NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

LEGAL PRACTIONERS REGULATIONS

As in force at 1 May 2004

Table of provisions

1	Citation	1
1A	Admission fees	1
2	Section 20(3) prescribed fee	1
2A	Functions of holder of restricted practising certificate class 3 under section 22(3B)	1
2B	Employment counting towards unrestricted practising certificate	2
3	Practising certificate fees	3
4	Prohibited non-legal services and businesses of incorporated legal practice – section 35AE(3) of Act	3
4A	Particulars of notice of intention to commence providing legal services	4
4B	Prescribed period and particulars for notice of termination of provision of legal services	4
4C	Prohibited services and businesses of multi-disciplinary partnership – section 35AZO(2) of Act	
4D	Particulars of notice of intention to commence practice in multi-disciplinary partnership	
4E	Publication and notification of certain Court orders	
5	Legal assistance rules	
13	Notice by interstate legal practitioner of commencing to	
	practise in Territory	6

ENDNOTES

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

As in force at 1 May 2004

LEGAL PRACTIONERS REGULATIONS

Regulations under the Legal Practitioners Act

1 Citation

These Regulations may be cited as the *Legal Practitioners* Regulations.

1A Admission fees

For the purposes of section 14A(1) of the Act, all applicants for admission are in one class and the admission fee in respect of that class is \$100.

2 Section 20(3) prescribed fee

For the purposes of section 20(3) of the *Legal Practitioners Act* the prescribed fee is \$500.

2A Functions of holder of restricted practising certificate class 3 under section 22(3B)

- (1) Subject to subregulation (2), a legal practitioner who holds, or is to be deemed to hold, a restricted practising certificate class 3 may perform all the functions of a legal practitioner on behalf of:
 - (a) his employer; and
 - (b) where his employer is a corporation within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001, any other such corporation as is described in subregulation (3).
- (2) A legal practitioner who holds, or is to be deemed to hold, a restricted practising certificate class 3 shall not:
 - (a) receive or hold trust moneys; or
 - (b) perform legal work for a person who is an employee, director or office-bearer of the practitioner's employer, or of a corporation described in subregulation (3), unless the work relates directly to the functions performed by that person in the

business of the employer or that corporation.

- (3) The corporations referred to in subregulation (1)(b) are:
 - (a) any corporation which is related within the meaning of section 7(5) of the Corporations Act 2001 to the employer;
 - (b) any corporation:
 - (i) for which the employer has agreed to provide legal services or general management services; and
 - (ii) of which the employer, or a corporation related as mentioned in paragraph (a) to the employer, is a shareholder; and
 - (c) any corporation which is involved in a joint venture with the employer, or with a corporation within paragraph (a) or (b), where the employer has agreed to provide legal services or general management services for that joint venture.

2B Employment counting towards unrestricted practising certificate

The following departments, bodies and organizations are prescribed for the purposes of section 25(1)(c) of the Act:

The Attorney-General's Department of the Commonwealth of Australia

The Australian Government Solicitor

The Northern Land Council

The Central Australian Aboriginal Legal Aid Service Inc.

The Central Land Council

The Katherine Regional Aboriginal Legal Aid Service Inc.

The Law Society Northern Territory

The Northern Australian Aboriginal Legal Aid Service Inc.

The Solicitor for the Northern Territory

The Northern Territory Legal Aid Commission

The Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office of the Department of the Chief Minister.

The Pitjantjatjara Council Inc.

3 Practising certificate fees

For the purposes of section 32(1) of the Act, the prescribed amount is:

- (a) for an unrestricted practising certificate where the applicant is not a visiting counsel, \$1 400;
- (b) for an unrestricted practising certificate where the applicant is a visiting counsel, \$1 400; and
- (c) for a restricted practising certificate, \$1 260.

4 Prohibited non-legal services and businesses of incorporated legal practice – section 35AE(3) of Act

- (1) An incorporated legal practice must not act as the conveyancing lawyer for the purchaser of a property if the legal practice or a related body corporate of the legal practice acts:
 - (a) as real estate agent for the vendor in the sale of the property; or
 - (b) as the finance broker for the purchaser.

Penalty: 500 penalty units.

- (2) A related body corporate of an incorporated legal practice must not act as the conveyancing lawyer for the purchaser of a property if the body corporate, another related body corporate of the legal practice or the legal practice acts:
 - (a) as real estate agent for the vendor in the sale of the property; or
 - (b) as the finance broker for the purchaser.

