a fish from a park or reserve in accordance with by-law 21.

18 Disturbance of natural features

- (1) A person shall not, in a park or reserve:
- (a) dig or otherwise interfere with any soil, stone or other material forming part of the park or reserve; or
 - (b) remove, mark, damage, deface or otherwise interfere with a:
 - (i) rock or natural feature; or
 - (ii) tree, shrub or plant whether or not planted by the Commission,

except as provided in a plan of management in force under the Act.

Maximum penalty: \$5,000 and \$100 for each day during which the offence continues.

- (2) Clause (1) does not apply to the collection of dead wood.
- (3) The Commission may, by means of a sign or notice, designate an area where the collection of dead wood is permitted.
- (4) A person must not collect dead wood in a park or reserve except:
 - (a) in an area designated under clause (3); and
 - (b) for the purpose of a fire for cooking or providing warmth.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (5) A person must not remove dead wood from a park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (6) An offence against clause (1), (4) or (5) is a regulatory offence.

19 Water

A person shall not in a park or reserve:

- (a) take water, otherwise than for immediate domestic use in the park or reserve by him or persons accompanying him, or in accordance with the conditions attached to a permit to camp in that park or reserve, from a river, watercourse or natural water storage;
- (b) dam or divert a river or watercourse;
- (c) pump or siphon off water from a lake, river, watercourse or natural water storage for use in an agricultural, industrial or other enterprise; or
- (d) foul or pollute a lake, river, watercourse or natural water storage,

except in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$5,000 and \$1,000 for each day during which the offence continues.

20 Introduction of plants

A person shall not take into a park or reserve a plant except:

- (a) as food intended for consumption by him or a person accompanying him; or
- (b) in accordance with:
 - (i) a plan of management for that park or reserve in force under the Act; or
 - (ii) a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

21 Fishing

- (1) The Commission may, in respect of a lake, river, watercourse or area of water in a park or reserve, by:

- (a) notice in the *Gazette*; or
- (b) a clearly marked sign so indicating, prohibit fishing in that lake, river, watercourse or area of water.

- (2) A notice or sign under clause (1) may specify:

- (a) the type of equipment for, or method of, fishing that is prohibited; and
- (b) the kinds of fish that shall not be taken,

in or from a lake, river, watercourse or area of water.

- (3) A person who contravenes or fails to comply with a notice or sign under clause (2) is guilty of an offence.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

- (4) A person shall not carry or have in his possession fishing equipment in any place within 200 m of a lake, river, watercourse or area of water that is prohibited to fishing.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

- (5) Clauses (3) and (4) do not apply to a person acting in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

- (6) An offence against clause (3) is a regulatory offence.

22 Introduction of animals

- (1) A person must not take an animal into a park or reserve or allow an animal under the person's control to enter a park or reserve except in accordance with:
- (a) a *Gazette* notice published by the Commission; or
 - (b) a permit issued by the Commission; or
 - (c) a sign erected by the Commission permitting animals in an area.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (2) A notice or sign may be subject to conditions determined by the Commission, and the Commission must specify those conditions in or on the notice or sign.
- (3) An offence against clause (1) is a regulatory offence.

23 Interference with Commission property

- (1) A person shall not move, damage, remove or deface any barrier or fence which has been erected by or on behalf of the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (2) A person shall not move, damage, remove, deface or otherwise interfere with a:
- (a) building or structure being the property of the Commission or a lessee from the Commission; or
 - (b) property used for the purposes of the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

24 Public behaviour

A person must not, in a park or reserve:

- (a) create a disturbance or intentionally obstruct or disturb another person engaged in the proper use of the park or reserve; or
- (b) create noise or do anything that might cause reasonable offence or annoyance; or
- (c) behave in a disorderly, indecent or offensive manner; or

- (d) use offensive or indecent language; or
- (e) behave in a manner likely to injure the person or another person.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

24A Use of portable generators

- (1) The Commission may, by means of a sign, designate an area where the use of portable generators is permitted.
- (2) A person must not use a portable generator except:
 - (a) in an area designated under clause (1); or
 - (b) in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

25 Public meetings

A person shall not in a park or reserve organize, hold or cause to be held a public meeting, demonstration, public entertainment, fete or similar gathering of people except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

26 Movement of objects

A person shall not in a park or reserve throw, roll or discharge any object so that any person or wildlife is or may be put in danger or fear, or any damage to the park or reserve or any property therein is or may be caused.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

27 Protection of paintings, &c.

A person shall not, in a park or reserve, remove, interfere with or take an impression of an Aboriginal painting or historic painting, carving, object, structure or relic without the written approval of the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$5,000.

Part IV Use of vehicles, vessels and aircraft**28 Driving and riding of vehicles**

- (1) A person must not drive a vehicle in a park or reserve except:
- (a) on a road; or
 - (b) in a camping area; or
 - (c) in an area designated under by-law 51 as a parking area; or
 - (d) in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (2) Clause (1) does not apply to the riding of a horse or bicycle.

