NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

BUILDING REGULATIONS

As in force at 7 January 1998

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NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

As in force at 7 January 1998

BUILDING REGULATIONS

Regulations under the Building Act

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Citation

These regulations may be cited as the *Building Regulations*.

2 Interpretation

(1) In these Regulations unless the contrary intention appears:

flood prone area means a part of Territory specified in Schedule 4.

pergola does not include a building that has a roof or sides that are impermeable to the wind.

the Building Code means the Building Code of Australia 1996 published by or on behalf of the Australian Building Codes Board as amended from time to time.

the National Plumbing Code means the National Plumbing and Drainage Code set out in AS3500 published by the Standards Association of Australia as amended from time to time.

- (2) For the purposes of these regulations the erection of a building that has been removed and trans-ported from another site or another location on the same site is to be regarded as the erection of a building.
- (3) A reference in these regulations to a building as a building of a particular Class is a reference to a building of that Class as specified under the classification in Part A3.2 of the Building Code.
- (4) In reckoning time for the purposes of these regulations public holidays, Saturdays and Sundays shall be excluded.

3 Exemptions

- (1) These regulations do not apply to:
 - (a) temporary offices and sheds used by builders on or about the site of any building on which building work is being carried out or used by contractors in carrying out works for any public authority on or about the site of the work and used exclusively for the purposes of that building or work;
 - (b) any building classified as a Class 10 Building to which electrical, plumbing or drainage services are not provided and that is:
 - (i) situated not less than 40 m from any boundary of the allotment on which it stands or is to be constructed, has an aggregate roof area not exceeding 12 m² and is not more than 2100 mm in height above the mean natural ground level of its site;
 - (ii) situated not less than 70 m from any boundary of the allotment on which it stands or is to be constructed, has an aggregate roof area not exceeding 30 m² and is not more than 2400 mm in height above the mean natural ground level of its site;
 - a fence that offers minimal resistance to wind loading such as a chain mesh or a similar kind of fence and in any event a fence that does not exceed a height of 1m;
 - (d) a pergola that has an area not exceeding 30 m² and that is not less than 50 mm from a building to which these Regulations apply and that is not attached or connected in any way to any building; or
 - (e) minor plumbing maintenance work such as the replacement of a component by a similar component but not including drainage work.
- (2) Sections 55 and 65 of the Act do not apply to or in relation to:
 - (a) any building classified as a Class 10 Building that is of a type approved by the Director and is constructed in accordance with that approval;
 - (b) plumbing or drainage work that is not done in connection with or incidentally to other building work if:
 - (i) notice of the work undertaken is given to the Director not later than 7 days after the work is carried out; and

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- (ii) the notice is accompanied by a certificate in the approved form of the relevant building practitioner that the work conforms to the relevant code or standard.
- (3) The prescribed classes of building for the purposes of section 61 of the Act are Class 1 buildings, Class 2 buildings that have no more than 3 residential storeys and class 10 buildings.
- (4) Section 61 of the Act does not apply to a public authority.
- (5) Section 62 of the Act does not apply to a public authority.

Part 2 Building standards

4 Building Code adopted

- (1) Subject to these Regulations, the Building Code, the National Plumbing and Drainage Code as modified in Schedule 5 and the Northern Territory Code of Practise for the Installation of Septic Tanks and Effluent Disposal Systems as published by the Department of Lands, Housing and Local Government apply to any building that can be classified according to use under Part A3.2 of the Building Code and to any building work referred to in the Act or in the Building Code.
- (2) Building work shall conform with these regulations but where the Director is of the opinion that any building work consists only of minor work and does not adversely affect the safety of persons accommodated in or resorting to a building or property in or in the vicinity of a building the Director may determine that these Regulations, or such of the provisions of these Regulations as are specified by the Director, do not or does not apply, as the case requires, in relation to such work and any such determination has effect accordingly.

5 Accrediting persons or bodies

- (1) The following persons or bodies are prescribed as accrediting persons or bodies for the purposes of section 53 of the Act:
 - (a) the Australian Building Codes Board;
 - (b) the Building Advisory Committee established under section 9 of the Act;
 - (c) the Standards Association of Australia;
 - (d) the Power and Water Authority established under the *Power* and *Water Authority Act*.