Penalty: 500 penalty units.

4A Particulars of notice of intention to commence providing legal services

For section 35AG(1) of the Act, the following particulars are the contents of a corporation's notice of intention to commence providing legal services in this jurisdiction:

- (a) the corporation's name;
- (b) the corporation's Australian Business Number;
- (c) the address of the corporation's registered office;
- (d) the address of the corporation's proposed principal place of practice in this jurisdiction;
- (e) the name, residential address and date and place of birth of
 - (i) each lawyer director;
 - (ii) each non-lawyer director; and
 - (iii) each employee who is a legal practitioner;
- (f) the kinds of services (other than legal services) and businesses the corporation proposes to provide or conduct in this jurisdiction;
- (g) the date the corporation intends commencing to provide legal services in this jurisdiction.

4B Prescribed period and particulars for notice of termination of provision of legal services

- (1) For section 35AH(1) of the Act, the period for giving notice of a corporation ceasing to provide legal services in this jurisdiction is one month.
- (2) For section 35AH(1) of the Act, the following particulars are the contents of a corporation's notice of ceasing to provide legal services in this jurisdiction:
 - (a) the corporation's name;
 - (b) the corporation's Australian Business Number;
 - (c) the address of the corporation's registered office;
 - (d) the former address of the corporation's principal place of practice in this jurisdiction;

- (e) the name, residential address and date and place of birth of:
 - (i) each lawyer director;
 - (ii) each non-lawyer director; and
 - (iii) each employee who is a legal practitioner;
- (f) the kinds of services (other than legal services) and businesses the corporation formerly provided or conducted in this jurisdiction;
- (g) the date the corporation ceased to provide legal services in this jurisdiction.

4C Prohibited services and businesses of multi-disciplinary partnership – section 35AZO(2) of Act

A lawyer who acts as the conveyancing lawyer for the purchaser of a property must not be in partnership with a person who acts:

- (a) as real estate agent for the vendor in the sale of the property;
- (b) as the finance broker for the purchaser.

Penalty: 100 penalty units.

4D Particulars of notice of intention to commence practice in multi-disciplinary partnership

For section 35AZP(2) of the Act, the following particulars are the contents of a lawyer partner's notice of intention to commence providing legal services as a member of a multi-disciplinary partnership in the Territory:

- (a) the name and residential address of each partner;
- (b) the kinds of services (other than legal services) and businesses the partnership proposes to provide or conduct in the Territory.

4E Publication and notification of certain Court orders

As soon as practicable after the making of an order under section 35AZD, 35AZE or 35AZZE of the Act, the Law Society must:

- (a) publish notice of the making of the order in:
 - (i) the Gazette;

- (ii) a newspaper circulating generally in the Territory; and
- (iii) "Balance", the journal published by the Society; and
- (b) for an order under section 35AZE notify each interstate regulatory authority of the making of the order

5 Legal assistance rules

- (1) The provisions of this regulation are the legal assistance rules for the purposes of section 51(8A) of the Act.
- (2) The Complaints Committee may only direct a legal practitioner in accordance with section 51(8)(b) of the Act if:
 - (a) the person is unable to pay the costs of a legal practitioner in the matter; and
 - (b) there are compelling reasons why the person should be assisted by a legal practitioner.
- (3) For the purposes of subregulation (2)(b), compelling reasons include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - the person would be severely disadvantaged because of the person's limited English skills, intellectual capacity or education or because of some other reason that is accepted by the Complaints Committee;
 - (b) the complaint raises issues that are of general application, in the public interest or particularly complex.

Notice by interstate legal practitioner of commencing to practise in Territory

For section 134J(1) of the Act, the time for lodging notice with the Law Society is 10 working days after commencing to practise in the Territory.