- (3) A person must not ride a horse in a park or reserve except:

- (a) on a road; or
- (b) in an area designated under by-law 51 as:
 - (i) a bridle path; or
 - (ii) a place where equestrian activities may take place; or
 - (iii) a parking area; or
- (c) in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (4) A person must not ride a bicycle in a park or reserve except:

- (a) on a road; or
- (b) in a camping area; or
- (c) in an area designated under by-law 51 as a parking area; or
- (d) in accordance with a sign erected by the Commission permitting the riding of bicycles; or
- (e) in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (5) An offence against clause (1), (3) or (4) is a regulatory offence.

- (6) For this by-law, riding a horse or bicycle includes having control of the horse or bicycle.

29 Parking of vehicles

- (1) A driver of a vehicle must not stop the vehicle at a place in a park or reserve to which a no stopping sign applies.

Maximum penalty: \$100.

- (2) A driver of a vehicle must not stop the vehicle at any place in a park or reserve to which a no parking sign applies, unless the person:

- (a) is dropping off, or picking up, passengers or goods; and
- (b) remains within 3 metres of the vehicle; and
- (c) completes the dropping off, or picking up, of the passengers or goods, and drives on, as soon as possible and within:
 - (i) 2 minutes after stopping the vehicle; or
 - (ii) if information on or with the sign indicates another time – the indicated time.

Maximum penalty: \$100.

- (3) An offence against clause (1) or (2) is a regulatory offence.

- (4) In this by-law:

no parking sign, means a no parking sign mentioned in the *Australian Road Rules*.

no stopping sign means a no stopping sign mentioned in the *Australian Road Rules*.

30 Speeding

- (1) A person shall not drive, ride or impel a vehicle without due care and attention or at a speed:

- (a) greater than that displayed on a sign or notice erected, placed or displayed under by-law 51 in that park or reserve; or
- (b) that is or may be dangerous to the public.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (2) Where a speed limit sign is erected on the left hand side of a road or track so that it faces an approaching driver of a vehicle on his

left, the maximum speed applicable in relation to the road or track between that speed limit sign and another speed limit sign or a speed limit derestriction sign erected on the same side of the road or track and facing in the same direction is a speed of a number of kilometres per hour equal to the number represented by the figures on the first-mentioned speed limit sign.

- (3) In this by-law, ***speed limit sign*** and ***speed limit derestriction sign*** respectively means a speed limit sign and speed limit derestriction sign within the meaning of the *Traffic Act*.

31 Use of waterborne vessels

- (1) A person shall not on a lake, river, watercourse or area of water in a park or reserve, ride, drive or impel a vessel without due care and attention or at a speed:
- (a) greater than that displayed on a sign erected, placed or displayed under by-law 51, if any, erected, placed or displayed in, on, or in relation to that lake, river, watercourse or area of water; or
 - (b) that is or may be dangerous to the public.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (2) A person shall not moor a vessel in a place on a lake, river, watercourse or area of water, other than at a place, designated by a sign erected, placed or displayed under by-law 51, for that purpose.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

32 Operation of aircraft

- (1) Subject to clause (2), a person shall not:
- (a) land or use a hang glider, fixed or rotary wing aircraft, gas balloon or hovercraft in a park or reserve; or
 - (b) drop or deliver a person or object into a park or reserve from an aircraft, gas balloon or hovercraft,

except:

- (c) in an area set aside for such purposes by the Commission;
- (d) with the written approval of the Commission;
- (e) in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Commission; or

(f) in the case of an emergency.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

(2) The Commission may, by notice in the *Gazette*, define an area or areas in a park or reserve which may be used for a purpose referred to in clause (1).

35 Obedience to directions of conservation officer

The driver of a motor vehicle in a park or reserve, shall comply with any reasonable direction given by signs or otherwise by a conservation officer:

(a) as to the manner of approaching or departing from a place; or

(b) regulating or controlling the stopping or parking of motor vehicles.

Part IVA Manton Dam Recreation Area

35A Application

This Part applies in respect of Manton Dam Recreation Area, being Northern Territory Portion 3837 described in Plan S89/380B lodged with the Registrar-General.

35B Definitions

In this Part, unless the contrary intention appears:

drive includes impel.

inflatable device includes a ski tube.

power driven vessel means a vessel propelled by mechanical power and includes a jet ski.

ski observer means the person in a vessel who is 12 years of age or older and is responsible for at all times watching the water-skier or any inflatable device being towed by the vessel and relaying any signals of the water-skier to the driver.

vessel includes a boat, launch, yacht, canoe, raft, pontoon and anything capable of carrying persons or goods through or on water.

water-skier includes a person who is being towed, by any means (whether or not for sport), in a manner similar to the manner in which a person is towed while water-skiing.