- (2) A person or body referred to in subregulation (1) may issue certificates of accreditation in relation to building products, construction methods, designs, components and systems accredited by the person or body.
- (3) A certificate of accreditation issued under subregulation (2) shall be in the form approved by the Director.

6 Application for building permit

An application for a building permit shall be accompanied by:

- (a) drawings showing the plan and proposed usage at each floor level, elevations, sections and dimensions of the building, the sizes and locations of structural members to a scale of not less than 1:100;
- (b) drawings containing sufficient detail and at a scale appropriate to the work carried out or to be carried out to show the plumbing and drainage work to be carried out;
- (c) drawings to a scale of not less than 1:500 showing:
 - (i) the boundaries and dimensions of the allotment, relevant easements and adjacent streets;
 - (ii) the position and dimension of the building and the relationship of the building to the boundaries of the allotment, existing buildings on the allotment and adjoining allotments together with details of the purposes for which the buildings are to be used; and
 - (iii) the levels of the site and of the floors of the building in relation to an adjoining street channel, if any; and
- (d) in the case of an alteration or modification of a building a statement that describes the purposes for which the building has been used and is to be used.

7 Time for the supply of additional information

The time within which additional information is required to be supplied by an applicant for a building permit is the time specified by the building certifier or 40 days, whichever is the greater.

8 Reporting authority

- (1) A person or body specified in column 1 of Schedule 2:
 - (a) is a reporting authority in relation to the class of buildings or building work, as the case may be, specified opposite to that person or body in Column 2 of that Schedule; and
 - (b) is to report upon such of the matters specified opposite to that class of building or building work, as the case requires, in Column 3 of that Schedule as are relevant in relation to the buildings or building work the subject of a request for a report or consent.
- (2) Where a report is required from a reporting authority the building certifier shall supply the reporting authority with sufficient detailed drawings and other information to enable the reporting authority to properly consider the matter.
- (3) Nothing in subregulation (1) affects any consent or approval required to be given in relation to a building or building work under any other Act or regulation under any other Act.

9 Limitation of time for reporting authority

A reporting authority is taken to have supplied a report in relation to an application for a building permit if the report is not supplied within 10 days of the receipt of the request for the report at the head office of the reporting authority in the Territory as determined by the Director.

10 Limitation of time for building certifier to decide application for building permit

The time within which a building certifier shall decide an application for a building permit is:

- (a) if additional information is not required by the building certifier under section 58 of the Act 20 days from the day that a completed application is made to the building certifier;
- (b) if additional information is required by the building certifier under section 58 of the Act – 20 days from the day that all the additional information required by the building certifier is supplied to the building certifier.

Prescribed approvals for the purposes of section 59(1)(b) and (c)

- (1) The following consents and approvals are prescribed for the purposes of section 59(1)(b) of the Act:
 - (a) if the proposed building is to be constructed on Crown land or the building work is proposed to be carried out on Crown land, the approval of the person or body administering the land;
 - (b) the approval of any person or body having a right under law to an easement over the land on which or adjacent to which the building is to be constructed or building work is to be carried out; and
 - (c) if the building work is to be undertaken in relation to a building listed as a heritage building or involves any other thing listed under the *Heritage Conservation Act*, the consent of the Minister to whom the administration of the *Heritage Conservation Act* is allotted by the Administrator.
- (2) The following conditions are prescribed for the purposes of section 59(1)(c) of the Act:
 - (a) any condition imposed under a Planning Instrument in force under the *Planning Act*;
 - (b) any conditional consent imposed under the *Planning Act*, and
 - (c) any condition imposed by a covenant or encumbrance on the title of the land on which the building work is to be carried out.

12 Historic buildings

The person specified as the person for the purpose of section 60 of the Act in relation to historic buildings is the Minister to whom the administration of the Heritage Conservation Act is allotted by the Administrator.

13 Duration of building permit

- (1) A building permit is valid for a period of 2 years commencing from the date on which it is granted.
- (2) The time referred to in subregulation (1) may be extended if an application for that purpose is made to the building certifier before the expiration of the time for which the building permit is valid.

(3) Any extension of time granted under subregulation (2) shall be notified to the Director and the notification must include the reasons for which the extension is granted.