ENDNOTES

1 KEY

Key to abbreviations

amd = amended od = order
app = appendix om = omitted
bl = by-law pt = Part

ch = Chapter r = regulation/rule
cl = clause rem = remainder
div = Division renum = renumbered

exp = expires/expiredrep = repealedf = formss = sectionGaz = Gazettesch = Schedulehdg = headingsdiv = Subdivision

ins = inserted SL = Subordinate Legislation

It = long title sub = substituted

nc = not commenced

2 LIST OF LEGISLATION

Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 26, 1980)

Notified 11 July 1980 Commenced 11 July 1980

Amendments of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 54, 1982)

Notified 30 September 1982 Commenced 1 October 1982 (r 1)

Amendments of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 55, 1984)

Notified 19 September 1984 Commenced 19 September 1984

Amendment of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 35, 1986)

Notified 17 September 1986 Commenced 17 September 1986

Amendment of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 38, 1987)

Notified 30 September 1987 Commenced 1 October 1987 (r 1)

Amendment of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 40, 1988)

Notified 30 September 1988 Commenced 30 September 1988

Amendments of the Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 31, 1989)

Notified 8 November 1989 Commenced 8 November 1989 Director of Public Prosecutions (Consequential Amendments) Act 1990 (Act No. 29,

1990)

Assent date 11 June 1990

Commenced 21 January 1991 (s 2, s 2 *Director of Public Prosecutions*

Act 1990 (Act No. 35, 1990) and Gaz G2,16 January 1991,

p 9)

Amendments of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 31, 1990)

Notified 30 August 1990

Commenced 1 September 1990 (r 1 and s 2 *Legal Practitioners*

Amendment Act (No. 2) 1990 (Act No. 43, 1990))

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 41, 1990)

Notified 1 October 1990 Commenced 1 October 1990

Amendments of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 29, 1993)

Notified 8 September 1993 Commenced 1 October 1993 (r 1)

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 33, 1993)

Notified 1 October 1993 Commenced 1 October 1993

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 35, 1996)

Notified 10 July 1996 Commenced 10 July 1996

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 36, 1998)

Notified 1 October 1998 Commenced 1 October 1998

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 49, 2000)

Notified 1 October 2000

Commenced 1 October 2000 (r 1, s 2 *Legal Practitioners Amendment*

Act 2000 (Act No. 29, 2000) and Gaz G29, 26 July 2000, p 4)

Corporations Reform (Consequential Amendments NT) Act 2001 (Act No. 17, 2001)

Assent date 29 June 2001

Commenced 15 July 2001 (s 2, s 2 Corporations Act 2001 (Cth Act No. 50,

2001) and Cth Gaz S285, 13 July 2001)

Statute Law Revision Act (No. 2) 2001 (Act No. 62, 2001)

Assent date 11 December 2001 Commenced 11 December 2001

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 4, 2002)

Notified 10 April 2002 Commenced 10 April 2002

Statute Law Revision Act 2002 (Act No. 18, 2002)

Assent date 7 June 2002 Commenced 7 June 2002

Amendment of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 35, 2002)

Notified 1 October 2002 Commenced 1 October 2002

Statute Law Revision Act (No. 2) 2002 (Act No. 59, 2002)

Assent date 7 November 2002 Commenced 7 November 2002

Amendments of Legal Practitioners Regulations (SL No. 10, 2004)

Notified 28 April 2004

Commenced 1 May 2004 (r1, s 2 Legal Practitioners Amendment

(Incorporated Legal Practices and Multi-Disciplinary Partnerships) Act 2003 (Act No. 51, 2003) and Gaz G17,

28 April 2004, p 2)

3 LIST OF AMENDMENTS

r 1AA	ins No. 31, 1990, r 2
	rep No. 33, 1993, r 2
r 1A	ins No. 54, 1982, r 2
	amd No. 40, 1988, r 1
r 2	amd No. 31, 1989
r 2A	ins No. 38, 1987, r 2
	amd Act No. 17, 2001, s 22
r 2B	ins No. 38, 1987, r 2
	amd No. 40, 1988, r 2; Act No. 29, 1990, s 7; No. 35, 1996; No. 62, 2001,
	s 17; No. 18, 2002, s 7; Act No. 59, 2002, s 3
r 3	ins No. 54, 1982, r 2
	amd No. 55 1984; No. 35, 1986; No. 40, 1988, r 3; No. 41, 1990; No. 29,
	1993, r 2; No. 36, 1998; No. 35, 2002, r 2
r 4	ins No. 49, 2000, r 2
	sub No. 10, 2004, r 2
rr 4A – 4E	ins No. 10, 2004, r 2
r 5	ins No. 4, 2002
r 13	ins No. 10, 2004, r 3
sch 1	ins No. 31, 1990, r 3
	rep No. 33, 1993, r 2