35C Obligations of driver of vessel

A person driving a vessel must not cause or permit the vessel to:

- (a) approach within 50 metres of a vessel towing a water-skier;
- (b) approach, while towing a water-skier, within 30 metres of a vessel, a person bathing or swimming or a structure;
- (c) tow an inflatable device, unless that inflatable device is in use;
- (d) tow more than one inflatable device at a time; or
- (e) tow a water-skier, or inflatable device, using a towrope that is more than 25 metres long.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

35D Obligation to yield

A person driving a vessel away from the shoreline must yield to a vessel passing along the shore or returning to the shore.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

35E Driving power driven vessel underage

A person must not drive a power driven vessel unless the person is 16 years of age or older.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

35F Towing water-skier without ski observer

- (1) A person driving a vessel must not cause or permit the vessel to tow a water-skier, unless there is in the vessel another person who is a ski observer.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

- (2) A water-skier must not permit himself or herself to be towed by a vessel, unless there is in the vessel another person who is a ski observer.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

35G Direction of water-skiing

A person driving a vessel must not tow a water-skier, or pick up or set down a water-skier, unless the vessel is moving in an anticlockwise direction.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

35H Wearing of flotation device

- (1) A water-skier must at all times wear a lifejacket, or other personal flotation device, that complies with Australian Standard AS1499, published by the Standards Association of Australia, as amended from time to time.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

- (2) A person driving a jet-ski that is towing a water-skier must at all times wear a lifejacket, or other personal flotation device, that complies with Australian Standard AS1499, published by the Standards Association of Australia, as amended from time to time.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

35I Time of water-skiing

A person must not between sunset and sunrise:

- (a) drive a vessel for the purposes of towing a water-skier;
- (b) be a ski observer in a vessel in relation to which water-skiing is occurring; or
- (c) water ski.

Maximum penalty: \$500.

35J Role of ski observer

The ski observer of a vessel towing a water-skier must:

- (a) be a person who is 12 years of age or older;
- (b) watch the water-skier at all times; and
- (c) relay the signals of the water-skier to the driver.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

Part IVB Channel Point Coastal Reserve

35K Definition

In this Part:

Channel Point Coastal Reserve means the area of land declared, under section 12(1) of the Act, to be a reserve by notice dated 30 May 2005 and published in *Gazette* No. S21 on 31 May 2005, and includes an adjacent area of land that is declared, under section 12(1) of the Act, to be a park or reserve, regardless of when the declaration is made.

35L Vehicles

- (1) A person must not drive a motor vehicle or vessel in the Channel Point Coastal Reserve except in accordance with a permit issued by the Commission.

Maximum penalty: \$1 000.

- (2) Clause (1) does not apply to a person entitled or permitted under the *Aboriginal Land Rights (Northern Territory) Act 1976* (Cth) or *Aboriginal Land Act* to enter or remain on Aboriginal land held by the Delissaville/Wagait/Larrakia Aboriginal Land Trust.

35M Limit on number of permits

There must not be in force at any time more than 10 permits issued for by-law 35L(1).

Part V Impounding of vehicles

36 Establishment of vehicle pound

The Commission may declare a yard or other place under its control to be a vehicle pound for the purposes of this Part.

37 Impounding of vehicle or boat

A conservation officer may remove or cause to be removed to a vehicle pound, a vehicle or boat which is:

- (a) causing an obstruction; or
- (b) left without the consent of the Commission, for a period of not less than 7 days,

in a park or reserve or on any land or premises owned by, or under the care, control and management of, the Commission.

38 Notice of impounding

- (1) As soon as practicable after the removal of a vehicle or boat under by-law 37 to a vehicle pound, the conservation officer shall give to the owner of the vehicle or boat notice in writing of the removal stating the vehicle pound to which the vehicle or boat was removed.
- (2) A notice under clause (1) shall, where practicable, be served on the owner personally, but if the notice cannot be served within 7 days after the removal of the vehicle or boat by reason of the fact that:
 - (a) the name of the owner cannot be ascertained; or
 - (b) the owner, if known, cannot be found,

then, upon the expiration of 7 days after the removal of the vehicle or boat, the Director shall cause notice of the removal of the vehicle or boat to be published in 2 advertisements appearing in successive weeks in:

- (c) the *Gazette*; and
- (d) in a newspaper circulating in the part of the Territory in which the park or reserve from which the vehicle or boat was removed or in such other manner as the Commission determines, having regard to the likely or presumed whereabouts of the owner.

39 Vehicle or boat may be sold or disposed of

- (1) Where the owner of a vehicle or boat does not, within 28 days of:
 - (a) the service on him of a notice under by-law 38(1); or
 - (b) of the date of publication of the second of the notices referred to in by-law 38(2),

whichever shall be the later, pay to the Commission all expenses incurred by it in connection with the removal, custody and maintenance of the vehicle or boat, and of service or advertisement of the notice, and take possession of the vehicle or boat, the Commission may, subject to clause (2) and by-law 40(1), sell the vehicle or boat by auction.