14 Distribution of plans and drawings

Where a building permit has been granted a copy of the application, approved drawings and certificates which the certifier has relied upon for the purposes of section 40 of the Act and building permit shall be forwarded to:

- (a) the Director; and
- (b) the owner or the owner's agent.

15 Access to records

The owner, or the agent of the owner, of a building in relation to which a building permit has been granted under the Act may:

- (a) inspect a copy of the drawings and documents referred to in regulation 14 at the office of the person or body that has approved the application or at the office of the Director; and
- (b) request the person or body by whom any application has been granted to stamp or endorse one or more copies of the drawings and documents as evidence of that approval and any such request shall be complied with on payment of a reasonable fee.

Part 3 Inspection and certification of buildings

16 Drainage works to be notified

The plumber or drainer carrying out drainage works shall:

- (a) notify the Director of the completion of drainage work prior to covering up those works; and
- (b) stop carrying out those works if directed to do so by the Director.

17 Limitation of time for reporting authorities in relation to occupancy permit

A reporting authority is taken to have supplied a report in relation to an application for an occupancy permit if the report is not supplied within 10 days of the date of the receipt of the request for the report at the head office of the reporting authority in the Territory as

determined by the Director.

18 Occupancy permits

- (1) The copy of an occupancy permit forwarded to the Director under section 42(1)(c) of the Act shall be accompanied by:
 - (a) a copy of the list of inspections of the building work made in relation to the inspection stages specified under section 62 of the Act;
 - (b) a copy of the declaration given under section 69(1) in relation to the building work; and
 - (c) where the building certifier has performed a function under the Act relying on a certificate by a building practitioner that the work complies with the Act or the regulations, a copy of that certificate.
- (2) If more than one occupancy permit has been granted in relation to a building a building certifier may issue a consolidated occupancy permit in relation to the whole building and where the building certifier does so the building certifier shall revoke the existing occupancy permits.

19 Limitation of time for building certifier to decide application

The period within which a building certifier shall decide an application for an occupancy permit is 20 days commencing from the day on which the application for the occupancy permit is lodged with the building certifier.

20 Change of use

- (1) This regulation applies to any building, whether erected before or after the commencement of these Regulations.
- (2) The use of a building shall not be changed to another use unless the change to that other use has been approved by a building certifier.
- (3) Before making any change in the use of a building the owner of the building or the owner's agent shall apply in writing to a building certifier setting out the nature of the proposed other use.
- (4) A building certifier shall not approve a change of use of a building to another use unless:
 - (a) the building will conform with the requirements of the Building Code applicable to that other use;

- (b) all relevant planning or other consents, reports or approvals (if any) required under the Act and these regulations have been obtained or supplied;
- (c) all planning or other conditions, if any, have been complied with.
- (5) Upon approving of a change of use the building certifier shall:
 - (a) revoke the existing occupancy permit issued in relation to the building (if any);
 - (b) prepare an occupancy permit in accordance with the Act and these regulations with respect to the new use;
 - (c) issue the original of the occupancy permit to the person proposing the change of use; and
 - (d) forward a copy of the occupancy permit to the Director.

Part 4 Approvals etc., by other persons or bodies

21 Certificates by other persons

A building certifier may in exercising functions under the Act or these regulations rely on a certificate that work complies with the Act and these regulations given by:

- (a) in relation to the compliance of the design of the building with these Regulations an architect;
- (b) in relation to the structure of a building a structural engineer;
- (c) in relation to the mechanical systems of a building a mechanical engineer;
- (d) in relation to the hydraulic services of a building a hydraulic engineer;
- (e) in relation to the plumbing, drainage work and on-site sewage disposal system of a building a plumber or drainer;
- in relation to the design of the plumbing and drainage works and on-site sewage disposal systems – a plumber and drainer (design),

who is a registered building practitioner under the Act.

Part 5 Protection of adjoining property

22 Protection of adjoining property

- (1) Where an excavation or demolition is to be made in proximity to an existing building that building shall be protected to ensure stability.
- (2) Where the foundation of an existing building is of material likely to become unstable as a result of the excavation of adjoining ground additional precautions to the satisfaction of the building certifier shall be taken to ensure stability.

Part 6 Enforcement of building standards

23 Forms of building notice, building order

- (1) A building notice shall be in the form of Form 1 in Schedule 3.
- (2) A building order shall be in the form of Form 2 in Schedule 3.

24 Management and fire evacuation training

The matters prescribed for the purposes of section 116(2) are directions relating to:

- (a) the management and operation of the building; and
- (b) the training with respect to fire evacuation procedures to be undertaken by the occupants.

Notification, cancellation or amendment of building order

- (1) A building certifier who makes a building order shall notify the Director within 48 hours of the making of the building order.
- (2) The Director is taken to have refused a request for the amendment or cancellation of a building order if the Director has not decided the request within 10 days after the day on which the request is made.

Part 7 Appeals

26 Enforcement of determination

(1) An appeal, referral or application to the Building Appeals Board shall be in the approved form and shall set out the grounds of appeal or in the case of a referral or application shall set out the matter the subject of the referral or application.

- (2) A person who makes an appeal, referral or application shall serve a copy of the appeal, referral or application on the other party to the appeal, referral or application, as the case requires, not later than 2 days after lodging the appeal, referral or application at the office of the Building Appeals Board.
- (3) The prescribed court under section 142 of the Act for the purposes of the enforcement of determinations of the Building Appeals Board is the local court.

Part 8 General enforcement provision

27 Recovery of penalties

Proceedings for an offence against the Act are to be dealt with by a court of summary jurisdiction constituted by a magistrate.

28 Orders to be enforced by local court

An order referred to in section 152 is to be enforced in the local court.

29 Notice of authorisation

The Minister shall issue a notice of authorisation to each person appointed as an authorised officer under section 162 of the Act and the holder shall produce the notice whenever required to do so by a person in charge of any premises in relation to which the authorised person has exercised or is about to exercise his or her powers under the Act.

Part 9 Siting requirements

30 Interpretation

- (1) In this Part, unless the contrary intention appears, *siting* includes plot ratio, site coverage and set-back.
- (2) Where the corner of an allotment has been truncated, the area of the allotment shall, for the purposes of this Part, include the area of the truncated part.

31 Application

This Part does not apply to or in relation to the siting of a Class 1 or Class 10 Building in any part of the Territory in relation which there is in force a control plan or interim development control order under the *Planning Act* which makes provision for the siting of such buildings.

32 Minimum distances for class 1 or class 10 buildings

Subject to these regulations, a Class 1 or Class 10 Building shall be situated on an allotment not less than:

- (a) 7.5 m from the street alignment of a primary street;
- (b) where the allotment has a frontage to more than one street 2.5 m from the street alignment of the secondary street; and
- (c) 1.5 m from boundaries other than the street alignments referred to in paragraphs (a) or (b).

33 Exceptions

- (1) A verandah, carport, pergola or other approved building, constructed without external walls, may be constructed less than 7.5 m from the street alignment of a primary street, but no part of the building shall be constructed less than 4.5 m from that street alignment unless approved.
- (2) The requirements of regulation 32(c) do not apply to or in relation to a garden shed, to be constructed on an allotment less than 1.5 m from a side or rear boundary of the allotment, that:
 - (a) is not more than 6 m² in area;
 - (b) is not more than 2.3 m in height;
 - (c) has no openings in its walls which adjoin a boundary; and
 - (d) does not discharge rainwater on an adjacent allotment.

Minimum distance for a class 1 building in municipality of Palmerston

Regulation 32 does not apply to or in relation to a Class 1 Building in the Municipality of Palmerston, and such a building in the Municipality shall be situated on an allotment not less than:

(a) 7.5 m from the street alignment of a primary street;

- (b) where the allotment has a frontage to more than one street –2.5 m from the street alignment of the secondary street;
- (c) 5 m from the rear boundary of the allotment; and
- (d) 3 m from any other boundary.

35 More than one class 1 building on one allotment

A person shall not construct more than one Class 1 Building on an allotment except where:

- (a) consent to do so is conferred by a control plan or interim development control order; or
- (b) the allotment is not less than 4 ha in area, not more than 2 buildings are constructed and both buildings comply with the Regulations in this Part in relation to siting requirements for separate sites.

36 Plot ratio of class 1 buildings

- (1) Where a Class 1 Building or a Class 1 Building and one or more Class 10 Buildings are constructed on an allotment the total roofed area shall not exceed 50 per cent of the area of the allotment unless consent to exceed that per centage is conferred by a control plan or interim development control order under the *Planning Act*.
- (2) For the purposes of calculating the roofed area for the purposes of subregulation (1) the area of a verandah, carport, pergola or other building on the site that has no external walls may be excluded.