(2) Where a vehicle or boat:

- (a) is immobile and cannot be repaired at a cost which does not exceed its value;
- (b) has no identification marks; and
- (c) in the opinion of the Commission has a value of less than \$200,

the Commission may dispose of the vehicle or boat in such manner as it thinks fit.

40 Sale to be by auction

- (1) The sale of an impounded vehicle or boat shall, unless in the opinion of the Commission it is not practicable or convenient to do so, take place by auction.
- (2) The auction of an impounded vehicle or boat may be conducted by a licensed auctioneer or, if the Commission so determines, by the Director.
- (3) Not less than 7 days notice of an auction shall be given by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the area of the Territory in which the park or reserve from which the vehicle or boat was removed under by-law 36 is located.
- (4) The Commission may, before the sale by auction of an impounded vehicle or boat, by resolution fix a reserve price in respect of that vehicle.
- (5) Each vehicle or boat shall be sold as a single lot.

41 Auction sales to be for cash

Unless the Commission has determined otherwise, and given notice of its determination in the advertisement given under by-law 40(3), sale of an impounded vehicle or boat shall be cash at the fall of the hammer, and the moneys received by the person conducting the sale shall be paid to the Commission within 24 hours after the commencement of the auction.

42 Removal of vehicles or boats after auction

It shall be a condition of the sale of an impounded vehicle or boat at an auction that the vehicle or boat shall be removed by the purchaser immediately after the close of the auction.

43 Procedure where no bid received

Where an impounded vehicle or boat has been offered for sale by auction in accordance with this Part and no bid for the vehicle or boat has been made at the auction, the Commission may:

- (a) fix some other time for the sale of the vehicle, or boat and advertise the same in accordance with by-law 40(3); or
- (b) take possession of the vehicle or boat as the property of the Commission and dispose of it as it thinks fit.

44 Disposal of proceeds of auction

- (1) All moneys received in respect of the sale of a vehicle or boat shall be applied in the following manner and order:
 - (a) in payment of costs incurred by the Commission in the sale of the vehicle or boat;
 - (b) in payment of the cost of removal, custody and maintenance of the vehicle or boat and of the notice served or advertised under by-laws 38 and 40(3); and
 - (c) if so demanded, the residue shall be paid to the person who owned the vehicle or boat immediately before its removal and impounding.
- (2) Where, after the expiration of 6 months after the sale of an impounded vehicle or boat, any moneys remain in the possession of the Commission in respect of the sale and are unclaimed by the owner of the vehicle or boat or any person claiming through him, such moneys shall become the property of the Commission.

45 Claim against owner

The owner of a vehicle or boat shall be liable to the Commission for any expenses incurred by the Commission in the removal, custody, maintenance, sale or attempted sale or otherwise in the disposal, of the vehicle or boat under this Part and the Commission may recover as a debt due to it so much of those expenses as have not been satisfied by any proceeds from the sale of the vehicle or boat.

46 No action or proceedings in respect of acts or omissions

No civil or criminal action or proceedings shall be commenced or brought against the Commission, the Director or any person acting in the execution or intended execution of this Part, or in compliance or intended compliance with any direction given or purported to be given under this Part in respect of anything done or omitted to be

done in good faith by the Commission, the Director or that person under or for the purposes of this Part.

Part VA Infringement notices

46A Definitions

In this Part:

authorised officer, for a certificate about a motor vehicle, means the Registrar or other person administering the relevant law.

owner, of a motor vehicle, means a person in whose name the vehicle is or was last registered under the relevant law.

relevant law, for a motor vehicle, means:

- (a) if the vehicle is or was last registered in the Territory – the *Motor Vehicles Act*; or
- (b) if the vehicle is or was last registered in another jurisdiction – the corresponding law of the jurisdiction.

46B When infringement notice for infringement offence may be served

If a conservation officer reasonably believes a person has committed an infringement offence, the officer may serve a notice (an **infringement notice**) on the person.

46C Contents of infringement notice

- (1) The infringement notice must state the following particulars:
 - (a) the name and address of the alleged offender, if known;
 - (b) the date of the infringement notice;
 - (c) the date, time and place of the infringement offence;
 - (d) a description of the infringement offence and the prescribed amount payable for the offence;
 - (e) the enforcement agency, as defined in the *Fines and Penalties (Recovery) Act*, to whom the prescribed amount is payable.

- (2) The infringement notice must include a statement to the effect of the following:
- (a) the alleged offender may expiate the infringement offence and avoid further action in relation to the offence by paying the prescribed amount to the specified enforcement agency within 28 days after service of the notice;
 - (b) the alleged offender may elect under section 21 of the *Fines and Penalties (Recovery) Act* to have the matter dealt with by a court instead of under that Act by completing a statement of election and serving it on the specified enforcement agency;
 - (c) if the alleged offender is the owner of a motor vehicle used in the commission of the offence who was not in control of the vehicle when the offence was committed, the alleged offender may give the Director a statutory declaration under by-law 46F(3) within 28 days after service of the notice;
 - (d) if the alleged offender does nothing in response to the notice, enforcement action may be taken under the *Fines and Penalties (Recovery) Act* including (but not limited to) action for the following:
 - (i) suspension of the alleged offender's licence to drive;
 - (ii) suspension of the alleged offender's vehicle registration;
 - (iii) seizure of personal property of the alleged offender;
 - (iv) deduction of an amount from the alleged offender's wages or salary;
 - (v) registration of a statutory charge on land owned by the alleged offender;
 - (vi) making of a community work order for the alleged offender which may result in imprisonment of the alleged offender if the alleged offender breaches the order.
- (3) In addition the infringement notice must include an appropriate form for making the statement of election mentioned in clause (2)(b).