Part 10 Areas liable to flooding

37 Flood prone areas

The parts of the Territory included in Schedule 4 are prescribed as flood prone areas.

38 Flood levels

- (1) Subject to a determination under this regulation, the flood level for a flood prone area is the flood level for a 1 in 100 year flood level.
- (2) The Director may by notice in the *Gazette* determine the flood level in relation to any flood prone area.
- (3) A notice under subregulation (1) may be amended or revoked by the Director by notice in the *Gazette*.

(4) A notice under this regulation may be given in relation to a flood prone area generally or any part of such an area.

39 Requirements in flood prone areas

The following provisions apply in relation to a building constructed in a flood prone area:

- (a) the height of the lowest floor level, or lowest part of the floor level, of a habitable room shall be not less than 300 mm above the flood level for the flood prone area;
- (b) the structural design of the building shall be adequate to withstand flooding and for this purpose special consideration shall be given to:
 - (i) the site, size and shape of the building;
 - (ii) the effect of buoyancy on the sub-structure of the building; and
 - (iii) the stresses that the depth and velocity of water and the impact of water borne debris may have on the structure.

Part 11 Miscellaneous

40 Building practitioner to be insured

The registration of a person, firm or body corporate as a building practitioner is subject to the condition that the person, firm or body corporate hold a policy of professional indemnity insurance of a type or of an amount, or both, as approved by the Practitioners Board.

41 Fees

The fees set out in Schedule 1 are payable in relation to the matters specified in that schedule.

42 Offences

A person who contravenes any of the provisions of these regulations commits an offence.

Penalty: \$10,000 and in the case of a continuing offence an additional penalty of \$1,000 for each day during which the offence continues.

43 Transitional

Where the Practitioners Board is satisfied on application made in accordance with the Act and these regulations that a person:

- (a) is eligible for accreditation as an assistant building surveyor, by the Building Surveyors and Allied Professions Accreditation Board, or has knowledge and experience, that is in the opinion of the Practitioners Board equivalent for such accreditation, or is the holder of a degree related to building construction, awarded by an Australian tertiary education institution, or a qualification that is in the opinion of the Practitioners Board equivalent to such a degree;
- (b) has had three years practical experience in building work in the Northern Territory relating to Class 1 Buildings, Class 10 Buildings and Class 2 Buildings not exceeding 3 residential storeys under the repealed Act; and
- (c) has had knowledge of the statutory requirements relating to building work in the Northern Territory,

the Practitioners Board may permit the person to act as a building certifier for a period of 3 years commencing from the commencement of the Act.

Schedule 1

regulation 41

		\$
1	For an application to the Building Practitioners B registration as a Building Practitioner	Board for
	(a) in the case of an individual	100.00
	(b) in the case of a firm or corporation	150.00
2	For carrying out any function by the Director, full reasonable costs of exercising the function	I
3	For a search of the register of building permits	5.00
4	For a search of the register of occupancy permit	ts 5.00
5	For access to building records maintained by the Director	e 5.00
6	Copies of building records maintained by the Dir	rector
	– per A4 page	1.50
	per sheet of drawings	5.00
7	For a search of the register of building orders	5.00
8	For an appeal to the Building Appeals Board:	
	 in the case of a Class 1 Building, a Class Building not exceeding 3 residential store Class 10 Building 	
	(b) in the case of any other Building	200.00
9	For an application (other than an application relative modification of Part 9 of the <i>Building Regula</i> relation to a Class 1 or Class 10 Building) to the Appeals Board for modification of the <i>Building Regulations</i> – for each modification:	<i>tions</i> in
	 in the case of a Class 1 Building, a Class Building not exceeding 3 residential store Class 10 Building 	

	(b)	in the case of any other building	200.00
9A	to the	n application to the Building Appeals Board relating e modification of Part 9 of the <i>Building Regulations</i> ation to a Class 1 or Class 10 Building	50.00
10	For a Board	n inspection of a decision of the Building Appeals	10.00
11	For a	copy of a decision of the Building Appeals Board – age	1.50

Schedule 2

regulation 8

Column 1 Reporting Authority	Column 2 Building or building work	Column 3 Matter to be reported on
Fire Service Authority of the Northern Territory established under the Fire Service Act	Any building to be classified as a class 2 building that has more than three residential storeys and any building to be classified as a Class 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 building.	Emergency vehicle areas and clear space around large isolated buildings. Fire fighting equipment. Smoke control. Emergency lighting, exit signs and warning devices.
	Special hazard buildings including: Aircraft Hangars; Cotton Mills; Distilleries; Film and television studios; High Pile storage warehouses (combustible materials);	Maintenance and testings of fire suppression equipment. Heating appliances, fire-places, chimneys and flues. Fire and smoke control systems in buildings containing atriums. Smoke control systems for theatres.
	Buildings where the following materials are to be produced, used or stored: Celluloid Goods; Fire works; Fibre glass products; Foam Rubber; Foam Plastics; Chemicals; Paint, varnish; Woodwool.	
Chief Medical Officer appointed under the <i>Public</i>	Special Use Buildings including: Food premises;	Parts H101, H102 and H103 of the Building Code of Australia.
Health Act	Premises to be used for activities involving Skin Penetration; Mortuaries.	Those matters relating to the registration of the premises under relevant Health Legislation;

approval of sewage disposal system

Any building: to be classified as a Class 3 building; - to be classified as a Class 9a building; to be used a child minding facility; – to be used for the purposes of carrying out Hairdressing; other than a class 1 building or a class 10 building that is ancillary to a class 1 building that is to be serviced by an on site sewage disposal

system.

Work Health
Authority
established under
the Work Health Act

Any building: to be used for the purposes of an educational workroom, abrasive blasting chamber, spray painting booth or laboratory; – to be used for the storage of dangerous goods as defined by the Dangerous Goods Act, - that is to contain a lift, escalator or moving walkway; that is constructed of scaffold that is to be used as a spectator stand.

Those matters relating to the Work Health Regulations.

Power and Water Authority established under the Power and Water Authority Act Any building:

– requiring connection to a power water or sewerage main of the

Authority;

requiring an on site
electrical substation;
that will encroach on
the safety clearances of
an overhead powerline as

For consent to connect to a power, water or sewerage main of the Authority; approval of the size and location of an electrical substation; consent to any encroachment

specified;

 requiring the installation of trade waste interceptors or discharge of trade waste to the sewer. consent to any interceptor or discharge.

The relevant authority (either the Minister or the Northern Territory Planning Authority) in relation to a control plan or interim development control order under the *Planning Act*

Any building subject to the compliance with Planning controls, planning instrument or conditional consent, under the *Planning Act* Compliance with -

- (a) relevant control clauses under a planning instrument; or
- (b) conditions placed on a consent given by the relevant consent authority,

under the Planning Act.

Department of Transport and Works having responsibility for roads under the Control of Roads Act

Any building:

- that will effect a
discharge of surface
water onto the road; or

- requires any new
construction or any
alteration to existing
conditions or facilities
within the road reserve.

Consent to:

- the discharge;
- the construction or alteration within the road reserve.

Council of the municipality in which the building is situated, or, where there is no such council, the Department of Transport and Works having responsibility for roads and stormwater drainage under the Local Government

Act

Any building:

– that will effect a
discharge of surface
water onto the road,
public place or adjoining
property; or

– requiring any new

 requiring any new construction or any alteration to existing conditions or facilities within a road reserve. Consent to:

- the discharge;
- the construction or alteration within the road reserve.

Schedule 3

regulation 23

FORM 1

NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA BUILDING NOTICE

LOT/PORTION NO.			
OWNER/AGENT:			
An inspection of the abovementi existence of:-	oned land on	has revealed the	
Therefore you are required to:-			
Comments (if any)			
Further information on this matter	is available from:-		
Telephone:			
PERSON SIGNING THIS NOTICE	 E		
dated this	day of	19	

FORM 2

Schedule 4 Flood prone areas

regulation 37

The areas prescribed as flood prone areas under Schedule 1 clause 9 of the Act are the areas included within a black border on the numbered maps specified below held in the office of the Director.