46D Payment by cheque

If an alleged offender tenders a cheque in payment of a prescribed amount, the amount is not taken to have been paid unless the cheque is cleared on first presentation.

46E Withdrawal of infringement notice

- (1) The Director may withdraw the infringement notice by written notice served on the alleged offender.
- (2) The notice must be served within 28 days after service of the infringement notice but before payment of the prescribed amount.

46F Liability of owner of motor vehicle

- (1) This by-law applies if:
 - (a) an offence involving the use of a motor vehicle is committed; and
 - (b) the name of the offender is not known when the infringement notice is issued for the offence.
- (2) The owner of the vehicle at the time the offence occurs is taken to have committed the offence even if the actual offender is someone else.
- (3) However, the owner of the vehicle is not taken to have committed the offence if, within 28 days after receiving the infringement notice, the owner gives the Director a statutory declaration complying with:
 - (a) clause (4) or (5); and
 - (b) if the owner is a body corporate – clause (7).
- (4) A statutory declaration complies with this clause if it states:
 - (a) the name and address of the natural person in control of the vehicle when the offence was committed; or
 - (b) if the name and address of that person are not known to the owner – all information known to the owner that may help in identifying or finding the person.
- (5) A statutory declaration complies with this clause if it states facts establishing the vehicle had been stolen, or was being used without the owner's consent, when the offence was committed.
- (6) If a statutory declaration made for clause (4) states that the owner had sold or otherwise disposed of the vehicle before the offence was committed, the statutory declaration must state the following:
 - (a) the name and address of the person to whom the vehicle was sold or disposed of;
 - (b) the date and, if relevant, the time of the sale or disposal;

- (c) if the sale or disposal was made through an agent – the name and address of the agent.
- (7) If the owner of the vehicle is a body corporate, a statutory declaration under clause (4) or (5) must be made by:
- (a) if the owner of the vehicle is a body politic or statutory corporation – a person properly authorised for the purpose; or
 - (b) if the owner of the vehicle is another body corporate – a director, secretary or manager of the body.

46G Evidentiary certificates

- (1) This by-law applies to proceedings for an infringement offence.
- (2) A certificate purporting to be signed by an authorised officer stating any of the following is evidence of the matter stated:
- (a) a person was the owner of a motor vehicle on a date;
 - (b) a notice of disposal (however described) for a motor vehicle under the relevant law shows:
 - (i) the vehicle was sold or disposed of on a date; and
 - (ii) a person is the new owner of the vehicle;
 - (c) a person was, under the relevant law, the former owner (however described) of a vehicle on a date.
- (3) A certificate purporting to be signed by the Director stating any of the following is evidence of the matter stated:
- (a) a document is a copy of an infringement notice for an infringement offence;
 - (b) an infringement notice was properly served on a person on a date.
- (4) In this by-law, a reference to a person or thing is a reference to a person or thing stated in the certificate.

46H Application of Part

- (1) This Part does not prejudice or affect the start or continuing of proceedings for an infringement offence unless the offence is expiated.
- (2) Also, this Part does not prevent more than one infringement notice for the same infringement offence being served on an alleged

offender and, to expiate the offence, it is sufficient for the alleged offender to pay the prescribed amount in accordance with any of the notices.

- (3) In addition, this Part does not:
 - (a) require an infringement notice to be served; and
 - (b) does not affect the liability of a person to be prosecuted in a court for an infringement offence for which an infringement notice has not been served.

Part VAA Appeals

46J Who may appeal

- (1) A person who is entitled to be given an information notice for a decision may appeal to the Local Court against the decision.
- (2) An appeal must:
 - (a) be started within 28 days after:
 - (i) if the person receives an information notice for the decision – the day the person receives the notice; or
 - (ii) if subparagraph (i) does not apply – the day the person becomes aware of the decision; and
 - (b) state fully the grounds on which it is made.

46K Hearing procedure

The appeal is a hearing de novo.

46L Operation and implementation of decision

- (1) The appeal does not affect the operation or implementation of the decision.
- (2) However, the Local Court may make an order staying or otherwise affecting the operation or implementation of so much of the decision as the Court considers appropriate to effectively hear and decide the appeal.
- (3) The order:
 - (a) is subject to any conditions stated in it; and

- (b) has effect:
 - (i) for the period stated in it; or
 - (ii) if no period is stated in it – until the Court has decided the appeal.

46M Decision on appeal

- (1) The Local Court must make an order:
 - (a) confirming the decision; or
 - (b) setting the decision aside and substituting its own decision.
- (2) If the Court makes an order under clause (1)(b), the substituted decision is, for these By-laws (other than this Part), taken to be the decision of the Commission.

Part VI Miscellaneous**47 Compliance with directions**

A person shall comply with and not contravene a lawful direction given to him by a conservation officer or honorary conservation officer in relation to the person's:

- (a) use of the park or reserve;
- (b) conduct or behaviour within the park or reserve; or
- (c) safety within a park or reserve.

Maximum penalty: \$1,000.

48 Removal of offenders

- (1) A conservation officer or honorary conservation officer may direct a person to leave a park or reserve if the officer reasonably believes the person:
 - (a) is a trespasser; or
 - (b) has contravened the Act or these By-laws.
- (2) The person must leave the park or reserve and not re-enter for 48 hours after the direction was given.

Maximum penalty: \$2 000.

- (3) An offence against clause (2) is a regulatory offence.
- (4) If the person does not comply with the direction, the officer may use reasonable force to remove the person from the park or reserve.

49 Seizure and destruction of animals

- (1) Subject to clause (3), an animal, other than wildlife, entering, straying or at large in a park or reserve otherwise than in accordance with by-law 22 may be seized, impounded or destroyed by a conservation officer.
- (2) The Commission may require the owner of an animal impounded under clause (1) to pay, before the animal is returned to its owner, the costs of impounding or keeping the animal.
- (3) Where, in relation to an animal seized or impounded pursuant to clause (1):
 - (a) no claim to ownership has been made; or
 - (b) the owner of the animal refuses to pay the costs referred to in clause (2);

within or after a period of 7 days after the date of the impounding, the Commission may cause the animal to be destroyed or disposed of.

50 Obligation to give name on request

- (1) A conservation officer or honorary conservation officer may require a person he believes on reasonable grounds to have contravened or failed to comply with these By-laws to give his name and address.
- (2) A person shall not fail or refuse to give his name and address when required to do so in accordance with clause (1).

Maximum penalty: \$500.

51 Erection of signs

- (1) The Commission may authorize the erection, placing or displaying of signs or notices in a park or reserve for the purpose of:
 - (a) regulating, prohibiting or restricting the use of, stopping or parking of vehicles, or defining the manner in which vehicles may be parked in, that park or reserve;

- (b) fixing the limits of speed at which vehicles may be driven in that park or reserve, or part of that park or reserve;
 - (c) designating part of that park or reserve as a place within which the parking of vehicles or the mooring of vessels is permitted;
 - (d) designating part of that park or reserve as a place within which camping or fires is permitted;
 - (e) designating part of that park or reserve as a bridle path or a place within which equestrian activities may take place;
 - (f) designating part of that park or reserve as a place within which the landing or taxiing of aircraft is permitted; or
 - (g) conveying information or a warning to persons using that park or reserve.
- (2) A sign or notice erected under clause (1) shall clearly indicate:
- (a) the purpose for which it has been erected, placed or displayed; and
 - (b) that part or those parts of the park or reserve to which the matters indicated in the sign apply.
- (3) A sign or notice erected, placed or displayed in a park or reserve shall, unless the contrary is established, be taken to have been erected, placed or displayed, as the case may be, by the authority of the Commission.
- (4) A person other than a person authorized by the Commission shall not:
- (a) in a park or reserve, erect, place or display a sign or notice that may be mistaken for a sign or notice erected for the purposes of clause (1); or
 - (b) remove, move, damage, obscure or otherwise interfere with a sign or notice erected under clause (1).

Maximum penalty: \$200.

52 Permits

- (1) An application for a permit under these By-laws, other than a permit issued under by-law 13 or 13A, shall be made in writing to the Director and shall state:
- (a) the name and address of the applicant;

- (b) the purpose for which the applicant requires the permit;
 - (c) the park or reserve for which or in relation to which the permit is required; and
 - (d) such other matters as the Commission may require.
- (2) On consideration of the application, the Commission must:
- (a) issue the permit; or
 - (b) refuse to issue the permit; or
 - (c) issue the permit subject to conditions.
- (2A) If the Commission decides to refuse to issue a permit, the Commission must give the applicant an information notice for the decision.
- (2B) The permit must specify:
- (a) how long the permit is in force; and
 - (b) any conditions of the permit.
- (3) A permit shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it has been issued whilst he remains in the park or reserve in relation to which it has been issued, and the holder shall produce it to a conservation officer or honorary conservation officer when requested to do so.
- Maximum penalty: \$50.
- (4) An offence against clause (3) is a regulatory offence.

52B Conservation officer may require information

- (1) Where a conservation officer has reason to believe that a person has committed an infringement offence, the officer may, if that person fails to produce his licence when requested to do so, require that person to:
- (a) state the person's name and address; and
 - (b) show some form of identification that will verify the person's name and address.