Adelaide River	Map Adelaide River	No BBADR 001
Alice Springs (Greater Area)	Map Alice Springs	No BBASP 001
Boroloola	Map Boroloola	No BBBOR 001
Darwin (Greater Area)	Map Darwin	No BBDAR 001
Katherine	Map Katherine	No BBKAT 001
Namarada	Map Namarada	No BBDAR 002
Timber Creek	Map Timber Creek	No BBTIM 001

Schedule 5 Modifications to the National Plumbing Code

regulation 4

- 1. (1) Clauses 2 to 5 apply to any part of the Territory to which Parts 2 to 14 of the Act apply.
 - (2) Clauses 7 and 8 apply only in relation to the parts of the Territory included in the Darwin Water Supply District as declared under the Water Supply and Sewerage Act.
- 2. Swimming Pool Discharge. (AS 3500 Part 2 10.9.)
 - (1) A domestic swimming pool must not be connected to a sewer main.
 - (2) A swimming pool, other than a domestic swimming pool, must not be connected to a sewer main without the approval of the Power and Water Authority.
- 3. Inspection Openings. (AS 3500 2.4.7.1.)

An inspection opening to surface must be installed in the following circumstances:

- (a) At the connection to the Power and Water Authority's sewer in accordance with the Authority's relevant standard drawing or other surround approved by the Authority;
- (b) Where a new section of drain is to be connected to an existing drain; or
- (c) As required by Power and Water Authority.
- 4. Overflow Relief Gullies. (AS 3500 Part 2 2.4.6.6.6)
 - (a) Height below lowest fixture. (AS 3500 Part 2 clause 4.6.6.6)

A minimum height of 100 mm shall be maintained between the top of the overflow gully riser and the lowest fixture connected to the drain.

(b) Height above surrounding ground. (AS 3500 Part 2 clause 4.6.6.7.)

The minimum height between the top of the overflow gully riser and the surrounding natural ground surface level shall be 150 mm, except where the gully riser is located in a path or a paved area, where it shall be finished at a level so as to prevent the ponding and ingress of water.

5. Installation of Cisterns. (AS 3500 Part 1 clause 9.5)

Where a cistern is installed as part of building it shall be a dual flush cistern conforming to AS 1218 or an equivalent cistern approved by the Power and Water Authority.

6. Isolating valves. (AS 3500 Part 1 clause 5.4)

Where the water supply on an allotment serves more than one dwelling from a main line a readily accessible isolating valve shall be installed for each dwelling so that the water supply of any dwelling can be turned off without affecting the water supply to the other dwelling or dwellings being served by the main line.

7. Pressure Relief and Venting of Water Heaters and Containers. (AS 3500 Part 4 4.8(c)(ii).)

An expansion control valve is not required to be fitted to an unvented heater.

8. Domestic Clothes Washing Machine. (AS 3500 Part 2 clause 11.26.1.)

A clothes washing machine must not discharge into a floor waste gully.

ENDNOTES

KEY 1

Key to abbreviations

amd = amended od = orderapp = appendix om = omitted bl = by-law pt = Part ch = Chapter r = regulation/rule cl = clause rem = remainder div = Division renum = renumbered exp = expires/expired rep = repealed s = sectionf = forms sch = Schedule Gaz = Gazette hdq = heading sdiv = Subdivision ins = inserted

SL = Subordinate Legislation

It = long title sub = substituted nc = not commenced

2 LIST OF LEGISLATION

Building Regulations (SL No. 26, 1993)

Notified 1 September 1993 Commenced 1 September 1993

Amendments of the Building Regulations (SL No. 39, 1993)

10 November 1993 Notified 10 November 1993 Commenced

Amendments of Building Regulations (SL No. 34, 1995)

Notified 4 October 1995 Commenced 4 October 1995

Amendment of Building Regulations (SL No. 26, 1997)

7 January 1998 Notified 7 January 1998 Commenced

3 LIST OF AMENDMENTS

r 2	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2; No. 26, 1997
r 3	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 5	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 10	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 11	amd No. 39, 1993, r 2
r 12	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 14	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 18	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 24	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
r 26	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
rr 28 – 29	amd No. 34, 1995, r
r 31	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
rr 35 – 36	amd No. 34, 1995, r 2
sch 1	amd No. 39, 1993, r 3
sch 2	amd No. 34, 1995, r 1

sch 3 – 4 amd No. 34, 1995, r 2