(2) Where a conservation officer has required a person to make a statement and show some form of identification in accordance with clause (1), that person shall not:

- (a) refuse or fail to make the statement or show the identification;
or
- (b) make a false statement or show false identification.

Penalty: \$500.

Schedule 1 Repealed By-laws

by-law 2

National Parks and Gardens (General) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Alice Springs Telegraph Station National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Ayers Rock – Mount Olga National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Berry Springs Recreation Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Daly River Recreation Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Devils Marbles Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Edith Falls National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Ellery Creek Big Hole) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Emily and Jessie Gaps Scenic Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Finke Gorge National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Glen Helen Gorge National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Howard Springs Recreation Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Katherine Gorge National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Katherine Low Level Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Katherine Sixteen Mile Caves Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Mataranka Pool Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Ormiston Gorge and Pound Scenic Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Serpentine Gorge) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Simpson's Gap National Park) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Trepina Gorge Scenic Reserve) By-laws

National Parks and Gardens (Waterfall Creek Recreation Reserve) By-laws

Schedule 2 Hours of opening

by-law 5

Park or Reserve	Hours open to Public
Alice Springs Desert Park	7 30 a.m. – 6 00 p.m. daily (last admission time 5 00 p.m.) Closed Christmas Day
Alice Springs Telegraph Station Historical Reserve	8 00 a.m. – 9 00 p.m. daily
Berry Spring Nature Park	8 00 a.m. – 7 00 p.m. daily
Cutta Cutta Caves Nature Park	8 30 a.m. – 4 30 p.m. daily
Howard Springs Nature Park	8 00 a.m. – 8 00 p.m. daily
Katherine Low Level Nature Park	7 00 a.m. – 8 00 p.m. daily
Leanyer Recreation Park	8 00 a.m. – 8 00 p.m. daily
Nitmiluk (Katherine Gorge) National Park	7 00 a.m. – 7 00 p.m. daily (excluding camping areas)
Territory Wildlife Park	8 30 a.m. – 6 00 p.m. daily (last admission time 4 00 p.m.) Closed Christmas Day

Schedule 3 Fees

by-law 10

PART A

Activity or Service	Fee
1. Provision of a specialist guide, being a person who has the specialist knowledge or the training necessary to conduct a tour, whether or not in a park or reserve, organised by and for a particular tour group	\$400-00 for each day, plus ancillary costs.
2. Permit to use park or reserve for purpose of taking animals specified in permit	\$15-00
3. Camping:	
(a) category A camping area	\$6-00 per adult for each night
	\$3-00 per child for each night
	\$14-00 per family for each night
(b) category B camping area	\$3.00 per adult for each night
	\$1-50 per child for each night
	\$7-00 per family for each night
(c) category C camping area, or camping by permit in non-designated area	\$3-00 per adult for each night
	\$1-50 per child for each night
	\$7-00 per family for each night

4.	Guided tours and talks of less than 3 hours, conducted by arrangement or at the discretion of the Chief District Ranger	\$2-00 per adult \$1-00 per child
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PART B

ENTRY FEE TO ALICE SPRINGS DESERT PARK AND TERRITORY
WILDLIFE PARK

Per Adult	\$20-00 (GST free)
Per Child	\$10-00 (GST free)

Schedule 4 Infringement offences and prescribed amounts

by-law 3, definitions ***infringement offence*** and ***prescribed amount***

Column 1	Column 2
Offence provision (by-law)	Prescribed amount
6(4)	\$100
7(3)	\$100
8(2), (3) and (5)	\$100
9(5)	\$50
11(1)	\$400
11(2)	\$200
11A(2)	\$400
12	\$50
14(1)	\$200
14(3) and (4A)	\$100
15(1), (2) and (3)	\$50
16	\$50
17(1) and (2)	\$200
18(1)	\$500
18(4) and (5)	\$100
19	\$50
20	\$100
21(3)	\$200
22(1)	\$200

23(1) and (2)	\$100
24	\$100
24A(2)	\$100
26	\$100
28(1), (3) and (4)	\$200
29(1) and (2)	\$25
30(1)	\$50
31(1) and (2)	\$50
35C	\$50
35D	\$50
35E	\$100
35F(1) and (2)	\$100
35G	\$50
35H(1) and (2)	\$50
35I	\$50
35J	\$100
35L	\$100
47	\$200
48(2)	\$200

ENDNOTES
1 KEY

Key to abbreviations

amd = amended	od = order
app = appendix	om = omitted
bl = by-law	pt = Part
ch = Chapter	r = regulation/rule
cl = clause	rem = remainder
div = Division	renum = renumbered
exp = expires/expired	rep = repealed
f = forms	s = section
Gaz = Gazette	sch = Schedule
hdg = heading	sdiv = Subdivision
ins = inserted	SL = Subordinate Legislation
lt = long title	sub = substituted
nc = not commenced	

2 LIST OF LEGISLATION***Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 1, 1984)***

Notified	24 January 1984
Commenced	24 January 1984

Amendments of the Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 40, 1985)

Notified	26 March 1986
Commenced	26 March 1986

Amendment of the Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 38, 1989)

Notified	22 December 1989
Commenced	22 December 1989

Amendments of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 56, 1991)

Notified	20 December 1991
Commenced	20 December 1991

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 35, 1992)

Notified	22 July 1992
Commenced	22 July 1992

Amendments of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 43, 1993)

Notified	8 December 1993
Commenced	8 December 1993

Amendments of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 4, 1997)

Notified	18 March 1997
Commenced	18 March 1997

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 25, 1997)

Notified	30 July 1997
Commenced	30 July 1997

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 31, 2000)

Notified 28 June 2000
Commenced 1 July 2000 (bl 1)

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 15, 2002)

Notified 19 June 2002
Commenced 19 June 2002

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 16, 2002)

Notified 19 June 2002
Commenced 19 June 2002

Amendment of Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation By-laws (SL No. 17, 2002)

Notified 19 June 2002
Commenced 19 June 2002

Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Amendment By-laws 2005 (SL No. 28, 2005)

Notified 31 August 2005
Commenced bl 6: 1 April 2006; rem: 31 August 2005 (bl 2)

Amending Legislation

Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Amendment (Fees) By-laws 2006 (SL No. 8, 2006)

Notified 8 March 2006
Commenced 8 March 2006

Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Amendment By-laws 2007 (SL No. 23, 2007)

Notified 8 August 2007
Commenced bl 4(3), 26 and 33: 1 October 2007; rem: 8 August 2007 (bl 2)

Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Amendment By-laws (No. 2) 2007 (SL No. 24, 2007)

Notified 16 August 2007
Commenced bl 5: 1 October 2007; rem: 16 August 2007 (bl 2)

Territory Parks and Wildlife Conservation Amendment (Fees) By-laws 2008 (SL No. 29, 2008)

Notified 15 October 2008
Commenced 15 October 2008

3 LIST OF AMENDMENTS

- bl 3 amd No. 40, 1985, bl 1; No. 56, 1991, bl 2; No. 43, 1993, bl 2; No. 4, 1997, bl 2; No. 28, 2005, bl 4; No. 23, 2007, bl 4
- bl 4 sub No. 40, 1985, bl 2
amd No. 28, 2005, bl 5
- bl 5 – 7 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
- bl 8 amd No. 43, 1993, bl 3; No. 4, 1997, bl 3; No. 23, 2007, bl 5
- bl 9 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 6 and 34
- bl 10 amd No. 43, 1993, bl 4; No. 23, 2007, bl 34
- bl 11 sub No. 23, 2007, bl 7
- bl 11A ins No. 23, 2007, bl 7
- bl 12 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
- bl 13 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 8 and 34

ENDNOTES

bl 13A	ins No. 17, 2002 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 9 and 34
bl 14	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 10
bl 15	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 11
bl 16	sub No. 23, 2007, bl 12
bl 16A	ins No. 38, 1989 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
bl 17	sub No. 23, 2007, bl 13
bl 18	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 14 and 34
bl 19	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 15 and 34
bl 20	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 16 and 34
bl 21	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 17 and 34
bl 22	amd No. 56, 1991, bl 3 sub No. 23, 2007, bl 18
bl 23	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 19
bl 24	sub No. 23, 2007, bl 20
bl 24A	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 20
bl 25	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 21 and 34
bl 26 – 27	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
bl 28 – 29	sub No. 23, 2007, bl 22
bl 30	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
bl 31	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 23
bl 32	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 24 and 34
bl 33 – 34	rep No. 56, 1991, bl 4
pt IVA hdg	ins No. 16, 2002
bl 35A – 35B	ins No. 16, 2002
bl 35C – 35J	ins No. 16, 2002 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
pt IVB hdg	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 25
bl 35K – 35M	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 25
pt VA hdg	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 26
bl 46A – 46H	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 26
pt VAA hdg	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 27
bl 46J – 46M	ins No. 23, 2007, bl 27
bl 47	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
bl 48	sub No. 23, 2007, bl 28
bl 50 – 51	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 34
bl 52	amd No. 23, 2007, bl 29 and 34
bl 52A	ins No. 56, 1991, bl 5 rep No. 23, 2007, bl 30 ins No. 24, 2007, bl 4 rep No. 24, 2007, bl 5
bl 52B	ins No. 56, 1991, bl 5 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 31
sch 2	amd No. 43, 1993, bl 5 sub No. 4, 1997, bl 4 amd No. 25, 1997
sch 3	amd No. 35, 1992 sub No. 43, 1993, bl 6; No. 4, 1997, bl 4; No. 31, 2000, bl 2; No. 28, 2005, bl 6 amd No. 23, 2007, bl 32; No. 29, 2008, bl 3
sch 4	ins No. 56, 1991, bl 6 amd No. 15, 2002 sub No. 23, 2007, bl 33